=> file hcaplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 1.05 1.05

FILL ESTIMATED COST

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 19 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 12 FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Mar 2008 (20080318/ED)

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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s (acyl or acetyl or propionoyl or succinoyl or benzoyl)(3a)(pyrimidine or cytosine or thymidine or uracil)

111143 ACYL

166335 ACETYL

24 PROPIONOYL

453 SUCCINOYL 81665 BENZOYL

57529 PYRIMIDINE

27021 CYTOSINE

55580 THYMIDINE

27504 URACIL

605 (ACYL OR ACETYL OR PROPIONOYL OR SUCCINOYL OR BENZOYL) (3A) (PYRIM IDINE OR CYTOSINE OR THYMIDINE OR URACIL)

=> s prodrug or chemotherap? or antiviral

12677 PRODRUG

103509 CHEMOTHERAP?

65497 ANTIVIRAL

175511 PRODRUG OR CHEMOTHERAP? OR ANTIVIRAL

=> s toxicity or (side effect) or (adverse effect)

360225 TOXICITY

642918 SIDE

4882201 EFFECT

13999 SIDE EFFECT

(SIDE (W) EFFECT)

98873 ADVERSE

4882201 EFFECT

17727 ADVERSE EFFECT

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(ADVERSE (W) EFFECT)
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L4
=> s 11 and 13
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).
=> d 19 1-6 ti abs bib
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y
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- L9 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated

pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.

AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

131:281604 DN

TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral

agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent LA English

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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L9
- Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acvlated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described. 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN
- DN 126:139905
- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acvlated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- TN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

US 1993-61381 B2 19930514 <--

- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent LA English

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US 1993-176485 A2 19931230 <--
AU 1995-29150 A3 19950630 <--
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AU 1999-52624 A3 19991001 <--
AU 2002-320811 A3 20021223
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- L9 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic

agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral

administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol.

toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Effects of other derivs. are also presented. Synthesis of ethoxycarbonyluridine is included. 1995:756200 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

- AN 1995:756200 DN 123:160865
- TI Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

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PI	WO 9426761 W: AU, CA, JP,	A1 19941124	WO 1993-US12689	19931230 <
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PRAI	AU 2005232288 US 1993-61381	A1 20051201 A 19930514	<	20051110
	IN 1992-CA473 WO 1993-US12689 AU 1995-29150	A1 19920706 W 19931230 A3 19950630	<	
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US	MARENI 123:100003			

- L9 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral
- agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides AB The toxicity of antiviral and antineoplastic agents,

resulting from their damage to the hematopoietic system or mucosal tissue, is prevented or treated with acylated derives of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These derives may themselves be antineoplastic, antiviral, or antimalarial agents; they may be administered together with inhibitors of uridine phosphorylase, of cytidine deaminase, or of nucleotide transport. Thus, oral administration of triacetyluridine

(500 mg/kg 8 times in 2 days) rescued mice from the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil (150 mg/kg i.p.), as shown by leukocyte and platelet counts.

AN 1993:205218 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 118:205218

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral
- agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 130 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English FAN.CNT 13

11114.	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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	ES 2160579	T3 2001111	JP 1993-502244  AT 1992-914215 ES 1992-914215	19920625 <
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	WO 1992-US5324	A 1992062		
	IN 1992-CA473		<	
	AU 1995-29150			
	AU 1999-52624	A3 1999100	<	
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OS	MARPAT 118:205218			

L9 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤI Potent anti-HIV and anti-HBV activities of (-)-L-β-dioxolane-C and (+)-L-β-dioxolane-T and their asymmetric syntheses

- The asym. syntheses of (+)-L- $\beta$ -dioxolane-T (I; R = Me, R1 = OH) and  $(-)-L-\beta$ -dioxolane-C (I; R= H, R1 = NH2) were accomplished starting from 1,6-anhydro-L-β-gulopyranose (II), and their anti-HIV and anti-HBV activities were evaluated in human PBM cells, CEM cells and 2.2.15 cells, resp.
- 1993:60030 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN
- DN 118:60030
- ΤI Potent anti-HIV and anti-HBV activities of (-)-L-β-dioxolane-C and (+)-L-β-dioxolane-T and their asymmetric syntheses
- Kim, Hea O.; Shanmuganathan, Kirupathevy; Alves, Antonio J.; Jeong, Lak AU S.; Beach, J. Warren; Schinazi, Raymond F.; Chang, Chien Neng; Cheng, Yung Chi; Chu, Chung K.
  - Coll. Pharm., Univ. Georgia, Athens, GA, 30602, USA
- Tetrahedron Letters (1992), 33(46), 6899-902
- CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- Journal
- English LA
- os CASREACT 118:60030
- ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN L9
- Studies on the syntheses of heterocyclic compounds. 845. Studies on the synthesis of chemotherapeutics. 10. Synthesis and antitumor activity of N-acyl- and N-(alkoxycarbonyl)-5-fluorouracil derivatives

- A number of N-acvl and N-(alkoxycarbonvl)-5-fluorouracil derivs, possessing, e.g. Bz, o-toluoyl, Ac, MeCH2CO, heptanoyl, EtO2C, PhO2C, and PhCH2O2C groups as N1 and/or N3 substituents were prepared, and their antitumor activities were evaluated. Direct and two-step acylation of 5-fluorouracil (I) and by selective deacetylation of 3-substituted 1-acety1-5-fluorouracil gave the desired compds. Several 3-benzoy1- and 3-o-toluoyl-5-fluorouracil derivs. showed significant activity against exptl. tumors. II retained higher activity toward various tumors, with lower toxicity and good blood level, than I or 1-(2-tetrahydrofuryl)-5-fluorourocil even for oral administration.
- AN 1980:620691 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DN 93:220691
- OREF 93:35239a,35242a
- TI Studies on the syntheses of heterocyclic compounds. 845. Studies on the

- synthesis of chemotherapeutics. 10. Synthesis and antitumor activity of N-acyl- and N-(alkoxycarbonyl)-5-fluorouracil derivatives AU Kametani, Tetsuji; Kigasawa, Kazuo; Hiiragi, Mineharu; Wakisaka, Kikuo; Haga. Seiji; Nacamatsu, Yasuo; Sugi, Hideo; Fukwaw, Kazunaga; Irino.
- Osamu; et al. CS Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1980), 23(12), 1324-9 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- OT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 93:220691

=> d his

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 14:52:42 ON 19 MAR 2008)

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L3 386993 S TOXICITY OR (SIDE EFFECT) OR (ADVERSE EFFECT)

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L5 11 S L1 AND L3

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L8 9 S L5 AND (PY<2000 OR AY<2000 OR PRY<2000)
L9 6 S L6 AND (PY<2000 OR AY<2000 OR PRY<2000)

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:56:16 ON 19 MAR 2008

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 14:56:17 ON 19 MAR 2008

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Connecting via Winsock to STN

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LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

## PASSWORD:

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 19 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 12 FILE LAST UPDATED: 18 Mar 2008 (20080318/ED)

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- L10 ANSWER 1 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DN 131:281604
- ΤI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K. IN Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- PA
- U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485. SO CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent DT
- English LA
- FAN.CNT 13

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- L10 ANSWER 2 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and
  - antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the
- adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described. AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DN 126:139905
- Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent
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AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223			

L10 ANSWER 3 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN TI Preparation of dideoxynucleosides as antiviral agents



- AB The title compds. I (R = H; R1 = H, S1H3, C6-18 aralky1, C1-12 acyl or alkyl; B = pyrimidine, imidazole, or triazole base bonded to sugar residue at 1-position or purine base bonded to sugar residue at 9-position), having antiviral activity and useful in treatment of AlDS (no data), are prepared by conversion of I (R = OH) to deoxynucleosides II or III (R1, B same as I; R2 = H, C1-12 acyl; X = halo) and reduction of the resulting compds. with H in presence of Pd and alkalis in H2O-organic solvents. Thus, II (R1 = R2 = Ac, B = adenin-9-y1, X = Br), Pd/C, Na2CO3, and AcONa were stirred in MeCN-H2O under bubbling H at room temperature for 2 h to give 73.5% 5'-acetyl-2',3'-dideoxyadenosine, whose hydrolysis by aqueous NaOH at room temperature for 1 h gave 69.2% 2',3'-dideoxyadenosine
- AN 1990:532720 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> DN 113:132720
- TI Preparation of dideoxynucleosides as antiviral agents
- IN Shiragami, Hiroshi; Irie, Yasuo; Iwagami, Toshio
- PA Ajinomoto Co., Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAI DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- LA Japanes

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PI	JP 02117689	A	19900502	JP 1988-310131	19881209 <						
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PRAI	JP	1988-170963	A1	19880711	<
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- CASREACT 113:132720; MARPAT 113:132720
- L10 ANSWER 4 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Preparation of 1-(2',3'-dideoxvervthro-hex-2'-enopyranosyl)uracil derivatives as radiosensitizers, anticancer agents, and antiviral agents
- For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
- AB The title compds. (I; R1 = H, acyl; R2 = H, F, C1, Br, Me, NO2), useful as radiosensitizers, anticancer agents, and antiviral agents, are prepared by condensation of D-glucal derivs. (II; R3 = acyl) with silylated uracil derivs. (III or IV) followed optionally by acylation. Thus, a reaction product of uracil with MeC(OSiMe3):NSiMe3 was dissolved in MeCN and tri-O-acetyl-D-glucal was added followed by SnC12 dropwise. The mixture was allowed to react to give 77.5% I (R1 = Ac, R2 = H) which was treated with NaOMe in MeOH to give 78.30% I (R1 = R2 = H). Twelve I showed LD50 values of 700-1250 mg/kg i.p. or i.v. after 14 days from the administration to mice. When 1/10 amount of LD50 values was administered to mice transplanted with Ehrlich's ascites carcinoma. I gave average number of survival days of 21.4-26.4 vs. 19.0 for the control. I in vitro at 100 μg/mL inhibited the infection of vero cells (monkey kidney cells) with herpes simplex virus type I.
- 1990:36386 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN
- DN 112:36386
- TI Preparation of 1-(2',3'-dideoxyerythro-hex-2'-enopyranosyl)uracil derivatives as radiosensitizers, anticancer agents, and antiviral agents
- Suzuki, Toshimitsu; Sakaquchi, Shoichi; Myata, Yoshuki; Mori, Tomoyuki TN
- PA Pola Chemical Industries, Inc., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAF
- Patent
- Τ.Δ Jananaca

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	PATENT NO.	ENT NO. KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 01139596	A	19890601	JP 1987-296841	19871125 <
PRAI	JP 1987-296841		19871125	<	
OS	MARPAT 112:36386				

- MARPAT 112:36386
- L10 ANSWER 5 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
  - Synthesis and biological properties of purine and pyrimidine 5'-deoxy-5'-(dihydroxyphosphinyl)-β-D-ribofuranosyl analogs of AMP, GMP, IMP, and CMP

ΔR Me 2,3-0-isopropylidene-D-ribofuranoside was converted to 1-O-acetyl-5-bromo-5-deoxy-2,3-di-O-benzoyl-D-ribofuranose I in 5 steps with good yield. The Arbuzov condensation of I with tri-Et phosphite resulted in the synthesis of 1-0-acety1-2,3-di-0-benzoy1-5-deoxy-5-(diethoxyphosphinyl)-D-ribofuranose (II). Compound II was used for direct glycosylation of both purine and pyrimidine bases. The glycosylation was accomplished with the dry silylated heterocyclic base in the presence of trimethylsilyl triflate. Deblocking of the glycosylation products gave exclusively the  $\beta$  anomer of the 5'-phosphonate analogs of 9-[5'-deoxy-5'-(dihydroxyphosphinyl)-β-D-ribofuranosyl)adenine (III),  $9-[5'-deoxy-5'-dihydroxyphosphinyl-\beta-D-ribofuranosyl]guanosine (IV),$ 9-[5'-deoxy-5'-(dihydroxyphosphinyl)-β-D-ribofuranosyl]hypoxanthine, and 1-[5'-deoxy-5'-(dihydroxyphosphinyl]cytosine (V), described here for the first time. The target compds. as well as their intermediates showed no in vitro antiviral or antitumor activity, although phosphorylation of IV and V to di- and triphosphate analogs was demonstrated with use of isolated cellular enzymes.

AN 1989:232013 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 110:232013

- TI Synthesis and biological properties of purine and pyrimidine 5'-deoxy-5'-(dihydroxyphosphinyl)-β-D-ribofuranosyl analogs of AMP, GMP, IMP, and GMP
- AU Raju, Natarajan; Smee, Donald F.; Robins, Roland K.; Vaghefi, Morteza M.
- CS Nucleic Acid Res. Inst., Costa Mesa, CA, USA
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1989), 32(6), 1307-13 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 110:232013
- L10 ANSWER 6 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Acetylenic nucleosides. 4. 1-(R-D-Arabinofuranosyl)-5ethynylcytosine. Improved synthesis and evaluation of biochemical and antiviral properties

$$\begin{array}{c} \text{NH}_2\\ \text{N}\\ \text{C} \equiv \text{CH}\\ \\ \text{O}\\ \text{HO}\\ \text{OH} \end{array}$$

- AB The title nucleoside was prepared from 1-(2,3,5-tri-O-acetyl -B-D-arabinofuranosyl) cytosine by iodination followed by coupling with (trimethylsilyl)acetylene and deblocking. At 50 µM, I inhibited the in vitro replication of herpes simplex virus type 1 and type 2 by >99%. I also showed activity against a strain of BSV-I resistant to (B)-5-(2-bromovinyl)-2'-deoxyuridine which has an alteration of the virus-induced thymidine kinase (TK). At 100 µM, I did not inhibit the in vitro growth of leukemia L1210 and HeLa cells. I was resistant to the action of dCR-CR deaminase, its rate of deamination being approx. 2% that of dCR. I was a poor substrate for dCR kinase, but it was phosphorylated by HSV-1- and HSV-2-induced TKs at 50% and 30%, resp., of the rate of thymidine.
- AN 1987:576402 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DN 107:176402
- TI Acetylenic nucleosides. 4. 1-(β-D-Arabinofuranosyl)-5ethynylcyosine. Improved synthesis and evaluation of biochemical and antiviral properties
- AU Bobek, Miroslav; Kavai, I.; Sharma, R. A.; Grill, S.; Dutschman, G.; Cheng, Y. C.
- CS Grace Cancer Drug Cent., Roswell Park Mem. Inst., Buffalo, NY, 14263, USA
- SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1987), 30(11), 2154-7 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623
- DT Journal LA English
- OS CASREACT 107:176402
- L10 ANSWER 7 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Anticancer and antiviral 5-fluorouracil derivatives and a process for preparing them

The title compds. [I; R = C1-10 alkyl; R1 = cyano, CO2H; R2 = oxolaneAB derivs.; R3 = H, C2-10 acyl], useful as virucides and anticancer agents, were prepared by reaction of the corresponding uracil derivs. with acyl hypofluorites RCO2F. Ten percent F in N (18 mmol) was passed into a vigorously stirred mixture of 4 mL AcOH and 1.2 g AcONa in 100 mL CCl3F in Me2CO-dry ice bath and the resulting mixture containing AcOF was added at room temperature to a stirred solution of 1 mmol 3,4-di-O-acetyl-5-cyano-2deoxyuridine in 40 mL C12CH2. The mixture was stirred for 1 h to give 52% a 2-deoxyuridine derivative (II). II at 20 µg/mL inhibited the proliferation of leukemia L1210 cells by ≤90%.

- AN 1987:554698 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DN 107:154698
- ΤI Anticancer and antiviral 5-fluorouracil derivatives and a
- process for preparing them
- IN Shimokawa, Kazuhiro; Yamamoto, Sadahiro
- PA Daikin Industries, Ltd., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 62138482	A	19870622	JP 1985-279497	19851212 <
PRAI	JP 1985-279497		19851212	<	
OS	CASREACT 107:154698				

- L10 ANSWER 8 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- 1-[3-Hydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)-4-cyclopenten-1-y]-N-acylcytosine derivatives

- The title analogs (I; R = H, OH; R1 = acyl), useful as antitumor and AB antiviral agents (no data), were prepared Thus, a mixture of I (R = OH; R1 = H) and behenic anhydride in aqueous dioxane was heated at 70° for 7 h to give I [R = OH; R1 = CO(CH2)20Me].
- 1986:609347 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN
- DN 105:209347
- OREF 105:33771a,33774a
- ΤI 1-[3-Hydroxy-4-(hydroxymethyl)-4-cyclopenten-1-y]-N-acylcytosine derivatives
- ΤN Ono, Masaji; Arita, Masafumi; Fukukawa, Seishi
- PA Yoshitomi Pharmaceutical Industries, Ltd., Japan; Toyo Jozo Co., Ltd. SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAF
- Patent
- Japanese LA

PAN.CNI	1							
PA	TENT NO.	KIND	DATE	A	PP	LICATION NO.	DATE	
				-				
	61087673 1984-210150	A	19860506 19841006			1984-210150	19841006	<

- L10 ANSWER 9 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Nucleic acid related compounds. 47. Synthesis and biological activities of pyrimidine and purine "acyclic" nucleoside analogs
- HM HC
- Various acyclic, i.e., (2-hydroxyethoxy)methyl and (2acetoxyethoxy)methyl, analogs of pyrimidine and purine nucleosides were prepared and evaluated for their antiviral, antimetabolic, and cytotoxic properties. All of the pyrimidine analogs, including (E)-5-(2-bromoviny1)-1-[(2-hydroxyethoxy)methyl]uracil and its O-acetyl derivative, were virtually devoid of antiviral,

cytotoxic, and antimetabolic activities. However, several of the 8-substituted derive. of (I) had higher antiviral specificity in vitro than the parent drug. The 8-methyl-, 8-brono-, and 8-iodoacyclovir derivs. have sufficient activities to warrant further investigation.

AN 1985:204213 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 102:204213

OREF 102:32021a,32024a

TI Nucleic acid related compounds. 47. Synthesis and biological activities of pyrimidine and purine "acyclic" nucleoside analogs
AU Robins, Morris J.: Hatfield, Peter W.: Balzarini, Jan; De Clercq, Erik

CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2G2, Can.

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1984), 27(11), 1486-92

CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

Т

DT Journal

LA English

L10 ANSWER 10 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Evaluation of 2,2'-anhydro-1-(3'-0-acety1-β-D-arabinofuranosy1)-5iodocytosine hydrochloride and related compounds as antineoplastic and antiviral agents

G1

AB 2,2'-Anhydro-1-(3'-O-acetyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)-5-iodocytosine-HCl (I) [51391-98-1] was purified and characterized. The antineoplastic, antiviral and biochem. potencies of I was compared with the structurally related agents 2,2'-anhydro-1-(3'-0-acetyl -β-D-arabinofuranosyl) cytosine (II) [60827-79-4] and 2,2'-anhydro-1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)-5-iodocytosine (III) [42386-74-3]. The presence of the 5-iodo substituent and/or the 3'-O-acetyl group did not alter the capacity of these agents to exert cytotoxic and antineoplastic activity against L1210, P388, L5178Y and human leukemia cells and against human colon and rectal carcinomas, as well as antiviral activity against herpes simplex virus Type 1. All of the compds. caused inhibition of [3H]thymidine incorporation into the DNA of L1210 cells in culture, with I being significantly less inhibitory than the other derivs. Little or no interference with RNA and protein synthesis was produced by these pyrimidine nucleosides. Both I and III were potent inhibitors of the activity of DNA polymerase a from the L1210 leukemia at the nucleoside level, whereas II and 2,2'anhydro-1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)cytosine [31698-14-3] were non-inhibitory; none of the agents caused inactivation of DNA polymerase β. Apparently, the antineoplastic and antiviral activities of the 2,2'-anhydro-arabinosylcytosine nucleosides may be the result of biochem. actions different from those of araC [147-94-4].

AN 1981:132009 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 94:132009

OREF 94:21427a,21430a

TI Evaluation of 2.2'-anhydro-1-(3'-O-acetyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)-5iodocytosine hydrochloride and related compounds as antineoplastic and antiviral agents AU

Itoh, Yuko H.; Chu, Ming Y.; Chang, Pauline K.; Allaudeen, H. S.; Sartorelli, Alan C.

Sch. Med., Yale Univ., New Haven, CT, 06510, USA

SO Chemico-Biological Interactions (1981), 33(2-3), 215-27

CODEN: CBINA8; ISSN: 0009-2797 DT Journal

LA

English

L10 ANSWER 11 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤТ Studies on the syntheses of heterocyclic compounds. 845. Studies on the synthesis of chemotherapeutics. 10. Synthesis and antitumor activity of N-acyl- and N-(alkoxycarbonyl)-5-fluorouracil derivatives

A number of N-acyl and N-(alkoxycarbonyl)-5-fluorouracil derivs. possessing, e.g. Bz, o-toluoyl, Ac, MeCH2CO, heptanoyl, EtO2C, PhO2C, and PhCH2O2C groups as N1 and/or N3 substituents were prepared, and their antitumor activities were evaluated. Direct and two-step acylation of 5-fluorouracil (I) and by selective deacetylation of 3-substituted 1-acety1-5-fluorouracil gave the desired compds. Several 3-benzoy1- and 3-o-toluoyl-5-fluorouracil derivs. showed significant activity against exptl. tumors. II retained higher activity toward various tumors, with lower toxicity and good blood level, than I or 1-(2-tetrahydrofury1)-5fluorourocil even for oral administration.

AN 1980:620691 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 93:220691

OREF 93:35239a,35242a

Studies on the syntheses of heterocyclic compounds. 845. Studies on the synthesis of chemotherapeutics. 10. Synthesis and antitumor activity of N-acyl- and N-(alkoxycarbonyl)-5-fluorouracil derivatives

AU Kametani, Tetsuji, Kigasawa, Kazuo, Hiiragi, Mineharu, Wakisaka, Kikuo, Haga, Seiji: Nagamatsu, Yasuo: Sugi, Hideo: Fukawa, Kazunaga: Irino, Osamu; et al.

Pharm. Inst., Tohoku Univ., Sendai, 980, Japan

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1980), 23(12), 1324-9 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

DT Journal

LA English

CASREACT 93:220691 OS

L10 ANSWER 12 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤТ 5-Formyl-2'-deoxyuridine: Cytostatic and antiviral properties and possible modes of action

II, R=Ac, R1=Me

- 5-Formyl-2'-deoxyuridine (I) [4494-26-2], prepared by radical bromination of 3',5'-di-O-(acetyl)thymidine (II) [6979-97-1] followed by hydrolysis in aqueous pyridine, at a concentration of 1 + 10-4 M, produced 80-100% inhibition of proliferation of BHK 21/C 13 and Ehrlich ascites tumor cells and a decrease in pseudorabies virus vield by more than 3 orders of magnitude. Thymidine (III) [50-89-5], in concns. 1/10 that of I, abolished the cytostatic and antiviral activities of I. DNA synthesis in Ehrlich ascites tumor cells and phosphorylation of III and III-5'-phosphate [365-07-1] in a cell-free preparation from Ehrlich ascites tumor cells were inhibited by I. Thus, the cytostatic and antiviral effects of I are due to the intracellular lethal synthesis of I-phosphates which inhibit thymidylate synthetase [9031-61-2] and DNA synthesizing enzymes.
- AN 1978:58238 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
- DM 88:58238
- OREF 88:9115a,9118a
- 5-Formyl-2'-deoxyuridine: Cytostatic and antiviral properties and possible modes of action
- AII Langen, P.; Waschke, S. R.; Waschke, K.; Baerwolff, D.; Reefschlaeger, J.; Schulz, P.; Preussel, B.; Lehmann, C.
- Cent. Inst. Mol. Biol., Ger. Acad. Sci., Berlin-Buch, Ger. Dem. Rep. SO Acta Biologica et Medica Germanica (1976), 35(12), 1625-33
- CODEN: ABMGAJ; ISSN: 0001-5318
- Journal
- LA English
- L10 ANSWER 13 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Antiviral arabinofuranosyl compounds
- AB 2,2'-Anhydro-1-(3'-O-acyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl) cytosine and (S)-2,2'-anhydro-1-(3'-0-acv1-B-D-

arabinofuranosvl)-2-thiocytosine (I) salts have antiviral and cytotoxic properties. Thus, 2-acetoxy-2-methylpropionyl chloride was added to cytidine in MeCN at 80° with stirring and the mixture kept 15 min to give 3'-O-acetyl-O2,2'-cyclocytidine (II) hydrochloride (III). The HBr and HF salts of II and the HCl and HBr salts of the 3'-O-benzoyl analog of II were also prepared III in H2O was kept overnight with

concentrated

NH4OH at room temperature, the mixture evaporated, and the residue in MeOH passed

through a column of Dowex AG 1-X2 (OH-) to give 1-B-Darabinofuranosyl)cytosine (IV). IV was also prepared from the HBr, HF, and HI salts of I and the HCl and HBr salts of the 3'-0-benzoyl analog of II. Also prepared were the 3'-O-acetyl analog (V) of I HCl and HF salts. V was used to prepare 1-(2-thio-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)cytidine HClalt. Also

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prepared were N4-methyl-, N4-acetyl-, and N4-acetyl-5'-chloro-5'-deoxy-5-
     azacvtidine.
AN 1972:46467 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
DN 76:46467
OREF 76:7497a,7500a
TI Antiviral arabinofuranosyl compounds
IN Moffatt, John G.; Russell, Alan F.
PA Syntex Corp.
SO Ger. Offen., 65 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT Patent
LA German
FAN.CNT 4
PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                        DATE
L10 ANSWER 14 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI
     Pyrimidine nucleosides
     The title compds. (I) were prepared by reaction of the corresponding
AB
      2,4-bis-O(S or N)-silyl pyrimidine with the 1-acetyl
      or 1-methyl derivative of the O-protected sugar in the presence of
     Friedel-Crafts catalysts. I had cytotoxic, antiviral, and
     enzyme inhibiting effects. Thus, bissily1-6-azauracil was added to
      2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-1-O-acetylribose in dichloroethane. Adding SnC14 and
      reaction 4 hr at room temperature gave 92 2',3',5'-tri-O-benzoyl-6-azauridine.
     Among 15 I prepared were: 2-thio-5-cyano-2',3',5'-tri-O-benzoylcytidine,
     2-thio-2',3',5'-tri-0-benzoyl-6-azathymi-dine, and 1-(2',3',4',6'-tetra-0-
     acetvlglucopyranosyl)-6-azauracil.
AN 1971:88267 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
DN 74:88267
OREF 74:14333a
TI Pyrimidine nucleosides
IN Niedballa, U.; Vorbrueggen, H.
PA Schering A.-G.
SO Ger. Offen., 13 pp.
     CODEN: GWXXBX
DT Patient
LA German
FAN.CNT 2
     CMT 2
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

DE 1919307 A 19710114 DE 1969-1919307 19690411 <--
CH 541566 A 19731031 CH 1970-2949 19700227 <--
SU 452961 A3 19741205 SU 1970-1410928 19700227 <--
DK 126198 B 19730618 DK 1970-1688 19700403 <--
ES 378367 A1 19720616 ES 1970-378367 19700408 <--
US 3748320 A 19730724 US 1970-26783 19700408 <--
SE 363830 B 19740204 SE 1970-4877 19700409 <--
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BE 748799 A 19701012 BE 1970-748799
                                                                   19700409 <--
                     A 19701012 BE 1970-748799
A5 19710212 FR 1970-12992
B 19730122 NO 1970-1327
                                                                   19700410 <--
     FR 2043174
                                                                   19700410 <--
     NO 126322
                                                                   19700410 <--
                        A
                                19730629 IL 1970-34301
                                                                   19700410 <--
     IL 34301
                      B 19740527 AT 1970-3306
B1 19770730 PL 1970-139947
B 19780731 FI 1970-1004
     AT 315384
                                                                    19700410 <--
     PL 93943
                                           PL 1970-139947
                                                                   19700410 <--
     FI 54314
                                           FI 1970-1004
                                                                    19700410 <--
                      C 19781110
A 19701013
B 19810216
     FI 54314
     NL 7005235
                                          NL 1970-5235
                                                                   19700411 <--
     NL 166266
     NL 166266
                         C
                               19810715
     GB 1313411
                         A
                               19730411 GB 1970-17443
                                                                   19700413 <--
PRAI DE 1969-1919307
DE 1969-1943428
                         A
                               19690411 <--
                              19690823 <--
                         A
L10 ANSWER 15 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI
    Potential antiviral agents. VI. Higher N-acyl
    derivatives of pyrimidine and purine bases
     For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
AB N3-Acyluracil derivs. were prepared by suspending uracil in Tetralin,
     followed by dropwise addition of an acid chloride and refluxing the mixture 2
     hrs. to give I (n and m.p. given): 9, 160-1°; 12, 157-9°;
     14, 155-7°; and 16, 152-4°. Preparation of 5-acylaminouracil
     derivs. was carried out by suspending 5-aminouracil in pyridine and
     cooling to 0°, after which an acid chloride was added and the mixture
     refluxed 2 hrs. and worked up to give the following II (n and m.p. given):
     9, 238-40°; 12, 223-5°; 14, 216-18°; and 16,
     208-10°. Similarly prepared were the following N6-acyladenine
     derivs. (III) (n, m.p., and % yield given): 4, 202-4°, 57.9; 5,
     186-8, 58.7; 9, 174-5°, 58.2; 10, 173-6°, 58.6; 12,
     167-70°, 60.4; 14, 164-6°, 83.6; and 16, 154-7°,
     74.2. Also prepared was N6-adamantoyladenine, m. >270°, 72.7% yield.
     Also prepd were the following N2-acylguanine derivs. (IV) (n and m.p.
     given): 4, >280°; 5, >260°; 9, >280°; 10,
     >280°; 12, >280°; 14, >280°; and 16, >280°.
     Also prepared was N2-adamantovlguanine, m. >270°.
AN
    1969:20019 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
DN
    70:20019
OREF 70:3743a,3746a
    Potential antiviral agents. VI. Higher N-acvl
    derivatives of pyrimidine and purine bases
AU
   Runti, C.; Colautti, A.
CS Pharm.-Chem. Inst., Univ. Triest, Trieste, Italy
SO
    Int. Congr. Chemother., Proc., 5th (1967), Volume 5, 307-14.
     Editor(s): Spitzy, K. H. Publisher: Verlag Wiener Med. Akad., Vienna,
     Austria.
     CODEN: 20JJA4
    Conference
DT
LA
   German
L10 ANSWER 16 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
     Nucleosides of 5-fluorocytosine and 5-fluorouracil
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AB The title compds., antibacterial and antiviral agents, were

prepared Thus, a suspension of 65 g. 5-fluorouracil (Ia) in 250 ml.  ${\rm HN}(51{\rm Me}3)2$  was refluxed 3 hrs., the clear solution distilled at atmospheric pressure to

give a first fraction b.  $85-96^{\circ}$ , followed by 2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)-5-fluoropyrimidine (I) at  $114-16.5^{\circ}/14$  mm. I (5 ml.) is added to a suspension of 7.56 g. 2-deoxy-3,5-di-O-(p-toluoyl)-D-ribo-pentofuranosyl chloride in 40 ml. dry PhMe (N passed over the mixture

to convey Me3SiCl into aqueous alc. AqNO3 solution to allow the course of reaction to be followed by precipitation of AgCl), the mixture refluxed 1.5

(81% AgCl), chilled in ice, and the precipitate filtered off and washed with PhMe

and petroleum ether to give crude 2'-deoxy-5-fluoro-3',5'-di-0-(ptoluoy1)uridine, m. 209-16°, [α]26D -30° (0.72% in pyridine), consisting of 75% β- and 25% α-D-isomer; recrystn. from 45 ml. HOAc and washing with Et2O gave pure β-D-isomer, m. 230-1°, [a]D 18.8°, the combined HOAc filtrate and

Et20 washing deposited the  $\alpha$ -D-isomer, m. 205-7°. A suspension of 172 g. tri-O-benzoyl-a-D-arabinofuranosyl bromide (II)

in 113.5 q. I was heated under N at 75-130° 5 hrs., cooled to room temperature, slurried with 800 ml. benzene, and filtered to give crude tri-O-benzovl-β-D-arabinofuranosvl-5-fluorouracil (III), m. 210-12°, m. 219-20° (BuOAc), [α]25D 74.7° (1%

in CH2Cl2). A suspension of 5.75g. III in 70 ml. 0.143N methanolic NaOMe was refluxed 2.5 hrs., the solution cooled to room temperature, made acid to litmus

with methanolic HCl, evaporated in vacuo to a sirup, the latter partitioned between 50 ml. H2O and 50 ml. Et2O, the aqueous phase washed 3+ with 30 ml. Et20, evaporated in vacuo, the residual syrup taken up in 50 ml. AcMe, filtered, and the filtrate evaporated in vacuo to give a white solid which crystallized on treatment with 8 ml. boiling EtOH, and the crystals filtered off at -10° and washed with EtOH and Et20 to give  $\beta$ -D-arabinosyl-5-fluorouracil, m. 182-3°, [ $\alpha$ ]25D 123° (5% in H2O). A mixture of 8 ml. I and 4.11 g. tetra-O-acetyl-D-glucopyranosyl bromide was heated in a 140-60° oil-bath 4 hrs., cooled, 40 ml. benzene added, the mixture kept at 4° 60 hrs., the solid filtered off and discarded, 15 ml. MeOH added to the filtrate, Ia filtered off, 20 ml. MeOH added to the filtrate, the mixture evaporated, the syrup taken up in 25 ml. hot CHC13, further Ia filtered off, and the filtrate evaporated to a brown glass, which was dissolved in 10 ml. MeOH, and the solution kept to deposit crystals of 5-fluoro-1-(tetra-0acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl) uracil (V), which was filtered off, washed with MeOH, Et2O, and petroleum ether, m. 150-51°,  $[\alpha]D$  12° (0.4% in EtOAc). To a suspension of 0.46 g. V in 5 ml. MeOH was added 1.35 ml. of 1.84N NaOMe, the mixture kept at 4° 16 hrs., neutralized with alc. HCl, insol. material filtered off, the filtrate evaporated, the residue refluxed with 15 ml. AcMe 0.5 hr., and the precipitate filtered off and combined with further precipitate

obtained by evaporation of the filtrate and treatment of the residue with 5 ml. boiling AcMe, and 20 ml. petroleum ether. The combined precipitate was dissolved in 2 ml. H2O, the solution brought to pH 11.3 with NaOH, applied to a polystyrene PhCH2N+Me3 type resin (4% cross-linked, acetate form), and eluted with 0.1N HOAc to give 105 ml. eluate which is lyophilized to a glassy white solid, and chromatographed on paper with 86% BuOH-14% H2O to give 1 spot, Rf 0.122 of 5-fluoro-1-(β-D-glucopyranosyl)uracil, λmaximum in 0.1N HCl 268 mm (& 8210). Analogous procedures gave 5-fluoro-2-trimethylsilyloxy-4-(N-trimethylsilyl-N-ptoluoylamino)pyrimidine (VI), b. 178°/0.8 mm. from 5-fluoro-N-p-toluovlcvtosine; a crude anomeric mixture of anomers of 5-fluoro-N-p-toluovl-1-tri-O-benzovl-D-arabinofuranosvl]cytosine, m. 87-95°, from II and Ia; and D-arabinosyl-5-fluorocytosines: (a) 60%  $\beta$ -/40%  $\alpha$ -mixture, λmaximum in 0.1N HCl 290 mμ (Emax. 33/mg.), [α]25D 30°(0.5% in MeOH), (b) mainly  $\alpha$ ;  $\lambda$ maximum in 0.1N HCl 292 m $\mu$ ,  $[\alpha]25D - 156.4^{\circ}$  (2% in MeOH).

1968:96109 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN

68:96109

hrs.

OREF 68:18571a,18574a

- TI Nucleosides of 5-fluorocytosine and 5-fluorouracil
- PA Hoffmann-La Roche, F., und Co., A.-G.
- SO Brit., 7 pp. CODEN: BRXXAA
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

poured

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	GB 1080491		19670823	GB 1966-32212	19660718 <
PRAI	US		19650722	<	

- L10 ANSWER 17 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI 7-Deazaadenine 2',5'-and 3',5'-dinucleotides
- GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
- AB The preparation of a number of title compds. and their derivs. (I and Ia) showing

significant cytotoxic activity in vitro against KB tumor cells and herpes, Coe, and vaccinia viruses, is described. Compds. possessing antiviral activity could be used for cleaning glassware and instruments employed in tissue culture and virus research. Streptomyces sparsogenes NRRL 2940 was used in a fermentation medium to produce 321 g. 9- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl- $\gamma$ -deazaadenine (Sparsomycin A) (III), possessing an activity of 1.25 Proteus vulgaris biounits/mg. III was purified by partition chromatog. over diatomite using McIlvaine's pH 6 buffer and MeCOEt as solvent system and freed from 9- $\beta$ -D- Tibofuranosyl- $\gamma$ -diazaadenine (Sparsomycin) (IV). IV was further purified as a HCl salt at various pH's to give a solid, ADA-150.1, m. 247.8-50°, (a)250 -62° (c 0.718, 0.1N HCl). A

modification of the purification procedure, and ir absorption bands are given. To a solution of 1.25 g. III in 25 ml. CSBM cooled to 0-5°, 35 ml. BxCl was added, and the mixture left 20 min. at room temperature and

onto ice to yield N6,N2-dibenzoyl-9-(2,3,5-tri-0- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl)-7-deazaadenine (V), m. 187-8°. A solution of 0.5 g V in 25 ml. anhydrous MeOH and 25 ml. anhydrous tetrahydrofuran (THF) treated at 0° with 0.5 ml. 25% MeoNa in MeOH, the mixture kept 6 hrs. at room temperature, then left overnight in the freezer, and filtered, and the filtrate concentrated in vacuo gave 65 mg. N6-benzoyl-9- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-7-deazaadenine (VI), m. 181-2° (MeOH-iso-PrOH). A mixture of 1.5 g. VI and 1.8 g. (p-methoxyphenyl)-diphenylchloromethane in 30 ml. C9H5N was kept 4 hrs. at 24°, the solution concentrated in vacuo, and the residue worked up to furnish 1.37 g. N6-benzoyl-9-[5'-O-(p-methoxyphenyl)dephenylmethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-7-deazaadenine, m. 170-1° (C6H6). A solution of 1 g. 6-mercapto-9- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-7-deazapurine in 8 ml. 0.4M NaOH

treated dropwise with 0.21 ml. Mei, the mixture stirred 4 mrs. at room temperature

and kept 20 hrs. at 5°, the precipitate separated, dried over KOH, and refluxed with 6 ml. absolute MeOH, the solution chilled, and crystals of 6-methylthio-9- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-7-deazapurine treated with triphenylbromomethane in CSHSN gave 6-methylthio-9-(5-O-tri-phenylmethyl- $\beta$ -D-ribofuranosyl-7-deazapurine. To a solution of 10 g. 1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine-HCl in 200 ml. CSHSN, 12 g. Ph3CCl was added, the mixture stirred one week at room temperature, poured into 3 l.

ice-cold

H2O, and kept overnight, the solid triturated with 200 ml. boiling
heptane, insol. solid removed, and the filtrate worked up to give 13 g.
1-(5-0-triphenylmethyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl)cytosine (VII), m.

 $227.5-28\,^{\circ}$  (decomposition). A mixture of 6.2 g. VII, 40 ml. dry C5H5N, and 6 ml. BzCl stirred 20 hrs. at room temperature and worked gave 3.13 g.

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N4-benzoyl-1-(2,3-di-0-benzoyl-\beta-D-arabinosyl)
     cytosine (VIII), m. 177-8°. A mixture of 100 ml. 80% aqueous AcOH and 1.3 g. N4-acetyl-1-(2,3-di-O-acetyl-5'-O-triphenyl - \beta - D -
     arabinofuranosyl)-cytosine refluxed 10 min., cooled, and freed from
     triphenylcarbinol, the filtrate evaporated in vacuo, and the residue in 20 ml.
     MeOH chromatographed over SiO2 gave 240 mg. N4-acetyl-1-(2,3-di-O-
     acetyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl) cytosine (IX), m.
     171-2.5°. A small amount of 1-(2,3-di-0-acetyl
     -β-D-arabinofuranosvl) - cvtosine (X) was also isolated. To
     a mixture of 40 ml. C5H5N and 2-cvanoethvl phosphate (0.325M), 25 g. IX
     containing a small amount of X was added, followed by the addition of 20 ml.
     containing 5.6 g. dicyclohexylcarbodiimide (XI), the mixture shaken 2 days,
     treated with 10 ml. H2O, warmed to 40°, and shaken 1 hr., 75 ml.
     H2O again added, dicyclohexylurea removed, the solution evaporated to dryness
     vacuo, the residue worked up and partitioned between 1:1 Et20-H20, the aqueous
     layer extracted with Et20, concentrated in vacuo, treated with 2.16 g. LiOH,
heated
     1 hr. to 100°, and cooled, the precipitate removed and washed with 0.01N
     LiOH, heated 1 hr. to 100°, and cooled, the precipitate removed and washed
     with 0.01N LiOH, the pH adjusted to 7 with Dowex 50(H+), and the solution
     worked up to give 250 mg. 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-phosphate
     (H2O). A solution of 50 millimoles pyridinium 2-cyanoethyl phosphate in 10
     ml. dry C5H5N was treated with 2.77 g. VIII and evaporated to dryness, the
     residue dissolved in 25 ml. C5H5N, 3.09 g. XI added to the mixture, the
     mixture worked up, the product treated with 40 ml. ice-cold 2N NaOH, and the
     reaction terminated by the addition of excess pyridinium-Dowex 50-X8 resin.
     Work-up and chromatog. over pyridinium-Dowex 50W-X8 gave
     N4-benzoyl-1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-phosphate (XII). XII
     freed from N4-benzoy1-1-(2,3-di-0-benzoy1-β-D-
     arabinofuranosyl)cytosine was converted to N4-benzoyl-1-(2,3-0-
     acetyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl) cytosine 5'-phosphate.
     A solution of 920 mg. N6-benzoyl-9-[5-O-(p-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-
     \beta-D-ribofuranosyl]-7-deazaadenine and 1.29 g. 1-(3-O-acetyl-\beta-D-
     deoxyribofuranosyl)thymine 5'-phosphate (Jakob and Khorana, (CA 60:
     14584d) in 70 ml. dry C5H5N was evaporated to dryness in vacuo, the residue
     worked up, 2.06 q. XI added, and the mixture shaken 3 days in darkness and
     at room temperature, treated with 10 ml. H2O, stirred 22 hrs., and worked up to
     give a mixture (XIII) of N6-benzoyl-9-[5-O-(p-methoxyphenyl)diphenylmethyl-
     \beta-D-ribofuranosv1]-7-(deazaadenine-2-v1)-1-(3-O-acetv1-\beta-D-
     deoxyfuranosyl)thymine 5'-phosphate and the (7-deazaadenin-3-vl) isomer.
     A solution of 1.1 g. XIII in 8 ml. H2O was treated with 5 ml. MeOH and 16 ml.
     concentrated NH4OH, the mixture stirred overnight at 22-4° and concentrated to
     dryness in vacuo at 35°, and the solution of the residue in 15 ml. 80%
     AcOH kept 18 hrs. at room temperature and worked up to give 9-(β-D-
     ribofuranosv1)-7-deazaadenin-2-v1-1-β-D-deoxyfuranosv1thvmine
     5'-phosphate (XIV) and the adenin-3-vl isomer (XV). These are
     characterized by the action of spleen phosphodiesterase. XV is split up
     while XIV is not.
    1967:508970 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
DN 67:108970
OREF 67:20574h,20575a
     7-Deazaadenine 2',5'-and 3',5'-dinucleotides
    Hanze, Arthur R.
    Upjohn Co.
    U.S., 22 pp.
     CODEN: USXXAM
     Patent
LA English
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FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 3309358		19670314	US 1965-488799	19650920 <
	DE 1620644			DE	
	FR 1502810			FR	
	GB 1165354			GB	
	NL 6613179			NL	

- L10 ANSWER 18 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Nucleosides
- A new method for the preparation of
- N1-D-ribosyl-,N1-2-deoxy-D-erythro-pentosyl-
  - , N2-D-glucopyranosyl- and N1-D-arabinofuranosyl derivs. of 5-fluorouracil (I) and 5-fluorocytosine (II) is described. The title compds. are prepared by treating I, II, or an N-acyl derivative of II with a hexaalkyldisilazane and by treating the product obtained with a suitable sugar halide of which the OH groups are protected by a removable alkyl or acyl group and by converting the protected nucleoside into the free nucleoside. The title compds. prepared are valuable pharmaceutical and are particularly active against bacteria and viruses. Thus, a suspension of 65 g. I in 250 cc. hexamethyldisilazane was refluxed 3 hrs. and distilled to remove a product distilling at 85-96°, and the residue distilled at 114-16.5°/14 mm. to give 2,4-bis(trimethylsilyloxy)-5-fluoropyrimidine (III). To a suspension of 7.56 g. 3.5-di-O-p-toluovl-2-deoxy-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl chloride in 40 cc. anhydrous PhMe was added 5 cc. III, N introduced into the mixture to remove trimethylsilyl chloride which was passed into an aqueous alc. AgNO3 solution, the mixture refluxed 1.5 hrs. (81% AgCl set free), cooled with ice, filtered, and washed with PhMe and petr. ether to give crude 5-fluoro-O-p-toluoyldeoxyuridine, m. 209-16°, containing 75% β-and 25%  $\alpha$ -D-isomer, [ $\alpha$ ]26D -30° (0.72%, pyridine). Recrystn. with 45 cc. AcOH and washing with ether gave the pure  $\beta$ -D isomer, [a]D -18.8°, m. 230-1°. The combined AcOH filtrates and Et20 wash liquid gave the  $\alpha$ -D isomer, m. 205-7°. A suspension of 172 g. tri-O-benzoyl-α-D-arabinofuranosyl bromide in 113.5 g. III was heated in a N atmospheric 5 hrs. at 75-130°, cooled, worked up with 800 cc. C6H6 and filtered to give tri-O-benzoyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl-5-fluorouracil, m. 210-12°; m. 219-220° (Bu acetate), [α]25D 74.7° (1%, CH2C12). Reflux of 5.75 g. tri-O-benzoyl-β-D-arabinofuranosyl-5-fluorouracil in 70 cc. of a 0.143N NaOMe solution in MeOH 2.5 hrs. gave B-D-arabinofuranosv1-5-fluorouracil, m. 182-3° (EtOH), [α]25D 123° (0.5%, H2O). Similarly was prepared 5-fluoro-1-(tetra-0-acetvl-B-D-glucopyranosyl) uracil, m. 150-1°, [α]D 12° (0.4%, EtOAc). A suspension of 9.17 g. 5-fluorouracilmercury in 300 cc. PhMe was subjected

to azeotropic distillation; after 50 cc. was distilled, the suspension was cooled

to 60° and mixed with 16.44 g. tetra-O-acetyl-q-D-

5-fluoro-1-(tetra-0-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl)

glucopyranosyl bromide, the mixture heated to the b.p., distilled until the distillate was clear, refluxed 70 min., and filtered, and the suspension washed with C6H6. The combined filtrates and wash liquids were cooled and diluted with 750 cc. petr. ether (30-60°), the solution was filtered, washed with petr. ether, dried, and extracted with 200 cc. CHC13, the residue removed, the extract washed thrice with 50 cc. of a 30% KI solution containing

0.5% bicarbonate and twice with 100 cc. H2O, and the CHC13 phase dried with Na2SO4 and concentrated to a sirup which was dissolved in 15 cc. warm MeOH to give 5-fluoro-1-(tetra-0-acetyl-β-D-glucopyranosyl) uracil, m. 149-50°, [α]25D 12.5° (c 0.2, EtOAc). NaOMe (1.35 cc. of a 1.84N solution) was added to 0.46 g.

uracil in 5 cc. MeOH, the mixture kept 16 hrs. at 4°, neutralized with HCl in EtOH, filtered, and concentrated, the residue suspended in 15 cc. Me2CO, the suspension refluxed 0.5 hr. and filtered, the filtrate concentrated, the residue treated with 5 cc. boiling Me2CO and mixed with 20 cc. petr. ether, the precipitate filtered, and the insol. product and t.he precipitate combined and dissolved in H2O (2 cc.). The solution shows a maximum of 266-7 mμ in 0.1N HCl (5140 optical d. units). The solution was adjusted to pH 11.3 with NaOH and treated in a column (1 + 20 cc.) charged with Dowex 1-X4 (a strong basic anion exchanger with quaternary NH4 groups) in the acetate form. Paper chromatog, with a mixture of 96% BuOH and 14% H2O gave 5-fluoro-1-β-D-glycopyranosyluracil. Also prepared were 5-fluoro-2-trimethylsilyloxy-4-(N-trimethylsilyl-N-p-toluoyl)aminopyrimidine by distillation at 160-83°/0.8 mm. of a residue obtained by refluxing 49.4 g. 5-fluoro-N-toluoylcytosine in 100 cc. hexamethyldialazane for 40 min.; a mixture of tri-O-benzoyl-N-toluoyl- $\alpha$ (and  $\beta$ )-D-arabinofuranosyl-5-fluorocytosine, m. 87-95°; a mixture of 60% β- and 40% α-anomers of D-arabinofuranosyl-5fluorocytosine,  $\lambda$  (0.1N HCl) 290 m $\mu$ ,  $[\alpha]$ 25D 30° (0.5%, MeOH), and a product containing mainly the  $\alpha$ -D anomer  $\lambda(0.1N \text{ HCl})$  292mu ( $\epsilon$  1856), [ $\alpha$ ]25D -156.4° (2%, MeOH). 1967:491093 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> DN 67:91093 OREF 67:17183a,17186a Nucleosides Hoffmann-La Roche, F., und Co., A.-G. Neth. Appl., 12 pp. CODEN: NAXXAN Patent LA Dutch FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	NL 6610360	A	19670123	NL 1966-10360	19660722 <
	BE 684319	A	19670119	BE 1966-684319	19660719 <
	BR 6681446	D0	19731226	BR 1966-181446	19660721 <
	SE 320077	В	19700202	SE 1966-10032	19660722 <
PRAI	US 1965-474145	A	19650722	<	

- L10 ANSWER 19 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI N4.03'.05'-Triacetyl-2.2'-anhydrocytidine, a postulated reactive intermediate in a convenient synthesis of 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine
- For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

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cf. CA 61, 10763h. The effect of N4-acylation in the case of formation and resultant properties of 2.2'-anhydrocytidine derivs, was investigated. An equilibrium mixture of N4.03'.05'-triacetylcytidine (I, R = H) (II) and its N4,02',05'-isomer in 3:2 ratio was prepared in 64% yield by the orthoester exchange method. The mixture was treated with a slight excess of p-MeC6H4SO2Cl in anhydrous C5H5N and the concentrated solution taken up in an equal

volume of CH2C12, extracted with H2O in 10 min., and the extract kept at 20° to give N4,03',05'-triacetyl- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (III, R = Ac) (IV). IV treated 24 hrs. at 20° gave 90% III (R = H) (V), m. 212-16°, [ $\alpha$ ]20D 152°. The tribenzoyl derivative (VI) in 9:1 C5H5N-H2O at 20° gave crystalline 1-β-D-arbinofuranosyl-N403',05'-tribenzoylcytosine (VII), m. 198-200°, with 75% conversion after 11 days without indication of an intermediate. If the reaction proceeds via an anhydronucleoside its formation must be the

rate-determining step and be extremely susceptible to base-catalyzed hydrolysis. It appears that the MeSO2 ion undergoes displacement much less readily than the p-MeC6H4SO2 ion in this reaction. IV has led to a very convenient synthesis of V which has selective antiviral activity. Both IV and VII have the correct orientation for preparation of the 2'-protected derivative of  $1-\beta$ -D-arahinofuranosylcytosine, required in the oligonucleotide synthesis of Griffin and R. (CA 62, 2818a). 1966:482561 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN DN 65:82561 OREF 65:15484f-h,15485a N4,03',05'-Triacety1-2,2'-anhydrocytidine, a postulated reactive intermediate in a convenient synthesis of  $1-\beta-D$ arabinofuranosylcytosine AII Fromageot, H. P. N.; Reese, C. B. CS Univ. Cambridge, UK SO Tetrahedron Letters (1966), (29), 3499-505 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039 Journal LA English L10 ANSWER 20 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Nucleosides, XXXIII, N4-Acvlated 5-fluorocytosines and a direct synthesis of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxycytidine AB cf. CA 64, 17699f. A series of N4-acylated 5-fluorocytosines was prepared as starting material for nucleoside synthesis and for chemotherapeutic screening. A direct synthesis of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxycytidine (I) and its  $\alpha$ -anomer (II) from the monomercury salt of N4-toluov1-5-fluorocytosine (III) was achieved whereby N4-toluoyl-5-fluoro-2'-deoxycytidine (IV) was isolated as an intermediate. III and IV are converted into 5-fluorouracil (V) and 5-fluoro-2'deoxyuridine (VI), resp., by treatment with 0.5N HCl at 37°. The labilization of the exocyclic amino group by aroylation suggested utility of III and IV as releasers of V and VI in biol. systems. The acylated 5-fluorocytosines are relatively nontoxic compds. exhibiting some activity against systemic Candida albicans infections in mice. IV is a potent and toxic agent against exptl. tumors in mice. The chemotherapeutic data indicate that in vivo the acylated 5-fluorocytosines act as releasers of 5-fluorocytosine and not of V, while IV acts as release of I and (or) VI. 1966:421066 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>> AN DN 65:21066 OREF 65:3948f-h TI Nucleosides. XXXIII. N4-Acylated 5-fluorocytosines and a direct synthesis of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxycytidine AII

- Duschinsky, R.; Gabriel, T.; Hoffer, M.; Berger, J.; Titsworth, E.; Grunberg, E.; Burchenal, J. H.; Fox, J. J.
- CS Res. Div., Hoffman-La Roche, Inc., Nutley, NJ
- Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1966), 9(4), 566-72 SO
- CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L10 ANSWER 21 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Pyrimidine nucleosides
- For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
- A convenient method for converting com. nucleosides into their 4-amino

analogs is described.  $1-(2-Deoxy-\beta-D-ribofuranosyl)-5$ methylcytosine, which is found in very small amts. in the deoxyribonucleic acids of tissue cells, can be prepared readily and cheaply by this method. A uracil-1-nucleoside is fully acylated and then treated with P2S5 to give

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the fully acylated-4-thiouracil-1-nucleoside, which is then treated with a
     basic nitrogenous compound and deacylated to give a cytosine 1-neucloside
     (I), where Y is any nucleosidic sugar group. Thus, 30 ml. Ac20, 4.31 g.
     1-B-D-ribofuranosyluracil, and 10 drops C5H5N was agitated under
     reflux until reaction began. The solution was cooled and kept at room
temperature
     overnight to give 6.27 g. 1-(2,3,5-tri-0-acetyl
     -β-D-ribofuranosyl) uracil. (II). P2S5 (1.24 g.), 30 ml.
     C5H5N, and 1.85 g. II was refluxed 3 hrs. to give 1.18 g.
     1-(2,3,5-tri-0-acetvl-B-D-ribofuranosvl)-4-thiouracil (III). III
     (773 mg.) and 20 ml. MeOH saturated with anhydrous NH3 was heated in a steel
homb
     at 98-105° for 45 hrs. to give 265 mg. 1-\beta-D-
     ribofuranosylcytosine (IV) as the HCl salt, m. 205-6.5°,
     [\alpha]24D 44° (c 0.9814, N NaOH). IV picrate m. 192-3°.
     Similarly were prepared 1-(2-deoxy-B-D-ribo uranosyl)-5-methylcytosine-
     HCl, m. 154.5-55°, [α]24D 58° (c 0.5185, 0.7537 N
     NaOH); 1-(2-\text{deoxy}-\beta-D-\text{ribofuranosyl})-N, 5-\text{dimethylcytosine}, m.
     227-8.5°, [α]24D 48° (c 0.8488, N NaOH);
     1-(β-D-ribofuranosyl)N-methylcytosine-HCl, m. 196-8°,
     [\alpha] 23D 34° (c 0.55, H2O); 1-(\beta-D-ribofuranosv1)-5-
     methylcytosine-HCl, m. 177-8° [α]24D 24° (c 0.525,
     H2O); 1-(β-D-ribofuranosyl)-N,5-dimethylcytosine-HCl, m.
     206-9°, [α]24D 25° (c 0.530, H2O);
     1-(β-D-ribofuranosyl)-5-ethylcytosine-HCl, m. 173-5°,
     [\alpha]24D 18° (c 0.55235, H2O); 1-(\beta-D-ribofuranosyl)-N-methyl-5-ethylcytosine-HCl, m. 154-9°; 1-(\beta-D-glucopyranosyl)-
     5-methylcytosine, m. 275-80°; 1-(\beta-D-glucopyranosy1)-N,5-
     dimethylcytosine, m. 283-7°; 1-(β-D-glucopyranosyl)-N-benzyl-5-
     methylcytosine, m. 115-25°; 1-(β-D-xylofuranosyl)-5-
     methylcytosine-HC1, m. 202-4°, [α]24D -3° (c 0.4995, N
     NaOH); 1-(2,3,5-tri-O-benzoyl-β-D-xylofuranosyl)-5-methyluracil (an
     intermediate in the preparation of the preceding compound), m. 195-7°;
     1-(β-D-xvlofuranosvl)-N,5-dimethylcvtosine-HCl, m. 220-2°,
     [α]24D 41° (c 0.5023, H2O); 1-β-D-
     arabinofuranosylcytosine-HCl, m. 186-8°, [\alpha]23D 129°
     (c 1.411, H2O); 1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)-N-methylcytosine, m.
     257-60° [HCl salt m. 182.5-84°, [α]23D 127° (c
     0.444, H2O)]; 1-(2-deoxy-β-D-xylofuranosyl)-5-methylcytosine-HCl, m.
     142.5-3.5°, [α]23D 54° (c 0.5168, H2O);
     1-(β-D-lvxofuranosv1)-5-methylcvtosine-HCl, m. 169-71.5°,
     [\alpha]23D 83° (c 0.774, H2O). These compds. are useful
     antiviral and antibacterial agents, antimetabolites, and cell
     growth inhibitors.
    1964:425722 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
DN 61:25722
OREF 61:4467a-d,4468a
TI Pyrimidine nucleosides
IN Hunter, James H.
PA Upjohn Co.
    19 pp.
    Patent
    Unavailable
FAN.CNT 1
     PATENT NO.
                   KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                                19631231 US 1960-24890 19600427 <--
PI US 3116282
PRAI US
                                 19600427 <--
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L10 ANSWER 22 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

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TI Synthesis of N-acyl uracils and their effects on the influenza virus

- AB The 3-N-acyluracils with acyl groups Ac (I), COPr (II), COCRECI (III), CO(H2)3CI (IV), COCGH2) (V) and CO(CH2)8CB:CL2 (VI) were synthesized and tested against influenza virus, type A, strain PR8, in vitro and in chick embryos. All failed in tests against influenza-type pneumonia in mice. In chick embryos, all but II had some antiviral activity, but only I, V, and VI were actively toxic. The most active derivative, in vitro and in chick embryos, was V. Activity was not increased by Cl in the acyl group (III, IV). Increase due to longer C chains has also been observed in tests with quaternary P compds.
- AN 1964:85553 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>

DN 60:85553

OREF 60:15008g-h,15009a

TI Synthesis of N-acyl uracils and their effects on the influenza virus

AU Makarov, N. V.; Popova, E. G.; Kraft, M. Ya.; Bogdanova, N. S.; Polukhina, L. M.; Pershin, G. N.

CS S. Ordzhonikidze All-Union Chem.-Pharm. Res. Inst., Moscow SO Farmakologiya i Toksikologiya (Moscow) (1964), 27(1), 63-8 CODEN: FATOAO; ISSN: 0014-8318

DT Journal

LA Unavailable

L10 ANSWER 23 OF 23 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Chemotherapy, XII. Some sulfanilamido heterocycles cf. C.A. 40, 1455.6. 2-Sulfanilamido-4-methoxypyrimidine (I) (C.A. 36, AB 2532.9) (40 g.) in 400 cc. MeOH and 200 g. NH3, heated at 110° for 1 h., gives 57% of 2-sulfanilamido-4-aminopyrimidine, m. 225-6° (m.ps. corrected) (C.A. 37, 1402.2). 2-Amino-4-methoxypyrimidine did not react with NH3 under these conditions; at 200° for 4 h., 2,4-diaminopyrimidine is formed. I (8 g.) and 3.8 g. Et2N(CH2)3NH2, heated at 100-10° for 45 min., give 45% of 2-sulfanilamido-4-(3diethylaminopropylamino)pyrimidine, m. 230-2°. Guanidine carbonate (II) (18 g.) and EtOCH2COCH2Ac, heated 4 h. on the steam bath, give 69% of 2-amino-4-ethoxymethyl-6-methylpyrimidine, m. 106-8°; the 2-sulfanilamido compound, m. 158-60°, 40%. II (25 g.) and 46.4 g. CH2Bz2, heated 3 h. at 180-210°, give 39% of 2-amino-4,6diphenylpyrimidine, m. 135-7°; 2-sulfanilamido compound, m. 266-8°. The Na salt of 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolane-4-methanol in 200 cc. dioxane and 20 g. 2-amino-4-chloropyrimidine (extracted with the dioxane in a Soxhlet apparatus by refluxing overnight) give 70% of 2-amino-4-(2,2-dimethyl-1,3-dioxolan-4-ylmethoxy)pyrimidine, m. 105°; this yields 51% of the N4-Ac derivative, m. 249-51°, of the 2-sulfanilamido compound, m. 228-30°. II (50 g.), 43.2 g. of the Cu salt of 4,4-dimethyl-1,3-pentanedione, and 100 cc. EtOH, refluxed 1 h., the residue heated with stirring at 150-70° for 2 h., the cooled mass broken up under 500 cc. 1:4 HCl, the filtrate made basic with NH4OH, and the precipitate refluxed with hexane, give 44% of 2-amino-4-tertbutylpyrimidine, m. 103-5.5°; the free ketone gives only 18%; 2-sulfanilamido compound, m. 236-7°, 45%; the N4-Ac derivative m. 248-51°, 63%, 2-Aminopyrimidine gives 50% of the N4-Ac derivative, m. 268°, of 2-(2-methylsulfanilamido)pyrimidine, m. 243-6°. II (10.6 g.) and 13.5 g. 3-methy1-2,4-pentanedione, heated at 150-60° for 1.5 h., give 65% of 2-amino-4,5,6-trimethylpyrimidine, m. 206-7°; 2-sulfanilamido compound, m. 242-4° (N4-Ac derivative, m. 286-8°). 2-Aminothiazole (100 g.), added to 200 cc. 20% oleum with cooling during 1 h., heated on a steam bath for 2 h., and poured into 450 cc. H2O, give 69% of 2-amino-5(or 4)-thiazolesulfonic acid, m. 248° (analyzed as the Ba salt); 2-sulfanilamido comp., m. 258°. 2-Amino-4-methyl-5-thiazolesulfonic acid did not react with 4-AcNHC6H4SO2Cl. H2NNHCONH2 (4.6 g.) and 12.7 g. EtO2CCH2COCl, heated at 60-70° for 30 min., give 37% of Et 2-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazole-5acetate, m. 158-60°; coupling and hydrolysis give

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2-sulfanilamido-1,3,4-thiadiazole-5-acetic acid, m. 209-12°. Et
     2-amino-1,3,4-thiadiazole-5-butyrate, m. 153-4° (41%), yields
     2-sulfanilamido-1,3,4-thiadiazole-5-butyric acid, m. 185.5-6.5°.
    Data are given for the maximum blood level (mg.-% following a single oral
    dose of 0.5 g. per kg.), bacteriostatic, and antimalarial activities.
    Only the tri-Me derivative approaches the activity of sulfadiazine in the
    bacteriostatic test; the extremely low relative activities of the others
    serve to point out that other factors in addition to the acidity of the
    compds. in question are important. Simple alkyl substitution of the
    pyrimidine ring or of the sulfanilamide nucleus does not markedly affect
    the maximum blood level as compared with sulfadiazine; more complicated
    substituents reduce this value somewhat; the value is still further
     reduced by amino substitution; the sulfonic acid group reduces the maximum
    blood level of sulfathiazole.
    1946:11377 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080319>>
    40:11377
OREF 40:2124e-i,2125a-c
    Chemotherapy. XII. Some sulfanilamido heterocycles
AU
    Clark, J. H.; English, J. P.; Winnek, P. S.; Marson, H. W.; Cole, Q. P.;
    Clapp, J. W.
    American Cyanamid Co., Stamford, CT
    Journal of the American Chemical Society (1946), 68, 96-9
    CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
    Journal
    Unavailable
     FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:55:49 ON 19 MAR 2008
           605 S (ACYL OR ACETYL OR PROPIONOYL OR SUCCINOYL OR BENZOYL) (3A) (PY
         175511 S PRODRUG OR CHEMOTHERAP? OR ANTIVIRAL
        386993 S TOXICITY OR (SIDE EFFECT) OR (ADVERSE EFFECT)
            61 S L1 AND L2
             11 S L1 AND L3
             8 S L1 AND L2 AND L3
             42 S L4 AND (PY<2000 OR AY<2000 OR PRY<2000)
             9 S L5 AND (PY<2000 OR AY<2000 OR PRY<2000)
             6 S L6 AND (PY<2000 OR AY<2000 OR PRY<2000)
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23 S L7 AND (PY<1990 OR AY<1990 OR PRY<1990)

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L4 L5

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L8

L9

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html

=)

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7 9 15 16 17 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26
ring nodes:
1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14
chain bonds:
1-10 2-9 4-7 10-22 11-24 12-23 13-15 13-21 15-16 15-19 15-20 16-17 17-25
ring bonds:
1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14
exact/norm bonds:
1-2 1-6 1-10 2-3 2-9 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14
Exact/norm bonds:
1-6 1-16 17 17-25
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exact bonds : 10-22 11-24 12-23 13-15 13-21 15-19 15-20 17-26

G1:0.N

Match level : 1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS

50 ANSWERS

21:CLASS 22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 11

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:07:14 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 699 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 699 ITERATIONS INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\* PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 12394 TO 15566 3853 TO 5707 PROJECTED ANSWERS:

50 SEA SSS SAM L1

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\08460186acety12.str



```
7 9 15 16 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 rring nodes: 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14 chain bonds: 1 12 13 14 chain bonds: 1 10 29 4-7 10-19 11-21 12-20 12-15 13-18 13-24 15-16 16-22 16-23 ring bonds: 1 2 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14 exact/norm bonds: 1 1-2 1-6 1-10 2-3 2-9 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14
```

chain nodes :

13-14 15-16 16-22 exact bonds: 10-19 11-21 12-20 13-18 13-24 16-23

G1:0,N

Match level:
1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS

# L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\08460186acetyl3.str



```
chain nodes: 7 9 15 16 18 19 20 21 22 23 24  
ring nodes: 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14  
chain bonds: 1 -10 2-9 4-7 10-19 11-21 11-15 12-20 13-18 13-24 15-16 16-22 16-23  
ring bonds: 1 -2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14  
exact/norm bonds: 1 -2 1-6 1-10 2-3 2-9 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 11-15 11-15 12-13  
13-14 15-16 16-22  
exact bonds: 1 -2 1-10 12-1 12-13 13-14  
exact bonds: 1 -2 11-15 12-13 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 13-14 1
```

### G1:0,N

Match level: 1:Atom 2:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS 24:CLASS

### L4 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=>

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\08460186acety14.str

chain nodes :

7 9 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22

10-16 11-18 12-17 13-15 13-19 20-22

# G1:0.N

Match level: 1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

#### L5 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Oueries\08460186acetv15.str

chain nodes :

7 9 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 ring nodes : 1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14 chain bonds : 1-10 2-9 3-20 4-7 10-16 11-18 12-17 13-15 13-19 20-21 20-22 ring bonds : 1-2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14 exact/norm bonds : 1-2 1-6 1-10 2-3 2-9 3-4 3-20 4-5 4-7 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14 20-21 exact bonds : 10-16 11-18 12-17 13-15 13-19 20-22

### G1:0.N

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS 22:CLASS

### L6 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 13

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:16 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 779 TO ITERATE 100.0% PROCESSED 779 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS

INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 13906 TO 17254 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 6081 TO 8359

50 SEA SSS SAM L3 L7

=> s 14 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:20 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 329 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 329 ITERATIONS 50 ANSWERS

50 ANSWERS

0 ANSWERS

INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED)

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\* PROJECTED ITERATIONS:

5492 TO 7668 1934 TO 3306 PROJECTED ANSWERS:

50 SEA SSS SAM L4

=> s 15

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:24 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 532 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 532 ITERATIONS

INCOMPLETE SEARCH (SYSTEM LIMIT EXCEEDED) SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 9257 TO 12023 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1864 TO 3216

L9 50 SEA SSS SAM L5

=> s 16 SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:27 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 92 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 92 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\* BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 1265 TO 2415 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 0 TO 0

L10 0 SEA SSS SAM L6

=> s 11 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:36 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 14686 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 14686 ITERATIONS 5110 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L11 5110 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> s 13 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:40 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 16416 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 16416 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 7305 ANSWERS

L12 7305 SEA SSS FUL L3

=> s 14 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:45 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 7162 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 7162 ITERATIONS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

2738 ANSWERS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

L13 2738 SEA SSS FUL L4

=> s 15 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:49 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 10809 TO ITERATE

L14 2463 SEA SSS FUL L5

=> s 16 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:08:54 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1716 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1716 ITERATIONS 60 ANSWERS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L15 60 SEA SSS FUL L6

=> file caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

FULL ESTIMATED COST

ESTIMATED COST 890.88 891.09

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13

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=> file stnguide

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE
 TOTAL

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 0.48
 891.57

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:09:14 ON 21 MAR 2008

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).

=> file hcaplus

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE
 TOTAL

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 0.12
 891.69

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2008 (20080320/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 111/thu or 112/thu or 113/thu or 114/thu or 115/thu

2366 L11
990583 THU/RL
264 L11/THU
(L11 (L) THU/RL)
3668 L12
990583 THU/RL
189 L12/THU
(L12 (L) THU/RL)
1438 L13
990583 THU/RL
88 L13/THU
88 L13/THU

(L13 (L) THU/RL) 1377 L14 990583 THU/RL 226 L14/THU (L14 (L) THU/RL) 29 L15 990583 THU/RL 2 L15/THU (L15 (L) THU/RL)

L16 544 L11/THU OR L12/THU OR L13/THU OR L14/THU OR L15/THU

=> s 116 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991)

13721594 PY<1991 2389087 AY<1991 1831063 PRY<1991

62 L16 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 2.69 894.38

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:10:22 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).

=> file hcaplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.12 894.50

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:11:17 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2008 (20080320/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s cancer or tumor or viral or antiviral or neoplas? or HIV or hepatitis or influenza

352123 CANCER

444713 TUMOR 184273 VIRAL

65529 ANTIVIRAL

534737 NEOPLAS?

77357 HIV

65816 HEPATITIS 25852 INFLUENZA

L18 1089167 CANCER OR TUMOR OR VIRAL OR ANTIVIRAL OR NEOPLAS? OR HIV OR HEPA TITIS OR INFLUENZA

=> s 117 and 118

1.19 53 L17 AND L18

=> file stnquide

TOTAL COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION 2.69 897.19 FULL ESTIMATED COST

FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 11:11:20 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).

=> file hcaplus

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION COST IN U.S. DOLLARS FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.12 897.31

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:12:43 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2008 (20080320/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s (delayed or extended or controlled) (w)release

112953 DELAYED

271936 EXTENDED

599270 CONTROLLED

517109 RELEASE

29219 (DELAYED OR EXTENDED OR CONTROLLED) (W) RELEASE

=> s prodrug

12682 PRODRUG

=> s 119 and 120

0 L19 AND L20

=> s 119 and 121

6 L19 AND L21

=> file stnguide

HELP DFIELDS -- To see a complete list of individual display fields. HELP FORMATS -- To see detailed descriptions of the predefined formats. ENTER DISPLAY FORMAT (IDE):ide

L12 ANSWER 1 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

1008577-10-3 REGISTRY RN

ED Entered STN: 18 Mar 2008 CN

INDEX NAME NOT YET ASSIGNED

MF C20 H23 N3 O6 Other Sources SR

Database: ZINC (Shoichet Laboratory)

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

L12 ANSWER 2 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN 1007602-86-9 REGISTRY

RN

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2008

5'-Uridylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, bis(3,7-dimethyl-6-octen-1-yl) ester, CN 3'-acetate (CA INDEX NAME)

STEREOSEARCH

C31 H51 N2 O9 P MF

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA. CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L12 ANSWER 3 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 1007602-85-8 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2008

CN 5'-Uridylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, didocosyl ester, 3'-acetate (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C55 H103 N2 O9 P

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

# \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L12 ANSWER 4 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 1007602-84-7 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2008

CN 5'-Uridylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, dioctadecyl ester, 3'-acetate (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C47 H87 N2 O9 P

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

## \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

L12 ANSWER 5 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RN 1007602-83-6 REGISTRY

ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2008

CN 5'-Uridylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, dihexadecyl ester, 3'-acetate (CA INDEX NAME)

FS STEREOSEARCH

MF C43 H79 N2 O9 P

SR CA

LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

### Absolute stereochemistry.

OAC

OAC

OAC

(CH2) 15

Me

(CH2) 15

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

- L12 ANSWER 6 OF 7305 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- RN 1007602-82-5 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 12 Mar 2008
- CN 5'-Uridylic acid, 2'-deoxy-, didodecyl ester, 3'-acetate (CA INDEX NAME)
- FS STEREOSEARCH

SR CA

- MF C35 H63 N2 O9 P
- LC STN Files: CA, CAPLUS

Absolute stereochemistry.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} & & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & & \\ & \\ & & \\$$

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

1 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> d 123 1-6 ti abs bib YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L23 ANSWER 1 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic.

chemotherapy.
AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 131:281604

TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

50 U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485.

CODEN: USXXAM DT Patent

LA English

PAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	US 5968914	A 19991019	US 1995-472210	19950607 <		
	EP 712629	A1 19960522	EP 1995-203050	19881027 <		
	EP 712629	B1 20030618				
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, FR, GB, IT, L	I, LU, NL, SE			
	JP 10001436	A 19980106	JP 1997-36734	19881027 <		
	JP 3474073	B2 20031208				
	JP 2001192335	A 20010717	JP 2000-379524	19881027 <		
	CA 2111571	A1 19930121	CA 1992-2111571	19920625		
	CA 2111571	C 20050823				
	CA 2504078	A1 19930121	CA 1992-2504078	19920625		
	CA 2504078	C 20070828				
	ES 2160579	T3 20011116	ES 1992-914215	19920625		
	ZA 9204975	A 19930428	ZA 1992-4975	19920703		
	IN 175688	A1 19950812	IN 1992-CA473	19920706		

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US 5246708 A 19930921 US 1992-911379 19920713 <--
US 5470838 A 19951128 US 1992-997657 19921230 <--
US 5583117 A 19961210 US 1993-140475 19931025 <--
US 5736531 A 19961210 US 1993-153163 19931107 <--
US 5736531 A 19980407 US 1993-153163 19931117 <--
US 5736531 A 19980407 US 1993-176485 19931230 <--
US 5736531 A 19980407 US 1993-176485 19931230 <--
US 5770582 A 19990215 IN 1994-C701 19940902 US 5770582 A 19980623 US 1995-465701 19950605 <--
US 5691320 A 19971125 US 1995-465144 19950605 <--
US 6054441 A 20000425 US 1995-463790 19950605 <--
US 6054441 A 20000425 US 1995-463790 19950605 <--
US 6054461 B 20017211 US 1995-463771 19950605 <--
US 6058795 B1 20010710 US 1995-463771 19950606 <--
US 6232298 B1 20010710 US 1995-466144 19950606 <--
US 6232298 B1 20010515 US 1995-479519 19950607 <--
US 6274563 B1 20010814 US 1995-479349 19950607 <--
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US 6348451 B1 20020219 US 1995-478736 19950607 <--
US 6348451 B1 20020219 US
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                                           ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
                                           LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
                                           SE, SG
                               RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
                                           IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN
                  AU 9661114 A 19961230 AU 1996-61114
                 AU 724805
                                                                                  B2 20000928
A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461
                              R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                                           IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
                 CN 1192149 A 19980902 CN 1996-195929
JP 10511689 T 15981110 JP 1997-502184
JP 2003201240 A 20030718 JP 2003-721
EP 1491201 A1 20041229 EP 2004-23557
EP 1491201 B1 20060322
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EP 1988-910239 A3 19881027 <--
JP 1988-509176 A3 19881027 <--
JP 1994-303877 A3 19881027 <--
JP 2000-379524 A3 19881027 <--
US 1989-341925 B1 198904215 <--
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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the

adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described. AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 126:139905

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral

agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent LA English

FAN CNT 13

							APPLICATION NO.												
PI		9640	AL, ES, LT,	AM, FI, LU,	AT, GB,	Al AU, GE,	AZ,		1219 BG, IS,	BR, JP,	WO 1 BY, KE,	996- CA, KG,	US10 CH, KP,	067 CN, KR,	CZ,	DE, LK,	9960 DK, LR,	EE, LS,	
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- L23 ANSWER 3 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Liposomal sustained-release delivery systems for intravenous injection. IV. Antitumor activity of newly synthesized lipophilic 1-B-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine prodrug-bearing liposomes
- AB A lipophilic prodrug of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (Ara-C), namely N4-[N-(cholesteryloxycarbonyl)glycyl]-Ara-C (COCG-Ara-C), was synthesized, and its antitumor activity in a liposome-entrapped form was studied. COCG-Ara-C showed an increased lipophilicity and almost complete entrapment in liposomes. COCG-Ara-C was hydrolyzed to the parent drug chemical, but the hydrolysis was accelerated in the presence of mouse, rat, and human plasma. The in vitro cytotoxicity of the prodrug against P 388 leukemia was approx. one-fifth that of Ara-C and 4 times that of N4-behenoyl-Ara-C (BHAC). For in vivo antitumor activity tests, unilamellar vesicles composed of egg phosphatidylcholine (PC), egg sphingomyelin (SM) and COCG-Ara-C in a molar ratio of 7:3:X (X = 0-2.0) were prepared by the combination of controlled dialysis and sequential extrusion. The vesicle size ranged from 108 to 124 nm. In all the antitumor activity studies, chemotherapy was performed i.v. The antitumor activity of COCG-Ara-C-bearing liposomes against i.p. or i.v. inoculated mouse L 1210 leukemia was clearly superior to those of Ara-C and BHAC aqueous solns. The efficacy of COCG-Ara-C against L 1210 leukemia was dependent upon the dosage form: regardless of implantation route, liposomal COCG-Ara-C showed a more potent activity than free COCG-Ara-C (aqueous

solution). Prodrug-bearing liposomes also inhibited the growth of a human lung adenocarcinoma A 549 xenograft implanted under the renal capsule more efficiently than did Ara-C and BHAC aqueous solns. These results suggest the potential usefulness of COCG-Ara-C-bearing liposomes in cancer chemotherapy.

1989:18186 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> AN

DN 110:18186

- Liposomal sustained-release delivery systems for intravenous injection. IV. Antitumor activity of newly synthesized lipophilic 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine prodrug-bearing liposomes
- AU Tokunaga, Yuji; Iwasa, Tomoaki; Fujisaki, Jiro; Sawai, Seiji; Kagayama,
- CS Explor. Res. Lab., Fujisawa Pharm. Co., Ltd., Tsukuba, 300-26, Japan
- SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1988), 36(9), 3574-83
- CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363 Journal

Т

- T.A
- English
- L23 ANSWER 4 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI N4-Chloroacetylcytosine arabinoside - a possible prodrug of cytosine arabinoside

NHCOCH2R1

- Lipophilic N1-acetyl and N4-chloroacetyl derivs. (I, R = H, ribosyl, AB 2-deoxyribosyl or arabinosyl, R1 = H or C1) of cytidine, 2'-deoxycytidine and cytosine arabinoside (Ara-C) were prepared by acetylation and chloroacetylation, resp. Their toxicity to A(Ti)C1-3 hamster fibrosarcoma cells was determined I (R1 = ribosyl, 2-deoxyribosyl or arabinosyl, R1 = C1) were potent with no colonies surviving at concns. of 10-4, 10-4, and 10-6M, resp. I (R1 = ribosyl, 2-deoxyribosyl or arabinosyl, R1 = H) showed comparatively poor toxicity with 95, 77 and 87% survival of colonies, resp. N4-Chloroacetyl-2'-deoxycytidine and N4-chloroacetyl-Ara-C underwent hydrolysis in phosphate-buffered saline at 50° to yield the parent nucleosides and the N3-carboxymethyl derivs. via 1-H-2,3-dihydro-2,5-dioxoimidazo[1,2-c]pyrimidines.
- AN 1988:142952 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 108:142952
- ΤI N4-Chloroacetylcytosine arabinoside - a possible prodrug of cvtosine arabinoside
- AU Ariatti, Mario; Jones, Peter A.
- Dep. Biochem., Univ. Durban-Westville, Durban, 4000, S. Afr.
- SO Biochemistry International (1987), 15(6), 1097-103 CODEN: BIINDF; ISSN: 0158-5231
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L23 ANSWER 5 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
  - Selective anticancer effects of 3',5'-dioctanoyl-5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine, a lipophilic prodrug of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine, dissolved in an oily lymphographic agent on hepatic cancer of rabbits bearing VX-2 tumor

- AB 3',5'-Dioctanoyl-5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine (FdUrd-C8) was dissolved in an oily lymphog. agent (Lipiodol), which had been studied as a carrier of the anticancer drug for hepatic artery of rabbits bearing VX-2 tumor in the liver in order to examine the anticancer effects and possible adverse effects on nontumorous hepatic cells. Lipiodol or FdUrdC8 Lipiodol selectivity remained in the hepatic cell but disappeared from nontumorous parts of the liver 7 days after injection. Tumor growth rates in 1 wk of the untreated group, a group given injections of 0.2 mL of Lipiodol alone, and groups given injections of 0.2 mL of Lipiodol containing 30, 50, 70, and 100 mg of FdUrd-C8 were 636, 436, 34.8, 14.9, -2.4, and -10.4% of the size at the time of treatment, resp. Patholog. observation also showed that FdUrd-C8 had a strong anticancer effect on VX-2 tumor growing in the liver of the rabbits. In contrast to the effect on the cancerous cells, that on nontumorous hepatic cells was very slight. In pathol. observation, necrosis or degeneration of nontumorous hepatic cells was hardly observed Plasma glutamic-oxaloacetic transaminase and glutamic-pyruvic transaminase levels temporarily rose 1 day after injection but returned to the initial levels within 7 days in all groups.
- AN 1987:400376 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 107:376

OREF 107:58h,59a

- TI Selective anticancer effects of 3',5'-dioctancyl-5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine, a lipophilic prodrug of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine, dissolved in an oily lymphographic agent on hepatic cancer of rabbits bearing VY-2 tumor
- AU Fukushima, Shoji; Kawaguchi, Takeo; Nishida, Mika; Juni, Kazuhiko; Yamashita, Yasuyuki; Takahashi, Mutsumasa; Nakano, Masahiro
- CS Dep. Pharm., Kumamoto Univ. Hosp., Tokyo, 191, Japan
- SO Cancer Research (1987), 47(7), 1930-4
- CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L23 ANSWER 6 OF 6 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Lipophilic 5'-alkyl phosphate esters of 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine and its N4-acyl and 2,2'-anhydro-3'-O-acyl derivatives as potential prodrugs
- CT

AB Lipophilic 5'-(alkyl phosphate) esters of I (R = alkyl, benzylglyceryl etc., R1 = H, CO(CR2)14Me, or CO(CR2)16Me) of 1-β-D- arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) [147-94-4] and several N4-acyl and 3'-O-acyl-2,2'-anhydro derivs. of ara-C were synthesized as potential prodrugs of ara-C 5'-monophosphate (ara-CMP) [147-94-4]. Alkylphosphorylation of ara-C, N4-palmitcyl-ara-C [55726-44-8] was achieved in a single continuous

operation by allowing the nucleoside to react with PCCl3 in tri-Me or tri-Et phosphate and adding the appropriate anhydrous alc. directly to the intermediate phosphorodichloridate without isolation. Similar reactions with cytidine  $\{65-46-3\}$  in the presence of boron trifluoride yielded  $3^*\text{--O-acyl-2},2^!\text{-anhydro-ara-C}$   $5^*\text{--}(\text{-alkyl phosphate})$  esters. Several ara-CMP analogs were teeted against L1210/ara-C leukemia in mice in the hope that this kinase-deficient tumor would respond to treatment with these prephosphorylated derivs., but no activity was observed Of the simple  $5^*\text{--O-}(\text{-alkyl phosphate})$  esters tested in culture against L1210 leukemic cells, only I [R = HOCH2CH(OH)CH2, RI = H] [8095-69-1] showed toxicity comparable to ara-CMP (1050 = 0.35 and 0.65  $\mu\text{M}$ , resp.), suggesting that  $\beta\text{--hydroxyalkyl phosphate}$  esters may be worthwhile to examine further as prodrugs of ara-CMP.

AN 1982:45867 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 96:45867

OREF 96:7415a,7418a

TI Lipophilic 5'-alkyl phosphate esters of 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine and its N4-acyl and 2,2'-anhydro-3'-O-acyl derivatives as potential prodrugs

AU Rosowsky, A.; Kim, S. H.; Ross, J.; Wick, M. M.

CS Sidney Farber Cancer Inst., Harvard Med. Sch., Boston, MA, 02115, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1982), 25(2), 171-8 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623

T Journal

LA English

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- L25 ANSWER 1 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent
- toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 131:281604
- ΤT Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent
- English LA EAN CHT 13

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T3 20060415

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T3 20060801

RS 2004-23557

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RK 1072897

Al 20060831

RF 2004-23557

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Al 20060512

RK 2005-105421

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RS 20020205

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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L25 ANSWER 2 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compos. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoletic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported.
- AN 1998:236253 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 128:266247
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM

Patent

DT LA	Patent English							
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	US 6344447		B2	20020205				
	AU 9952624		A	19991202	AU	1999-52624	19991001	
	US 6743782		B1	20040601	US	2000-494242	20000131	<
	AU 2002320811		A1	20030403		2002-320811	20021223	
	US 2004033981		A1	20040219		2003-601863	20030624	
	US 2004192635		A1	20040930	US	2004-824501	20040415	<
	US 2004220134		A1	20041104		2004-855835	20040528	<
	AU 2005232288		A1	20051201		2005-232288	20051110	
	JP 2006137772		A	20060601		2005-380457	20051228	
	JP 2008019268		A	20080131		2007-233452	20070907	<
PRAI	US 1987-115923		B2	19871028	<			
	US 1987-115929		B2	19871028	<			
	US 1989-438493		B2	19890627	<			
	US 1990-487984		B2	19900205	<			
	US 1991-724340		B2	19910705				
	US 1992-903107 US 1993-61381		B2 B2	19920625 19930514				
	US 1993-61381 US 1988-186031		B2 B2	19930514	<			
	EP 1988-910239				<			
	JP 1988-509176		A3 A3	19881027 19881027	<			
	05 1200-2021/0		AS	13001021	<			

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JP 1994-303877 A3 19881027 <--
US 1989-341925 B1 19890421 <--
US 1990-533933 B1 19900605 <--
US 1990-438493 B2 19900626 <--
US 1991-653882 B2 19900626 <--
US 1991-653882 B2 19900226 
US 1991-737913 B3 19910729
CA 1992-2111571 A3 19920706
US 1992-211379 A1 19920706
US 1992-91379 A3 19920713
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US 1992-97730 B2 19921208
US 1993-986407 B1 19930726
US 1993-986407 B1 19930726
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US 1993-1958163 A1 1993117
US 1993-15865 A2 19931201
US 1993-16485 A2 19931201
US 1994-266937 B3 19940701
US 1994-26697 B3 19940701
US 1995-419767 A3 19950410
US 1995-463740 A1 19950605
US 1995-463740 A1 19950605
US 1995-463740 A1 19950605
US 1995-472210 A1 19950605
US 1995-472210 A1 19950605
AU 1995-29150 A3 19950605
AU 1999-52624 A3 19991001
US 2000-494242 A3 20000131
AU 2002-320811 A3 20021228
US MARPAT 128:266247
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RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L25 ANSWER 3 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 126:139905

II Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 13
PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

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PT WO 9640165
                         A1 19961219 WO 1996-US10067
                                                                   19960606
         W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
             LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,
             SE. SG
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
             IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN
     IN 177670
                         A1 19970215 IN 1994-CA701
                                                                   19940902
     US 5968914
                                19991019
                                           US 1995-472210
                                                                    19950607 <--
                          A
    AU 9661114
                                19961230 AU 1996-61114
                         A
                                                                    19960606
     AU 724805
                         B2 20000928
                         A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461
     EP 831849
                                                                    19960606
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
    JP 10511689
                         Т
                                19981110
                                          JP 1997-502184
                                                                    19960606
    AU 9952624
                         A
                                19991202 AU 1999-52624
                                                                    19991001
    AU 2002320811
                        A1 20030403 AU 2002-320811
A1 20051201 AU 2005-232288
                                                                    20021223
    AU 2005232288
                                           AU 2005-232288
                                                                    20051110
    US 1995-472210
US 1987-115923
                        A
PRAI US 1995-472210
                                19950607
                       B2 19871028 <--
B2 19871028 <--
B2 19890627 <--
B2 19900205 <--
B2 19910705
    US 1989-438493
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    US 1991-724340
    US 1992-903107
                         B2
                                19920625
                                19920706
     IN 1992-CA473
                        A1
B2
    US 1993-61381
                                19930514
    US 1993-176485
                        A2
                                19931230
    AU 1995-29150
                         A3
                                19950630
                               19960606
    WO 1996-US10067
                        W
                        A3 19991001
    AU 1999-52624
                         A3
    AU 2002-320811
                               20021223
```

- L25 ANSWER 4 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- AB Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors, including acyl derivs. of cytidine, uridine, and orotate, and uridine phosphorylase inhibitors, and their use in enhancing resistance to sepsis or systemic inflammation, are disclosed. Triacetyluridine improved survival of mice treated with a LD of Salmonella typhimurium endotoxin, reduced endotxin-caused tissue damage, reduced mortality in viral hepatitis in mice, and improved recovery from ethanol intoxication.
- AN 1996:205056 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 124:250921
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.; Hiltbrand, Bradley M.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- EAN ONT 13

E LITA.	CNI IS			
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 9601115	A1 19960118	WO 1995-US8259	19950630
	W: AU, CA, CN,	JP, KR, MX		
	RW: AT, BE, CH,	DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL, PT, SE
	IN 177670	A1 19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940902
	US 5691320	A 19971125	US 1995-465454	19950605 <

	US	6232298		В1	20010515	US	1995-479519		19950607 <	-
	CA	2193967		A1	19960118	CA	1995-2193967		19950630	
	CA	2193967		C	20070911					
	AU	9529150		A	19960125	AU	1995-29150		19950630	
	AU	712679		B2	19991111					
	EP	768883		A1	19970423	EP	1995-924764		19950630	
		R: AT, BE,	CH,	DE,	DK, ES, FR,	GB, GI	R, IE, IT, LI,	LU,	MC, NL, PT, SE	€
	CN	1156409		A	19970806	CN	1995-194806		19950630	
	JP	10505578		T	19980602	JP	1996-503935		19950630	
	CN	101066276		A	20071107	CN	2006-10105555		19950630	
	AU	9952624		A	19991202	AU	1999-52624		19991001	
		2002320811		A1	20030403		2002-320811		20021223	
	US	2003212036		A1	20031113		2003-421831		20030424	
	US	2004033981		A1	20040219	US	2003-601863		20030624 <	-
	US	2004220134		A1	20041104	US	2004-855835		20040528 <	-
	AU	2005232281		A1	20051201		2005-232281		20051110	
	AU	2005232286		A1	20051201	AU	2005-232286		20051110	
		2005232288		A1	20051201		2005-232288		20051110	
	JP	2008007525		A	20080117	JP	2007-250303		20070926	
PRAI		1994-266897		A	19940701					
	US	1987-115929		B2	19871028	<				
	US	1989-438493		B2	19890627	<				
		1990-438493		B2	19900626	<				
		1992-CA473		A1	19920706					
		1992-987730		B2	19921208					
		1993-158799		B2	19931201					
		1995-463740		A1	19950605					
		1995-479519		A1	19950607					
		1995-29150		A3	19950630					
		1995-194806		A3	19950630					
		1996-503935		A3	19950630					
		1995-US8259		M	19950630					
		1999-52624		A3	19991001					
		2000-702876		A3	20001101					
	ΑU	2002-320811		A3	20021223					

L25 ANSWER 5 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antitumor characteristics of the conjugate of N4-(4-carboxybutyryl)-ara-C with ethylenediamine-introduced dextran and its resistance to cytidine deaminase

AB By oxidation of dextran, and reduction of the Schiff bases formed by reaction of

the oxidized dextran with diaminoalkanes, several diaminoalkane-induced dextrans were prepared and evaluated as drug carriers. Conjugates between NA+(4-carboxyburry1)-1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (glu-ara-C) and such drug carriers were prepared, and selected conjugates were tested in vivo, and investigated for inhibitory effects on cytidine deaminase. Ethylenediamine-introduced dextran prepared under 10% oxidation conditions was found to be most useful as a drug carrier from its chemical characteristics and toxicity evaluation in BDF1 mice. The conjugate obtained from glu-ara-C and ethylenediamine-induced dextran 2000 showed high antitumor activity, significant at the relatively low dose of 100 mg equivalent ara-C/kg, in BDF1 mice bearing L1210 leukemia cells. Glu-ara-C and the conjugate were unaffected by cytidine deaminase under conditions in which  $1-\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine was degraded rapidly to  $1-\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylvacil.

AN 1991:421691 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 115:21691

TI Antitumor characteristics of the conjugate of N4-(4-carboxybutyryl)-ara-C with ethylenediamine-introduced dextran and its resistance to cytidine deaminase AU Onishi, Hiraku; Pithayanukul, Pimolpan; Nagai, Tsuneji

Fac. Pharm. Sci., Hoshi Univ., Tokyo, Japan CS

Drug Design and Delivery (1990), 6(4), 273-80 SO CODEN: DDDEEJ; ISSN: 0884-2884

Journal

LA English

L25 ANSWER 6 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

5-Fluorouracil derivatives. XX. Synthesis and antitumor activity of 5'-0-unsaturated acv1-5-fluorouridines

AB Various kinds of 5'-0-unsatd. acyl 5-fluorouridines I (R = unsatd. acyl) were synthesized to obtain 5-fluorouridine derivs. with low toxicity and high antitumor activity. Antitumor activity of the compds. against L-1210 leukemia in mice was examined, and the 5'-O-4-pentencyl derivative showed the highest antitumor activity.

AN 1991:220747 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 114:220747

5-Fluorouracil derivatives. XX. Synthesis and antitumor activity of 5'-O-unsaturated acv1-5-fluorouridines

ΑU Ozaki, Shoichiro; Akiyama, Takahiko; Morita, Takao; Kumegawa, Masahiro; Nagase, Toshio; Uehara, Nobuaki; Hoshi, Akio

Fac. Eng., Ehime Univ., Matsuyama, 790, Japan

SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1990), 38(11), 3164-6

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363 Journal

LA English

L25 ANSWER 7 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Antiviral effect of antileukemic drugs N4-behenoyl-1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine (BH-AC) and 2,2'-anhydro-1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine (cyclo-C) against human cytomegalovirus

The antiviral activities of antileukemic drugs 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (cytarabine; Ara-C), 2,2'-anhydro-1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ancitabine; Cyclo-C), and N4-behenoyl-1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (enocitabine; BH-AC) were evaluated in vitro against human cytomegalovirus (HCMV) in comparison with those of five other antiviral drugs. Both Ara-C and Cyclo-C showed the strongest inhibitory effect to HCMV. BH-AC inhibited the replication of HCMV and depicted almost as the same dose-response

curve as ganciclovir (DHPG). In the presence of Ara-C, Cyclo-C, or BH-AC, triphosphate forms of the nucleoside analogs were detected in the HCMV-infected cells, and synthesis of HCMV DNA was strongly suppressed. Thus, Ara-C, Cyclo-C, and BH-AC were not only antileukemic, but also antiviral in vitro. However, Ara-C and Cyclo-C may not be suitable as anti-HCMV agents, because they are cytotoxic or excreted rapidly in the urine in vivo. Because of lower toxicity and longer retention in vivo, BH-AC may be expected as an anti-HCMV agent in patients with leukemia, in addition to serving as an antileukemic drug. 1990:544907 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 113:144907

Antiviral effect of antileukemic drugs N4-behenov1-1-8-Darabinofuranosylcytosine (BH-AC) and 2,2'-anhydro-1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine (cyclo-C) against human cytomegalovirus

AII Nakamura, Kazuo; Eizuru, Yoshito; Kumura, Keiko; Minamishima, Yoichi

CS Dep. Microbiol., Miyazaki Med. Coll., Kiyotake, 889-16, Japan

SO Journal of Medical Virology (1990), 31(2), 141-7 CODEN: JMVIDB; ISSN: 0146-6615

Journal

LA English

L25 ANSWER 8 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

N4-Chloroacetylcytosine arabinoside - a possible prodrug of cytosine arabinoside

AN

Ι

AB Lipophilic N1-acetyl and N4-chloroacetyl derivs. (I, R = H, ribosyl, 2-deoxyribosyl or arabinosyl, R1 = H or C1) of cytidine, 2'-deoxycytidine and cytosine arabinoside (Ara-C) were prepared by acetylation and chloroacetylation, resp. Their toxicity to A(Ti)Cl-3 hamster fibrosarcoma cells was determined I (R1 = ribosvl, 2-deoxyribosvl or arabinosyl, R1 = C1) were potent with no colonies surviving at concns. of 10-4, 10-4, and 10-6M, resp. I (R1 = ribosyl, 2-deoxyribosyl or arabinosyl, R1 = H) showed comparatively poor toxicity with 95, 77 and 87% survival of colonies, resp. N4-Chloroacetyl-2'-deoxycytidine and N4-chloroacetyl-Ara-C underwent hydrolysis in phosphate-buffered saline at 50° to yield the parent nucleosides and the N3-carboxymethyl derivs, via 1-H-2,3-dihydro-2,5-dioxoimidazo[1,2c]pyrimidines.

1988:142952 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

AN 108:142952 DN

N4-Chloroacetylcytosine arabinoside - a possible prodrug of cytosine arabinoside

AU Ariatti, Mario; Jones, Peter A.

CS Dep. Biochem., Univ. Durban-Westville, Durban, 4000, S. Afr.

SO Biochemistry International (1987), 15(6), 1097-103 CODEN: BIINDF; ISSN: 0158-5231

DT Journal

English T.A

A review, with 16 refs., of the phys. properties, antitumor mechanisms, pharmacokinetics, and toxicity of FO-152 (I).

AN 1987:568080 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 107:168080

OREF 107:26818a

TI FO-152

ΑU Furue, Hisashi; Niitani, Hisanobu; Kurihara, Minoru; Hasegawa, Kooichi; Nakao, Isao; Tsukagoshi, Shigeru; Fujita, Hiroshi

Nihon Med. Sch., Teikyo Univ., Japan CS

SO Gan to Kagaku Ryoho (1987), 14(7), 2251-6

CODEN: GTKRDX; ISSN: 0385-0684

Journal; General Review LA

Japanese

L25 ANSWER 10 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤI Antiviral 5-halo-2'-deoxyuridines

GI

GI

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AB
   5-Halo-2'-deoxyuridines I (X = halo; R1, R2 = H, C≥2 aliphatic acyl,
    C≥6 aromatic acyl; R1 = R2 ≠ H) are antiviral agents
    for therapeutic use. I shows a high antiviral activity but low
     toxicity to normal cells. Herpes type 1 virus was inoculated into
    Vero cell monolayer culture in minimal essential medium (MEM) containing 5%
    calf serum, and test compds. were added. After 48 h cultivation in 5%
    calf serum-containing MEM, the ED50 of 3',5'-didodecanoy1-5-fluoro-2'-
    deoxyuridine (II) was 0.054 µg/mL compared to 0.99 µg/mL for
     acyclovir (control compound). Capsules were prepared containing II 10, lactose
    97, crystalline cellulose 50, and Mg stearate 3 mg.
   1987:207662 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
AN
DN 106:207662
OREF 106:33520h,33521a
TT
    Antiviral 5-halo-2'-deoxyuridines
IN Kawaguchi, Takeo; Fujinaga, Shigeki; Suzuki, Yoshiki
PA Teijin Ltd., Japan
SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
   Patent
LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE APPLICATION NO.
    WO 8700435
                      A1 19870129 WO 1986-JP383
                                                               19860721 <--
        W: AU, JP, US
        RW: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
     AU 8661367 A 19870210
                                         AU 1986-61367
                                                                19860721 <--
                       B2 19900208
A1 19870708
B1 19920513
     AU 593271
     EP 227844
                                         EP 1986-904397
                                                                19860721 <--
     EP 227844
        R: CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE
US 4868162 A 19890919 US 1987-28841
PRAI JP 1985-160115 A 19850722 <--
WO 1986-JP383 A 19860721 <--
                                                               19870323 <--
    MARPAT 106:207662
O.S.
L25 ANSWER 11 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Platinum-dioxopyrimidine complexes
AB Complexes of 2,4-dioxopyrimidines with cis-diaquodiamineplatinum (II) were
    prepared and tested for antitumor, antibacterial and antiviral
    activity. The complexes appear to have good activity with low renal
    toxicity.
AN
   1984:114992 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
DN 100:114992
OREF 100:17361a,17364a
TT
    Platinum-dioxopyrimidine complexes
IN Rosenberg, Barnett; Van Camp, Loretta; Ficher, Robert G.; Kansy, Samir;
    Peresie, Henry J.; Davidson, James P.
PA
   Research Corp. , USA
SO U.S., 11 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 803,269, abandoned.
    CODEN: USXXAM
   Patent
LA
   English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
PRAI US 1974-508854 A1 19740603 <--
US 1977-803269 A1 19770603 <--
OS MARPAT 100:114992
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L25 ANSWER 12 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Ι

Lipophilic 5'-alkyl phosphate esters of 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine and its N4-acyl and 2,2'-anhydro-3'-0-acyl derivatives as potential prodrugs

AB

etc.; R1 = H, CO(CH2)14Me, or CO(CH2)16Mel of 1-B-Darabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) [147-94-4] and several N4-acyl and 3'-O-acyl-2,2'-anhydro derivs. of ara-C were synthesized as potential prodrugs of ara-C 5'-monophosphate (ara-CMP) [147-94-4]. Alkylphosphorylation of ara-C, N4-palmitoyl-ara-C [55726-45-9], and N4-stearoyl-ara-C [55726-44-8] was achieved in a single continuous operation by allowing the nucleoside to react with POC13 in tri-Me or tri-Et phosphate and adding the appropriate anhydrous alc. directly to the intermediate phosphorodichloridate without isolation. Similar reactions with cytidine [65-46-3] in the presence of boron trifluoride yielded 3'-O-acyl-2,2'anhydro-ara-C 5'-(alkyl phosphate) esters. Several ara-CMP analogs were tested against L1210/ara-C leukemia in mice in the hope that this kinase-deficient tumor would respond to treatment with these prephosphorylated derivs., but no activity was observed Of the simple 5'-O-(alkyl phosphate) esters tested in culture against L1210 leukemic cells, only I [R = HOCH2CH(OH)CH2, R1 = H] [80096-69-1] showed toxicity comparable to ara-CMP (ID50 = 0.35 and 0.65  $\mu$ M, resp.), suggesting that  $\beta$ -hydroxyalkyl phosphate esters may be worthwhile to examine further as prodrugs of ara-CMP. AN 1982:45867 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

Lipophilic 5'-(alkyl phosphate) esters of I [R = alkyl, benzylglyceryl

DN 96:45867

OREF 96:7415a,7418a

- Lipophilic 5'-alkyl phosphate esters of 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine and its N4-acyl and 2,2'-anhydro-3'-O-acyl derivatives as potential prodrugs
- AII Rosowsky, A.; Kim, S. H.; Ross, J.; Wick, M. M.
- CS Sidney Farber Cancer Inst., Harvard Med. Sch., Boston, MA, 02115, USA
- Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1982), 25(2), 171-8 SO
- CODEN: JMCMAR: ISSN: 0022-2623 DT Journal
- LA English
- L25 ANSWER 13 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Pharmacology of 5'-esters of 1-B-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine

GI

- AB Pharmacol. studies of 5'-esters of  $1-\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) were performed in 3 species (mouse, pig, and man). In mice, after a single i.p. injection of a suspension of tritiated 1- $\beta$ -Darabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-palmitate (I) [31088-06-9] at a therapeutic dose of 150 mg/kg, 30% of the administered radioactivity was recovered in the urine in 24 h and 56% was recovered after 7 days. Excretion was less rapid after s.c. administration. Ara-C and  $1-\beta-D$ arabinofuranosyluracil [3083-77-0] each accounted for about 50% of the excreted radioactivity, and no I was found. I concns. of greater than 0.1 μg/mL were detected 24 h after i.p. administration of I (150 mg/kg). Single doses of I were therapeutic against L1210 leukemic mice when administered 5-7 days before tumor inoculation. In a pig. after i.m. injection of tritiated I (60 mg/kg, two sites), only 7% of the administered radioactivity was recovered in the urine over a 1-week period. Similar low rates of excretion were also observed in patients treated i.m. with I or 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine 5'-benzoate [34270-10-5]. No ara-C was detected in the plasma, which is consistent with the absence of clin. toxicity or myelosuppression in Phase 1 trials of I at doses up to 1500 mg/m2 every 3 weeks for as many as 8 courses.
- AN 1977:511524 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

Ι

- DN 87:111524
- OREF 87:17625a,17628a
- TI Pharmacology of 5'-esters of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine
- AU Ho, D. H. W.; Neil, Gary L.
- CS Univ. Texas Syst. Cancer Cent., M. D. Anderson Hosp. Tumor Inst., Houston, TX, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1977), 37(6), 1640-3 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- T Journal
- LA English
- L25 ANSWER 14 OF 14 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Platinum-(2,4-dioxopyrimidine) complex
- AB The title complexes were prepared by treating 2,4-dioxopyrimidine derivs. with cis-diaquadiammineplatinum(II) [20115-64-4] in a 2:1 to 1:1 mole ratio at 0-55°. The complexes showed antitumor, antiviral, and antibacterial activity, high water solubility, and low renal toxicity. For example, 0.01 mole cis-dichlorodiammineplatinum(II) [15663-27-1] was treated with 0.02 mole AgNO3 in the dark to give cis-diaquadiammineplatinum(II). This complex was then treated with uracil in a 1:1 mole ratio at pH 6-7 to give a complex which showed antitumor, antibacterial, and antiviral activity.
- AN 1976:428777 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 85:28777
- OREF 85:4645a,4648a
  - FI Platinum-(2,4-dioxopyrimidine) complex
- IN Rosenberg, Barnett; Mansy, Samir A. L. A.; Van Camp, Loretta L.; Peresie, Henry J.; Fischer, Robert George; Davidson, James P.

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PA Research Corp., USA
SO Ger. Offen., 51 pp.
CODEN: GWXXBX
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LA German FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE

PI DE 2445418 A1 19760401 DE 1974-2445418 19740923 <-JP 58028278 B 19830515 JP 1974-112688 19740930 <-PRAI DE 1974-2445418 19740923 <--

»> s fluorouracil or tegafur or fluorouridine or fluorocytosine or deoxyuridine or (arabinosyl cytosine) or cyclocytidine or azacytosine or azacytidine or (N-phosphonoacetyl-L-aspart?) or pyrazofurin or azauridine or azarbine or thymidine or deazauridine

20906 FLUOROURACIL

1000 TEGAFUR

1621 FLUOROURIDINE

1526 FLUOROCYTOSINE 9735 DEOXYURIDINE

972 ARABINOSYL

27035 CYTOSINE

111 ARABINOSYL CYTOSINE

(ARABINOSYL (W) CYTOSINE)

270 CYCLOCYTIDINE

256 AZACYTOSINE

2715 AZACYTIDINE

3151571 N

257 PHOSPHONOACETYL 1646274 L

136070 ASPART?

130070 ADEART:

153 N-PHOSPHONOACETYL-L-ASPART?

(N(W)PHOSPHONOACETYL(W)L(W)ASPART?)
205 PYRAZOFURIN

866 AZAURIDINE

1 AZARBINE

55586 THYMIDINE

160 DEAZAURIDINE

87586 FLUOROURACIL OR TEGAFUR OR FLUOROURIDINE OR FLUOROCYTOSINE OR DEOXYURIDINE OR (RABBINOSYL CYTOSINE) OR CYCLOCYTIDINE OR AZACYT OSINE OR AZACYTIDINE OR (N-PHOSPHONOACETYL-L-ASPART) OR PYRAZOF URIN OR AZAURIDINE OR TAMADINE OR THYMIDINE OR DEAZAURIDINE

=> s 116 and 126

1.26

L27 240 L16 AND L26

=> file stnguide

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE ENTRY
 TOTAL ENTRY

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
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 984.77

 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
 SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION ENTRY
 TOTAL ENTRY

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=> file hcaplus

=> file ncapius
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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SESSION
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984.83
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SINCE FILE
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

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FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:01:59 ON 21 MAR 2008
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2008 (20080320/ED)

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=> 124 and 127

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=> file stnguide

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION 2.69
 TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 2.69

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 2.69
 987.52

 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
 SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION 0.00
 TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 0.00

 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
 0.00
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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:02:01 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP). => file hcaplus
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SINCE FILE
ENTRY
SESSION
0.00
-16.00
-16.00

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 12:02:09 ON 21 MAR 2008
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 21 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 20 Mar 2008 (20080320/ED)

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=> s 124 and 127

L28 30 L24 AND L27

=> file stnguide

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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 FULL ESTIMATED COST
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 DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
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 CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 12:02:10 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).

=> d 128 1-30 ti abs bib YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

- L28 ANSWER 1 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- In vitro and in vivo antileukemic effect of novel dimers consisting of 5-fluorodeoxvuridine and arabinofuranosvlcvtosine
- AR Various amphiphilic heterodinucleoside phosphates containing  $1-\beta-D$ -arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) and 5-fluorodeoxyuridine (5-FdUrd) have recently been synthesized in order to increase the efficacy of ara-C and 5-FdUrd. Employing growth inhibition and growth recovery assays, we evaluated the in vitro effects of four of these dimers (Number 2, 2A, 3, 10) in L1210 and P388D1 murine leukemia cells. Although ara-C and 5-FdUrd appeared equimolar in all dimers, their contribution to the cytotoxicity of these agents was different. Thus, the liberation of ara-C and 5-FdUrd from their dimeric origin and their subsequent metabolic activation had a different course. In another set of expts., we examined the in vivo effects of these agents in mice. The dimer with the highest cytotoxicity in vitro exerted the lowest acute toxicity and yielded the lowest therapeutic effect in vivo. The obtained data indicate that dimers with slower liberation of ara-C and 5-FdUrd were less cytotoxic, but prolonged liberation of both antimetabolites protected them from inactivation and extended the time period of therapeutic action. Some of the dimers exceeded the synergistic effects yielded by simultaneous application of both ara-C and 5-FdUrd. The significantly higher therapeutic potential of these new antitumor agents indicates that further studies are warranted.
- 2007:599574 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> AN
- DN 147:203336
- In vitro and in vivo antileukemic effect of novel dimers consisting of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine and arabinofuranosylcytosine
- Rauko, P.; Novotny, L.; Mego, M.; Saiko, P.; Schott, H.; Szekeres, T. AU
- CS Cancer Research Institute, Slovak Academy of Sciences, Bratislava, SK-833 91. Slovakia SO
- Neoplasma (2007), 54(1), 68-74
- CODEN: NEOLA4; ISSN: 0028-2685 AEPress, s.r.o.
- PB DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 24 THERE ARE 24 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 2 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- New sustained-release microsphere injection formulations of antitumor antibiotic and its synergistic agents
- The invention provides new sustained-release microsphere injection formulations of antitumor antibiotic and its synergistic agents. The sustained-release injection is composed of sustained-release microsphere that comprising (by weight%) antitumor effective components 0.5-60, sustained-release adjuvant 40-99 and suspending agent 0.0-30, and solvent. The antitumor effective component is antitumor antibiotics and/or antimetabolite medicaments. The antitumor antibiotic is selected from carzinomycin, bleomycin, bleomycin hydrochloride, etc. The antimetabolite medicament is selected from ancitabine, gemcitabine, fluorouridine , etc. The suspending agent is selected from one or more of sodium CM-cellulose, iodine glycerin, tween, etc., and the sustained-release adjuvant is selected from one or more of polylactic acid, polifeprosan, etc. The medical composition can reduce systemic toxicity actions of antitumor agent, also can increase drug concentration at tumor local. AN 2007:263699 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 146:344318
- TT New sustained-release microsphere injection formulations of antitumor antibiotic and its synergistic agents
- TN Kong, Qingxin
- PA Jinan Kangquan Pharmaceutical Science and Technology Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep.

China

SO Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 34pp.

CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

T.A. Chinese FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE	
PΙ	CN 1923173	A	20070307	CN 2006-10200173	20060224	
PRAI	CN 2006-10200173		20060224			

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TΙ New sustained-release microsphere injections for cancer therapy

AB The invention provides new sustained-release microsphere injections for cancer therapy. The injection comprises microsphere composed of antitumor active ingredient and sustained-release adjuvant, and solvent optionally containing suspending agent. The antitumor active ingredient comprises effective amount of chemotherapeutic agent selected from antimetabolite, platinum compound and/or antitumor antibiotic and topoisomerase inhibitor as synergist for the chemotherapeutic agent. The sustained release agent is preferably selected from polylactic acid, copolymer of polyglycolic acid and glycolic acid, ethylene-vinyl acetate copolymer, polifeprosan, or a combination thereof. The suspending agent is preferably selected from a combination of tween-80 and sodium CM-cellulose or mannitol. This antitumor sustained-release injection is administered by intratumoral injection, thereby reducing systemic toxicity, selectively increasing local drug concentration, and enhancing the effect of chemotherapy

and radiotherapy.

AN 2007:261835 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 146:365618

TΙ New sustained-release microsphere injections for cancer therapy

IN Kong, Qingzhong; Sun, Juan; Chen, Ying; Sun, Zhonghou PA Peop. Rep. China

SO

Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 14pp. CODEN: CNXXEV

DT Patent

LA Chinese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	CN 1923284 CN 2005-10044524	A	20070307	CN 2005-10044524	20050830		

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Phase II trial of PN401, 5-FU, and leucovorin in unresectable or

metastatic adenocarcinoma of the stomach: A Southwest Oncology Group study From Feb., 2001 to Sept., 2002, the Southwest Oncol. Group (SWOG) accrued 65 patients with advanced gastric adenocarcinoma to a phase II trial of weekly 5-FU, leucovorin, and the orally-administered uridine analog PN401. Of these 65 patients, 57 were assessable for survival and toxicity , which were the endpoints for the study. Treatment consisted of the administration of 1200 mg/m2 of 5-FU, 500 mg/m2 of leucovorin, and 6 g of PN401 every 8 h, beginning 8 h after the completion of the 5-FU infusion, and continuing for a total of 8 doses (48 g) during each weekly chemotherapy session. Therapy was delivered for six weeks out of every 8-wk treatment cycle. The gastrointestinal toxicity of this regimen was mild with 2 patients experiencing grade 3 stomatitis, and 6 patients having grade 3 diarrhea; and the hematol. toxicity was acceptable with 6 of 57 patients found to have had grade 3 or 4 leukopenia, and 14 of 57 patients experiencing grade 3 or 4 neutropenia.

There were two deaths judged possibly related to treatment, one in a patient who experienced a variety of Grade 2 gastrointestinal toxicities and died at home with an unknown cause of death; and a second patient who also died at home, and for whom treatment-related sepsis could not be ruled out. The overall median survival was  $7.2 \, \mathrm{mo}$ . The ability to safely deliver twice the usual dose of 5-FU with leucovorin on a weekly schedule suggests that oral uridine analog supplementation with PN401 may enhance the therapeutic index of the fluoropyrimidines.

- AN 2006:834313 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 146:414364
- TI Phase II trial of PN401, 5-FU, and leucovorin in unresectable or
- metastatic adenocarcinoma of the stomach: A Southwest Oncology Group study AU Doroshow, James H.; McCoy, Sheryl; Macdonald, John S.; Issell, Brian F.; Patel, Taral; Cobb, Patrick W.; Yost, Kathleen J.; Abbruzzese, James L.
- CS Division of Cancer Treatment and Diagnosis, National Cancer Institute, City of Hope National Medical Center, Duarte, CA, USA
- SO Investigational New Drugs (2006), 24(6), 537-542 CODEN: INNDDK: ISSN: 0167-6997
- PB Springer
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 5 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Manufacture of drug composition containing topoisomerase inhibitor for treating tumor
- AB The title composition contains topoisomerase inhibitor and promotor of topoisomerase inhibitor as active components and auxiliary materials, wherein the promotor of topoisomerase inhibitor mainly includes paclitaxel antitumor agent, antitumor antibiotic and antimetabolite. The auxiliary materials are composed of degradable and bicompatible polymers, which can achieve the sustained-release of antitumor agents specifically to tumor tissues, therefore decreasing the drug toxicity of whole body while maintaining necessary drug concentration on tumor tissues.
- AN 2006:586459 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 145:130744
- Manufacture of drug composition containing topoisomerase inhibitor for treating tumor
- IN Kong, Qingzhong; Sun, Juan; Sun, Jing; Sun, Xiande
- PA Shandong Lanjin Biotech Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenqing Gongkai Shuomingshu, 19 pp. CODEN: CNXXEV
- DT Patent
- LA Chinese
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI PRAI	CN 1686552 CN 2005-10042236	A	20051026 20050406	CN 2005-10042236	20050406

- L28 ANSWER 6 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Manufacture of drug composition containing dichloroethylamines for treating tumor
- AB The title composition contains dichloroethylamines and dichloroethylamine promotors as active components and auxiliary materials, wherein he dichloroethylamine promotors mainly include paclitaxel antitumor agent, antitumor antibiotic and antimetabolite. The auxiliary materials are composed of degradable and biocompatible polymers, which can achieve the sustained-release of antitumor agents specifically to tumor tissues, therefore decreasing the drug toxicity of whole body while

maintaining necessary drug concentration on tumor tissues.

- 2006:586451 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 145:130742

AN

- TI Manufacture of drug composition containing dichloroethylamines for treating tumor
- IN Kong, Qingzhong; Sun, Juan; Liu, Enxiang; Zhang, Jie
- PA Shandong Lanjin Biotech Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 18 pp.
- CODEN: CNXXEV Patent
- T.A Chinese
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	CN 1686550	A	20051026	CN 2005-10042234	20050406
	CN 101066451	A	20071107	CN 2007-10112735	20050406
	CN 101066452	A	20071107	CN 2007-10112736	20050406
PRAI	CN 2005-10042234	A3	20050406		

- L28 ANSWER 7 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- 5-Fluorouracil dose escalation enabled with PN401
- (triacetyluridine): toxicity reduction and increased antitumor activity in mice
- Purpose: PN401, an oral prodrug of uridine yields more bioavailable AB uridine than oral administration of uridine itself. PN401 may therefore be useful for permitting dose escalation of 5-fluorouracil (5-FU) with consequent improvements in antitumor efficacy. Exptl. design: Female BALB/c mice (Colon 26 adenocarcinoma) were treated with 5-FU with PN401 to define the MTD, and pharmacokinetic analyses were done. A comparison of 5-FU/PN401 was made to 5-FU/eniluracil (EU) and 5-FU/LV. The best timing of the first dose of PN401 relative to 5-FU was evaluated by administering groups of mice PN401 beginning 2, 24, or 48 h after 5-FU dose. Results: The MTD of 5-FU was 100 mg/kg/wk whereas the MTD of 5-FU + PN401 was 200 mg/kg/wk. A complete response (CR) of 80% and partial response (PR) of 20% was observed with 5-FU (200 mg/kg) + PN401, CR of 40% and PR of 60% with 5-FU (175 mg/kg) + PN401, PR of 10% with 5-FU (150 mg/kg) + PN401 while no response with 5-FU (100 mg/kg) + PN401. Anal. of 5-FU pharmacokinetics displayed nonlinearity as a function of administered dose in mice. In the comparison study, the best response was achieved with PN401 when compared to EU and LV. Mice that did not receive PN401 died by day 12, while other groups were alive at day 31. The proportion of mice surviving was highest in the group which received PN401 at 2 h followed by 24 and 48 h. Conclusions: There is a threshold 5-FU dose after which the efficacy is dramatically improved-in mice bearing Colon 26 adenocarcinoma, that threshold is a dose of >150 mg/kg/wk, and the increased efficacy correlates with about a fourfold increase in the AUC of 5-FU. PN401 used to rescue mice from the lethal toxicity of 5-FU entails that PN401 can be used as an antidote even when used up to 48 h after a 5-FU overdose.
- AN 2006:375032 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DM 145:327796
  - 5-Fluorouracil dose escalation enabled with PN401 (triacetyluridine): toxicity reduction and increased antitumor
    - activity in mice
- AU Saif, Muhammad Wasif; Borstel, Reid
- CS University of Alabama at Birmingham (U.A.B.), Birmingham, AL, USA
- Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology (2006), 58(1), 136-142
- CODEN: CCPHDZ; ISSN: 0344-5704
- PB Springer DT
- Journal
- T.A English

- L28 ANSWER 8 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Severe cytochrome c oxidase inhibition in vivo does not induce a pyrimidine deficiency; neuroprotective action of oral uridine prodrug PN401 requires supraphysiological levels of uridine
- AB It has been hypothesized that mitochondrial respiratory chain dysfunction leads to a pyrimidine deficiency since the pyrimidine biosynthetic enzyme dihydroorotate dehydrogenase is coupled to the electron transport chain. The uridine prodrug triacetyluridine (PN401) is neuroprotective in several models of neurodegenerative disease involving respiratory chain toxins. Therefore, the therapeutic effects of PN401 might involve the correction of a pyrimidine deficiency secondary to respiratory chain impairment. We infused mice with the cytochrome c oxidase inhibitor azide, which inhibited brain complex IV activity. Chronic infusion of azide for 2 or 14 days induced significant toxicity and mortality but did not cause a pyrimidine deficit in the brain. In contrast, the pyrimidine synthesis inhibitor N-phosphonoacetyl-Laspartate (PALA) produced a pyrimidine deficit with minimal mortality. Treatment with 6% PN401 decreased mortality and cerebrocortical apoptosis caused by azide. Previously, we found that optimal neuroprotection against mitochondrial complex II inhibition required 4-6% PN401. PN401 at 1, 3, 6 and 10% in chow induced nonlinear increases in plasma uridine with 6% PN401 elevating plasma uridine up to 80 µM, and these higher micromolar uridine levels were also required for neuroprotection in chemical hypoxia models in vitro. Our results indicate that severe complex IV inhibition in vivo does not lead to a pyrimidine deficiency, and therefore the protective effect of PN401 in the azide toxin model is not mediated through the correction of a pyrimidine deficiency. Furthermore, supraphysiol. levels of uridine are required to produce optimal protective effects in disorders involving impairment of mitochondrial respiratory complex II or IV.
- AN 2005:1319808 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 144:81045
  - TI Severe cytochrome c oxidase inhibition in vivo does not induce a pyrimidine deficiency; neuroprotective action of oral uridine prodrug PN401 requires supraphysiological levels of uridine
- AU Garcia, Rolando A. G.; Liu, Liansheng; Hu, Zhongyi; Gonzalez, Alexis; von Borstel, Reid W.; Saydoff, Joel A.
- CS Neuroscience Research, Wellstat Therapeutics, Gaithersburg, MD, 20878, USA SO Brain Research (2005), 1066(1-2), 164-171 CODEN: BRERAF, ISSN: 0006-8993
- PB Elsevier B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 28 THERE ARE 28 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 9 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Targeted radiosensitisation by pegylated liposome-encapsulated 3', 5'-O-dipalmitoyl 5-iodo-2'-deoxyuridine in a head and neck cancer xenograft model
- AB 5-Iodo-2'-deoxyuridine (IUGR) is an effective radiosensitizer but its clin. development has been limited by toxicity. Prolonged i.v. infusions of IUdR are necessary for optimal tumor uptake but cause dose-limiting myelosuppression. The lack of selective tumor uptake can lead to radiosensitization of adjacent normal tissues and enhanced local radiation toxicity. Liposomal IUdR delivery offers selective targeting of tumor tissues and avoidance of local and systemic toxicity. In these studies, we report the development

of a pegylated liposome containing a lipophilic IUdR derivative (3', 5'-O-dipalmitov1-5-iodo-2'-deoxyuridine) for use in a head and neck cancer xenograft model. Initial studies confirmed the ability of IUdR to sensitize two head and neck cancer cell lines to single fractions of radiotherapy (SFRT) and this effect was seen to correlate with the thymidine replacement index in KB cells. In vivo delivery of single doses of either unencapsulated IUdR or pegylated liposomal IUdR (PLIUdR) to nude mice bearing KB xenograft tumors did not enhance the effect of SFRT delivered 16 h later. When PLIUdR was delivered by a protracted administration schedule to a dose of 48 mg kg-1 over 7 days, it enhanced the effect of both 4.5 Gv SFRT and fractionated radiotherapy. PLIUdR was at least as effective as unencapsulated IUdR delivered by multiple i.v. injections or continuous s.c. infusion. Immunohistochem. with a specific anti-IUdR monoclonal antibody confirmed greater levels of tumor staining in tumors from animals treated with PLIUdR compared with those treated with unencapsulated IUdR.

- AN 2004:563248 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 142:331919
- TI Targeted radiosensitisation by pegylated liposome-encapsulated 3', 5'-O-dipalmitoyl 5-iodo-2'-deoxyuridine in a head and neck cancer xenograft model
- AU Harrington, K. J.; Syrigos, K. N.; Uster, P. S.; Zetter, A.; Lewanski, C. R.; Gullick, W. J.; Vile, R. G.; Stewart, J. S. W.
- CS ICRF Oncology Unit, Imperial College of Science, Technology and Medicine, Hammersmith Hospital, London, W12 OHS, UK
- SO British Journal of Cancer (2004), 91(2), 366-373 CODEN: BJCAAI; ISSN: 0007-0920
- PB Nature Publishing Group
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 36 THERE ARE 36 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 10 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Anti-CD33 cytotoxic conjugate combination with anthracycline or pyrimidine or purine nucleoside analog for the treatment of acute leukemia and myelodysplastic syndrome
- AB Methods of treatment and pharmaceutical combinations are provided for the treatment of acute leukemia, such as acute myelogenous leukemia, and myelodysplastic syndrome. The methods of treatment and pharmaceutical combinations employ an anti-CD33 cytotoxic conjugate in combination with at least one compound selected from the group consisting of an anthracycline and a pyrimidine or purine nucleoside analog. Preferred methods of treatment and pharmaceutical combinations employ gemtuzumab ozogamicin, daunorubicin, and cytarabine.
- AN 2004:430745 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 140:417928
- TI Anti-CD33 cytotoxic conjugate combination with anthracycline or pyrimidine or purine nucleoside analog for the treatment of acute leukemia and myelodysplastic syndrome
- IN Feingold, Jay Marshall
- PA Wyeth, John, and Brother Ltd., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 41 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 2004043461	A1	20040527	WO 2002-US35532	20021106
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            PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ,
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            FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF,
            CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GO, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                              20040527 CA 2002-2504611
     CA 2504611
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    AU 2002348178
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                                                                20021106
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                                         CN 2002-830140
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    MX 2005PA04711
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                                        MX 2005-PA4711
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     IN 2005KN01026
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                                         IN 2005-KN1026
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PRAI WO 2002-US35532
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RE.CNT 4 THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L28 ANSWER 11 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- N4-acyl-modified D-2',3'-dideoxy-5-fluorocytidine nucleoside analogues with improved antiviral activity
- A series of 2',3'-dideoxy (D2) and 2',3'-didehydro-2',3'-dideoxy (D4) 5-AB fluorocytosine nucleosides modified with substituted benzovl, heteroarom. carbonyl, cycloalkylcarbonyl and alkanoyl at the N4-position were synthesized and evaluated for anti-human immunodeficiency virus type 1 (HIV-1) and anti-hepatitis B virus (HBV) activity in vitro. For most D2-nucleosides, N4-substitutions improved the anti-HIV-1 activity markedly without increasing the cytotoxicity. In the D4-nucleosides series, some of the substituents at the N4-position enhanced the anti-HIV-1 activity with a modest increase in the cytotoxicity. The most potent and selective N4-modified nucleoside for the D2-series was N4-p-iodobenzoy1-D2FC, which had a 46-fold increase in anti-HIV-1 potency in MT-2 cells compared to the parent nucleoside D-D2FC. In the D4-series, N4-p-bromobenzoyl-D4FC was 12-fold more potent in MT-2 cells compared to the parent nucleoside D-D4FC. All eight N4-p-halobenzovl-substituted D2- and D4-nucleosides evaluated against HBV in HepAD38 cells demonstrated equal or greater potency than the two parental compds., D-D2FC and D-D4FC. The

N4-modification especially in the D2-nucleoside series containing the N4-nicotinoyl,

o-nitrobenzovl and n-butyryl showed a significant reduction in mitochondrial toxicity relative to the parent nucleoside analog. Although the 5'-triphosphate of the parent compound (D-D4FC-TP) was formed from the N4-acyl-D4FC analogs in different cells, the levels of the 5'-triphosphate nucleotide did not correlate with the cell-derived 90% effective antiviral concns. (EC90), suggesting that a direct interaction of the triphosphates of these N4-acyl nucleosides was involved in the antiviral activity.

- AN 2003:661457 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 140:192186
- N4-acvl-modified D-2',3'-dideoxv-5-fluorocytidine nucleoside analogues with improved antiviral activity
- Shi, Junxing; Mathew, Judy S.; Tharnish, Phillip M.; Rachakonda, Suguna; Pai, S. Balakrishna; Adams, Marjorie; Grier, Jason P.; Gallagher, Karen; Zhang, Hangchun; Wu, Jing-Tao; Shi, Guoen; Geleziunas, Romas; Erickson-Viitanen, Susan; Stuyver, Lieven; Otto, Michael J.; Watanabe, Kyoichi A.; Schinazi, Raymond F.

- CS Pharmasset, Inc., Tucker, GA, USA
- SO Antiviral Chemistry & Chemotherapy (2003), 14(2), 81-90 CODEN: ACCHEH; ISSN: 0956-3202
- PB International Medical Press
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 140:192186
- RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 12 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Synthesis and biological investigations of 5-substituted pyrimidine nucleosides coupled to a dihydropyridine/pyridinium salt redox chemical delivery system
- \* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT \*
- The syntheses, antiviral activities, and partition coeffs. (P) of 3'-O-(1-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridyl-3-carbonyl)-coupled nucleosides are described. These novel compds, were designed in an effort to enhance the lipophilicity, and thereby the delivery to the CNS, without compromising the anti-HSV-1 activity of the parental nucleosides. We have previously reported the synthesis of 3'0-(1-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridyl-3-carbonyl) analogs of 5-iodo-, 5-vinyl-, and (E)-5-(2-iodovinyl)-2'-deoxyuridines (I, R = I, CH:CH2 OR (E)CH:CHI). We now report the synthesis of 5-iodo-3'-0-(1-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridyl-3-carbonyl)-5'-0-acetyl-2'deoxyuridine (II) and 3'-0-(1-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridyl-3carbonyl)-2'-deoxyuridine (III). Quaternization of the 3'-O-(3-pyridylcarbonyl) compds. using iodomethane afforded the corresponding 1-methylpyridinium salts which were reduced with sodium dithionite to yield the corresponding 3'-O-1-methyl-1,4-dihydropyridyl-3carbonyl compds. The deprotection of 3'-O-(1-methyl-1, 4-dihydropyridyl-3carbonyl)-5-O-t-butyldimethylsilyl-2'-deoxyuridine with Bu4N+Fafforded III. I and II were evaluated for their antiviral activity in vitro against HSV-1, HSV-2, HCMV, and VZV, and were found to retain anti-HSV-1, HSV-2 and VZV activity as compared to their parental nucleosides. In addition, the cellular toxicity of I and II was found to be lower than the parent nucleosides. The lipophilicity of I-III are enhanced substantially, compared to the parent nucleosides, as indicated by an increase in corresponding P values (1-octanol-water) upon replacement of the C-3' hydroxyl by 1-methyl-1, 4-dihydropyridyl-3-carbonyl moiety.
- AN 2002:45329 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 137:190506
- TI Synthesis and biological investigations of 5-substituted pyrimidine nucleosides coupled to a dihydropyridine/pyridinium salt redox chemical delivery system
- AU Kumar, Rakesh; Wang, L.; Wiebe, L. I.; Knaus, E. E.
- CS Department of Medical Microbiology and Immunology, Faculty of Medicine,
- University of Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2H7, Can.
  Archiv der Pharmazie (Weinheim, Germany) (2001), 334(11), 351-356
  CODEN: ARPMAS: ISSN: 0365-6233
- PB Wiley-VCH Verlag GmbH
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L28 ANSWER 13 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Prodrugs of 2'-deoxy-β-L-nucleosides
- The present invention relates to compds., compns. and methods for the AB treatment of a host infected with a hepatitis B virus. Specifically, compds. and compns. of 3'-esters of 2'-deoxy-β-L-nucleosides are disclosed, which can be administered either alone or in combination with other anti-hepatitis B agents. Compds. and compns. of 3',5'-esters of 2'-deoxy-β-L-nucleosides are disclosed, which can be administered either alone or in combination with other anti-hepatitis B agents, are also disclosed.
- 2001:923812 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> AN
- DN 136:42882
- ΤI Prodrugs of 2'-deoxy- $\beta$ -L-nucleosides
- IN Bryant, Martin L.; Gosselin, Gilles; Imbach, Jean-Louis
- PA Novirio Pharmaceuticals Limited, Cayman I.; Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique (CNRS)
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 160 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- Patent
- LA English

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		RW:	GH, DE,	GM, DK,	KE, ES,	LS, FI, CI,	MW, FR, CM,	MZ, GB, GA,	GR, GN,	IE,	I I	Γ,	LU, MR,	MC, NE,	NL, SN,	PT, TD,	SE, TG	TR,	BF,
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	EΡ	1296						2003											
		R:						ES,						LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
							FΙ,	RO,	MK,	CY,	ΑI	٠,	TR						
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L28 ANSWER 14 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Induction of cell cycle-dependent cytotoxicity and apoptosis by new TI heterodinucleoside phosphate dimers of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine in PC-3 human prostate cancer cells Fluorodeoxvuridine (5-FdUrd) is an antineoplastic agent with clin.

activity against different types of solid tumors. To enhance the effectiveness of this drug, we have synthesized new heterodinucleoside phosphate dimers of 5-FdUrd. These dimers were compared to 5-FdUrd for their cytotoxic effect and the cell cycle dependence of cytotoxicity, as well as for their capacity to induce apoptosis and inhibit thymidylate synthetase (TS) in androgen-independent human PC-3 prostate tumor cells. Incubation of the cells with the dimers N4-palmitoy1-2'-deoxycytidylyl-(3'→5')-5-fluoro-2'- deoxyuridine (dCpam-5-FdUrd) and 2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridylyl-(3'→5')-2'-deoxy-5-fluoro-N4octadecylcytidine (5-FdUrd-5-FdC18) resulted in a marked cytotoxicity with ic50 values of 4 µM, similar to 5-FdUrd. In contrast to 5-FdUrd, 100% toxicity was achieved with concns. of 100-200 µM 5-FdUrd-5-FdC18. Flow cytometric anal. revealed an increase in the cell population in S-phase after treatment with 5-FdUrd, 5-FdUrd-5-FdC18, and dCpam-5-FdUrd from 36% to 63%, 50%, and 77%, resp. dCpam-5-FdUrd was more potent than 5-FdUrd in arresting the cell cycle. Significant S-phase arrest was indicated by a decreased proportion of cells in G1- and G2/M-phases. Cell cycle arrest and inhibition of cell proliferation were followed by apoptosis, as shown by a 6- to 8-fold increased binding of Apo2.7 antibody, a 9- to 11-fold increase in caspase-3 activity, DNA fragmentation, and by cell morphol. showing the appearance of apoptotic bodies. Importantly, 5-FdUrd-5-FdC18 increased the number of apoptotic cells to 160% compared to 5-FdUrd under the same conditions. As with 5-FdUrd, the two dimers also inhibited TS in a time- and concentration-dependent manner, although requiring 100-fold higher concns. In conclusion, dCpam-5-FdUrd and 5-FdUrd-5-FdC18 exert stronger cytotoxicity and induce more S-phase arrest and apoptosis than does 5-FdUrd in PC-3 cells, suggesting their potential role in the treatment of human prostate cancer. AN 2000:854162 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 134:290059

Induction of cell cycle-dependent cytotoxicity and apoptosis by new heterodinucleoside phosphate dimers of 5-fluorodeoxyuridine in PC-3 human prostate cancer cells

AU Cattaneo-Pangrazzi, R. M. C.; Schott, H.; Wunderli-Allenspach, H.; Derighetti, M.; Schwendener, R. A.

CS Department of Pathology, University Hospital, Zurich, CH-8091, Switz. SO Biochemical Pharmacology (2000), 60(12), 1887-1896

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

Elsevier Science Inc. PR DT Journal

LA English

RE.CNT 22 THERE ARE 22 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 15 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Modulation of 5-fluorouracil host toxicity by 5-(benzyloxybenzyl)barbituric acid acyclonucleoside, a uridine phosphorylase inhibitor, and 2',3',5'-tri-0-acetyluridine, a prodrug of uridine

AB Administration of 200 mg/kg of 5-fluorouracil (FUra) to mice bearing human colon carcinoma DLD-1 xenografts resulted in 100% mortality. Oral administration of 2000 mg/kg of 2',3',5'-tri-O-acetyluridine (TAU), a prodrug of uridine, in combination with 120 mg/kg of 5-(benzyloxybenzyl)barbituric acid acyclonucleoside (BBBA), the most potent known inhibitor of uridine phosphorylase (UrdPase, EC 2.4.2.3), 2 h after the administration of the same dose of FUra completely protected the mice (100% survival) from the toxicity of FUra. This combination also reduced tumor weight by 67% compared with 46% achieved by the maximum tolerated dose (50 mg/kg) of FUra alone. Similarly, administration of BBBA plus TAU 1 h before or 4 h after the administration of FUra reduced the tumor weight by 53 and 37%, resp. However, these schedules were less effective in protecting the host from the toxicity of FUra than when the treatment was carried out at 2 h after FUra administration. TAU alone did not protect from FUra host toxicity. The efficiency of the BBBA plus TAU combination in rescuing from FUra host toxicities is attributed to the exceptional effectiveness of this combination in raising and maintaining higher plasma uridine concns. than those achieved by TAU alone or by equimolar doses of uridine (Ashour et al., Biochem. Pharmacol 51: 1601-1612, 1996). The present results suggest that the BBBA plus TAU combination can provide a better substitute for the massive doses of uridine required to achieve the high levels of uridine necessary to rescue or protect from FUra host toxicities without the toxic side-effects associated with such doses of uridine. The combination of TAU plus BBBA may also allow the escalation of FUra doses for better chemotherapeutic efficacy. Alternatively, the combination may be used as a rescue regimen in the occasional cases where cancer patients receive a lethal overdose of FUra.

- AN 2000:400538 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 133:144540
- TI Modulation of 5-fluorouracil host toxicity by
  - 5-(benzyloxybenzyl)barbituric acid acyclonucleoside, a uridine phosphorylase inhibitor, and 2',3',5'-tri-O-acetyluridine, a prodrug of uridine
- AU Ashour, O. M.; Naguib, F. N. M.; Panzica, R. P.; Al Safarjalani, O. N.; el Kouni, M. H.
- CS Department of Pharmacology and Toxicology, University of Alabama at Birmingham, Birmingham, AL, 35294, USA
- SO Biochemical Pharmacology (2000), 60(3), 427-431 CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
- PB Elsevier Science Inc.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 39 THERE ARE 39 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 16 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 131:281604
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent

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LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SD,
SE, SG RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,	ED CD CD
IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,	
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L28 ANSWER 17 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antitumor activity and novel DNA-self-strand-breaking mechanism of CNDAC (1-(2-O-cyano-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-arabino-pentofuranosyl)cytosine) and its N4-palmitoyl derivative (CS-682)

AB We have studied the antitumor activity and the novel DNA-self-strand-breaking mechanism of CNDAC (1-(2-C-cyano-2-deoxy- $\beta$ -D-arabino-

pentofuranosyl)cytosine) and its N4-palmitoyl derivative (CS-682). In vitro, CS-682 showed strong cytotoxicity against human tumor cells comparable with that of CNDAC; both compds. displayed a similar broad spectrum. In vivo, however, orally administered CS-682 showed a more potent activity against human tumor xenografts than CNDAC, 5'-deoxy-5fluorouridine, 5-fluorouracil and 2',2'difluorodeoxycytidine. Moreover, CS-682 was effective against various human organ tumor xenografts at a wide dose range and with low toxicity, and was effective against P388 leukemic cells resistant to mitomycin-C, vincristine, 5-fluorouracil or cisplatin in syngeneic mice. CNDAC, an active metabolite of CS-682, had a prolonged plasma half-life after repeated oral administrations of CS-682 but not after oral administrations of CNDAC itself. This difference may partially explain the higher antitumor activity of CS-682 relative to CNDAC. In both CNDAC- and CS-682-treated carcinoma cells, CNDAC 5'-triphosphate (CNDACTP) was generated and incorporated into a DNA strand. High performance liquid chromatog. (HPLC) and mass spectrometric anal. of the nucleosides prepared by digestion of the DNA from the CNDAC-treated cells detected ddCNC (2'-C-cyano-2',3'-didehydro-2',3'-dideoxycytidine), which was shown to be generated only when the self-strand-breakage of CNDACTP-incorporated DNA occurred. The cytotoxicity of CNDAC was completely abrogated by the addition of 2'-deoxycytidine and was low against cells with decreased deoxycytidine kinase. Our results suggest that CNDAC is converted to CNDACMP by deoxycytidine kinase and that the resulting CNDACTP incorporated into a DNA strand as CNDACMP may induce DNA-self-strand-breakage. This novel DNA-self-strand-breaking mechanism may contribute to the potent antitumor activity of CS-682.

AN 1999:438485 HCAPLUS < LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 131:266648

TI Antitumor activity and novel DNA-self-strand-breaking mechanism of CNDAC (1-(2-C-cyano-2-deoxy-β-D-arabino-pentofuranosyl)cytosine) and its N4-palmitoyl derivative (CS-682)

AU Hanaoka, Kenji; Suzuki, Masako; Kobayashi, Tomowo; Tanzawa, Fumie; Tanaka, Kazuo; Shibayama, Takahiro; Miura, Shinichi; Ikeda, Tomoko; Iwabuchi, Haruo; Nakagawa, Akihiko; Mitsuhashi, Yoshihiro; Hisaoka, Masashi; Kaneko, Masakatsu; Tomida, Akihiro; Wataya, Yusuke; Nomura, Tatsuji; Sasaki, Takuma; Matsuda, Akira; Turuo, Takashi; Kurakata, Shinichi

CS Biological Research Laboratories, Sankyo Co., Ltd., Tokyo, 140-8710, Japan

SO International Journal of Cancer (1999), 82(2), 226-236

CODEN: IJCNAW; ISSN: 0020-7136

PB Wiley-Liss, Inc.

DT Journal LA English

RE.CNT 20 THERE ARE 20 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 18 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Use of uridine to counter toxicity of 5-fluorouracil or other pyrimidine analog

AB A method is provided for inhibiting pyrimidine analog-induced toxicity in a tissue of a patient undergoing pyrimidine analog therapy. The method comprises the step of directly contacting the tissue with a therapeutically effective amount of uridine. In one embodiment, the invention provides a method of inhibiting chemotherapy-induced stomatitis in a patient undergoing treatment with a pyrimidine analog. The pyrimidine analog is a chemotherapeutic agent which induces stomatitis, such as 5-fluorouracil or 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine, and the tissue is an intraoral tissue, such as an oral mucosal tissue or an intraoral soft tissue.

AN 1999:141218 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 130:205158

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Use of uridine to counter toxicity of 5-fluorouracil
    or other pyrimidine analog
TN
    Robinson, Simon P.
    BASF A.-G., Germany; BASF Bioresearch Corporation
PA
SO
    PCT Int. Appl., 23 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
DT
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
    PATENT NO.
                       KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
                       A1 19990225 WO 1998-US14179 19980713
    WO 9908686
        W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE,
             DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG,
             KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX,
            NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT,
            UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZW
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
            CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
                     A 19990308 AU 1998-83881
     AU 9883881
                                                                  19980713
     IN 1998MA01606
                        A
                               20050304
                                          IN 1998-MA1606
                                                                  19980717
                            19970821
19980713
PRAI US 1997-915769
                         A
    WO 1998-US14179
                        W
RE.CNT 13
             THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
             ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L28 ANSWER 19 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI
    Antioxidant enhancement of therapy for hyperproliferative conditions
AB
    A method to enhance the cytotoxic activity of an antineoplastic drug
    comprises administering an effective amount of the antineoplastic drug to a
     host exhibiting abnormal cell proliferation in combination with an
    effective cytotoxicity-increasing amount of an antioxidant. The invention
    also includes a method to decrease the toxicity to an
    antineoplastic agent or increase the therapeutic index of an
     antineoplastic agent administered for the treatment of a solid growth of
    abnormally proliferating cells, comprising administering an antioxidant
    prior to, with, or following the antineoplastic treatment.
AN
    1999:48609 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
DN 130:119591
    Antioxidant enhancement of therapy for hyperproliferative conditions
IN Chinery, Rebecca; Beauchamp, R. Daniel; Coffey, Robert J.; Medford,
    Russell M.; Wadsinski, Brian
PA
    Atherogenics, Inc., USA
SO
   PCT Int. Appl., 112 pp.
    CODEN: PIXXD2
    Patent
LA
    English
FAN.CNT 1
                  KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
    WO 9901118
        9901118 A2 19990114 W0 1998-US13750 19980701
9901118 A3 19990422
W: AL, AU, BA, BB, BG, BR, CA, CN, CU, CZ, EE, GE, HU, ID, IL, IS,
PΙ
     WO 9901118
            JP, KP, KR, LC, LK, LR, LT, LV, MG, MK, MN, MX, NO, NZ, PL, RO,
             SG, SI, SK, SL, TR, TT, UA, US, UZ, VN, YU, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ,
            MD, RU, TJ, TM
         RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, ZW, AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES,
             FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI,
            CM, GA, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
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A1 19990114 CA 1998-2294247 19980701

CA 2294247

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		R:	AT,			DE,		ES,	FR,	GB,	GE	'	IT,	LΙ,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,
			IE,	51,	шт,	LV,	E.T.	RO											
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	US	7071	158			B2		2006	0704										
	ΑU	2002	0527	51		A		2004	0108		ΑU	20	02-	5276	1		2	0020	702
	AU	7853	22			B2		2007	0118										
PRAI	US	1997	-886	653		A		1997	0701										
	US	1997	-967	492		A		1997	1111										
	AU	1998	-828	27		A		1998	0701										
	US	1998	-108	609		B1		1998	0701										
	WO	1998	-US1	3750		W		1998	0701										
OS	MAE	RPAT	130:	1195	91														

- ------
- L28 ANSWER 20 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN TI Toxicity of liposomal 3'-5'-O-dipalmitoyl-5-fluoro-2'-
- $\begin{array}{ll} & \text{deoxyuridine in mice} \\ \text{AB} & \text{Toxicities of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine (FUdR) and its} \end{array}$ 
  - liposome-incorporated dipalmitovl derivative (FUdR-dipalmitate) to mouse bone marrow, spleen, liver and ileum were compared after treatment for 6 consecutive days. The applied doses of the two formulations, which were shown earlier to have equal antitumor activity in mouse tumor models, were 600 and 2 µmol/kg resp. When applied in these doses, toxicity to the hemopoietic system, measured as a decrease in progenitor and precursor cells of the erythroid and granuloid/macrophage lineage in bone marrow and spleen, was more severe for FUdR than for liposomal FUdR-dipalmitate. In the liver, mitotic figures, as indicators of cell division, were absent for both drugs while in control livers the number of cells in mitosis was .apprx.2%. Toxicity to the ileum was more severe for liposomal FUdR-dipalmitate than for FUdR and was manifested by granulocyte infiltration, the presence of cell debris, loss of columnar epithelial cells and enlarged nuclei with prominent nucleoli in these cells. Thus, by prolonging the retention time of FUdR in vivo, using liposomes as a vehicle and FUdR-dipalmitate as a lipophilic prodrug, the dose-limiting toxicity appears to shift from bone marrow to the
- gastro-intestinal tract.
  AN 1998:361726 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 129:103815
- TI Toxicity of liposomal 3'-5'-0-dipalmitoyl-5-fluoro-2'deoxvuridine in mice
- AU Van Borssum Waalkes, Marjan; Goris, Henk; Dontje, Bert H. J.; Schwendener, Reto A.; Scherphof, Gerrit; Nijhof, Willem
- CS Groningen Inst. Drug Studies, Lab. Physiological Chem., Groningen Univ., Groningen, 9713 AV, Neth.
- SO Anti-Cancer Drug Design (1998), 13(4), 291-305 CODEN: ACDDEA; ISSN: 0266-9536
- PB Oxford University Press
- DT Journal
- LA English
- RE.CNT 46 THERE ARE 46 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L28 ANSWER 21 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds, compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated

pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-

fluorouracil is reported.
AN 1998:236253 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 128:266247

- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 13

PATENT NO.	KIND DAME	ADDITOS TON NO	D3.000
PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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EP 712629	B1 20030618		
	DE, FR, GB, IT,		
JP 10001436	A 19980106		19881027
JP 3474073	B2 20031208		
JP 2001192335	A 2001071		19881027
CA 2111571	A1 1993012:		19920625
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CA 2504078	C 20070828		
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IN 175688	A1 19950812		19920706
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05 02 /4303	DI 2001001.		19950607
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AU 9952624	A 19991202		19991001
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AU 2002320811	A1 20030403		20021223
US 2004033981	A1 20040219		20030624
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JP 2006137772	A 2006060:		20051228
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PRAI US 1987-115923	B2 19871028	3	

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	US	1989-438493	B2	19890627
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	US	1991-724340	B2	19910705
	US	1992-903107	B2	19920625
	US	1993-61381	B2	19930514
	US	1988-186031	B2	19880425
	EP	1988-910239	A3	19881027
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	JP	1994-303877	A3	19881027
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	US	1989-341925	B1	19890421
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	US	1993-98884	B1	19930729
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	US	1993-158799	B2	19931201
	US	1993-176485	A2	19931230
	US	1994-266897	B3	19940701
	US	1994-289214	A3	19940812
	US	1995-419767	A3	19950410
	US	1995-463740	A1	19950605
	US	1995-472210	A1	19950607
	AU	1995-29150	A3	19950630
	AU	1999-52624	A3	19991001
	US	2000-494242	A3	20000131
	AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223
	JP	2005-380457	A3	20051228
OS	MAI	RPAT 128:266247		

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 22 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematopl. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 126:139905

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent LA English

ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN A1 19970215 IN 1994-CA701 19940902 US 5968914 A 19991019 US 1995-472210 19950607 AU 9661114 19961230 AU 1996-61114 19960606 Α AU 724805 B2 20000928 EP 831849 A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461 19960606 R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, LT, LV, FI JP 10511689 Т 19981110 JP 1997-502184 AU 9952624 19991202 AU 1999-52624 Α AU 2002-320811 20021223 AU 2002320811 A1 20030403 AU 2005-232288 AU 2005232288 A1 20051201 20051110 PRAT US 1995-472210 A 19950607 US 1987-115923 B2 19871028 US 1987-115929 B2 19871028 US 1989-438493 B2 19890627 US 1990-487984 B2 19900205

US 1991-724340 B2 19910705 US 1992-903107 B2 19920625 IN 1992-CA473 A1 19920706 US 1993-61381 B2 19930514 US 1993-176485 A2 19931230 AU 1995-29150 A3 19950630 WO 1996-US10067 W 19960606 AU 1999-52624 A3 19991001 AU 2002-320811 A.3 20021223

L28 ANSWER 23 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Preparation of 5-fluoro- or 5-trifluoromethyl-3-(acyloxy- or alkoxycarbonylmethyl)uridine derivatives as antitumor agents

- The title compds. [I; R = H, lower alkyl; R1 = alkoxycarbonyl, AB (un) substituted acyloxy; R2, R4 = H, alkoxycarbonyloxy, acyloxy, or phenoxycarbonyloxy optionally substituted by alkoxy or alkoxycarbonyl; R3 = (halo)aralkyloxy, alkoxycarbonyloxy, acyloxy, or phenoxycarbonyloxy optionally substituted by alkoxy or alkoxycarbonyl; Y = F, CF3], useful as oral or nonoral antitumor agents with reduced toxicity, are prepared Thus, chloromethyl butyrate was added to a mixture of 5-fluoro-2'deoxyuridine 4.5, K2CO3 13.7, NaI 10.1 g in acetone and the resulting mixture was stirred overnight at room temperature to give 67.8% 3-palmitoyloxymethyl-2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine, which (1.3 g) was acylated with 1.11 g n-heptanoyl chloride in CH2C12 containing Et3N at room temperature for 2 h to give the title nucleoside (II) in 64.6% yield. II was administered to mice transplanted with colon cancer at 50 mg/kg i.v. per day for 7 consecutive days and after 16 days from the cancer inoculation, the proliferation of the cancer was inhibited by 97.8%.
- AN 1996:113255 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 124:146755
- ΤI Preparation of 5-fluoro- or 5-trifluoromethyl-3-(acyloxy- or
- alkoxycarbonylmethyl)uridine derivatives as antitumor agents IN Tsujihara, Kenji; Tanaka, Takatsugu; Oohashi, Motoaki; Matsuda, Saburo;
- Suzuki, Akira PA Tanabe Seivaku Co. Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
- Patient.
- LA Japanese
- FAN CNT

E.	AN.CNI I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
P	I JP 07258094	A	19951009	JP 1994-45322	19940316
P.	RAI JP 1994-45322		19940316		
0	S MARPAT 124:146755				

- L28 ANSWER 24 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from
- chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Effects of other derivs. are also presented. Synthesis of
  - ethoxycarbonyluridine is included.
- AN 1995:756200 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 123:160865
- TΙ Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from
- chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp.
  - CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- English FAN.CNT 13
- PATENT NO. KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE PI WO 9426761 A1 19941124 WO 1993-US12689 19931230

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W: AU, CA, JP, KR
         RW: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE
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                                19941212
                                            AU 1994-60812
                          Α
                                                                    19931230
     IN 177670
                                19970215
                          A1
                                            IN 1994-CA701
                                                                    19940902
     AU 9952624
                          Α
                                19991202
                                            AU 1999-52624
                                                                    19991001
     AU 2002320811
                          A1
                                20030403
                                            AU 2002-320811
                                                                    20021223
     AU 2005232288
                          A1
                                20051201
                                            AU 2005-232288
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PRAI US 1993-61381
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     IN 1992-CA473
                          A1
     WO 1993-US12689
                          W
     AU 1995-29150
                          A3
                                19950630
     AU 1999-52624
                          A3
                                19991001
     AU 2002-320811
                          А3
                                20021223
0S
    MARPAT 123:160865
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L28 ANSWER 25 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤI N-Oxycarbonyl-substituted 5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidines as antitumor agents GΙ

AB Compds. I [R1 = saturated or unsatd., straight or branched hydrocarbon radical (wherein longest straight chain has 3-7 C atoms), or (CH2)nY (in which n = 0-4 when Y = cyclohexyl, or n = 2-4 when Y = C1-4 alkoxy or Ph); R2 = H or a radical easily hydrolyzable under physiol. conditions] and their hydrates or solvates are useful in the treatment of tumors. They compds. can be prepared by reaction of chloroformates R10COCl with optionally protected N4-unsubstituted 5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidines. The compds. have improved pharmacokinetic profiles, and less intestinal toxicity than known compds. For example, 5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine (5'-DFCR) was 2',3'-di-O-acetylated with Ac20 in pyridine at 0°, and the product treated with n-Pr chloroformate in pyridine, to give I (R1 = Pr, R2 = Ac). This was hydrolyzed by addition of 1N NaOH to a CH2C12 solution at ice temperature,

giving 79.8% I (R1 = Pr, R2 = H). The analogously prepared I (R1 = Bu, R2 = H), a preferred compound, gave complete inhibition of growth of human colon cancer xenograft CXF280 in mice at a dose where intestinal toxicity was not observed, whereas the standard/metabolite 5-FU gave only 58% inhibition at a toxic dose. Examples include 29 prepns., 3 formulations, acylamidase deacylation data, pharmacokinetics of selected I in monkeys, and addnl. antitumor and anticachexia data in mice.

- AN 1995:487800 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 122:240352
- TI N-Oxycarbonyl-substituted 5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidines as antitumor agents IN Arasaki, Motohiro Nippon Roche; Ishitsuka, Hidee, Kuruma, Isami, Miwa, Masanori; Murasaki, Chikako; Shimma, Nobuo; Umeda, Isao Imperial Hidashihak
- PA F. Hoffmann-La Roche & Co. AG, Switz.
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 20 pp.
- CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 1

L Pilv.	CIVI				
				APPLICATION NO.	
ΡI	EP 602454	A1	19940622	EP 1993-119349	19931201
	EP 602454				
	R: AT, BE,	CH, DE, DE	C, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LI, LU	J, MC, NL, PT, SE
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	AU 671491	B2	19960829	AU 1993-50690 CA 1993-2103324 AT 1993-119349 ES 1993-119349	
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	CA 2103324	C	19971223		
	AT 137244	T	19960515	AT 1993-119349	19931201
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	NO 9304671	A	19940620	NO 1993-4671	19931217
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	CN 1035617	В	19970813		
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	LV 10625	В	19960420	LT 1993-1627 LV 1993-1347	19931217
	PL 174100	B1	19980630	PL 1993-301541 SK 1993-1444	19931217
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PRAT	EP 1992-121538	A	19921218		

OS MARPAT 122:240352

- L28 ANSWER 26 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Fatty acid conjugates of 2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine as prodrugs
- for the selective delivery of 5-fluorouracil to tumor cells

  AB A novel class of prodrugs was prepared by coupling 2'-deoxy-5
  - fluorouridine (5dFU) to oleic and docosahexaenoic acids, resp.
    The cytotoxic activity of the drug and its conjugates was assayed in vitro
    upon HT-29, a colon carcinoma cell line of human origin. After short term
    (2-h) treatments with the drugs, both fatty acid conjugates of 5dFU showed
    cytotoxic activity in a dose-dependent way, while 5dFU alone was devoid of
    toxic effects within the whole range of concns. (10-200 µM) tested.
    Following long term (24- or 48-h) incubations only a fraction of the HT-29
    cell population was sensitive to 5dFU, the rest of the population being

cell population was sensitive to 5dFU, the rest of the population being resistant even at the highest concentration tested (200  $\mu\rm M)$ . In contrast, 5dFU-oleic acid and, particularly, 5dFU-docsalexaenoic acids appeared toxic for the whole population of HT-29 cells under the same exptl.

conditions. The considerable gain in cell toxicity and, to a

lesser extent, in selectivity resulted from the conjugation since the toxic effect of the drug alone was not modified when equimolar mixts. of 5dFU and fatty acids were assayed. These results confirm a previous study on the cytotoxicity of fatty acid derivs. of chlorambucil toward malignant lymphoblastoid cells and reinforce the potential use of fatty acid conjugates as efficient antitumor prodrugs.

- AN 1992:557535 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN
  - Fatty acid conjugates of 2'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine as prodrugs
  - for the selective delivery of 5-fluorouracil to tumor cells
- AU Halmos, Therese; Moroni, Patricia; Antonakis, Kostas; Uriel, Jose
- CS Lab. Chim. Org. Chim. Proteines, Inst. Rech. Sci. Cancer, Villejuif, 94801, Fr.
- SO Biochemical Pharmacology (1992), 44(1), 149-55
- CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952 DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 27 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI Preparation of 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-stearoylthymidine and its use as virucide
- AB Virucides, which are useful for treatment of AIDS and have less adverse effect than 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (I), contain the title compound (II) as an active ingredient. Reaction of 500 mg I with stearoyl chloride in pyridine at room temperature for 2 h gave 700 mg
  - which was hydrolyzed with hepatic enzymes at 37° in vitro with reaction velocity constant .apprx.0.01 min-1, vs. .apprx.0.01 and >1.0 min-1, for 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-acetylthymidine (III) and 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-decanoylthymidine, resp. Administration of II (10 mg/kg as I) i.p. to mice resulted in I concentration of blood .apprx.0.5 μg/mL 4 h later, vs. .apprx.0 μg/mL, for III. Capsules were formulated containing II 25, potato starch 150, silica 50, Mg stearate 10, and lactose 765 mg.
- 1992:34552 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> AN
- DN 116:34552
- TT Preparation of 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-stearoylthymidine and its use as virucide
- IN Kawaguchi, Takeo
- PA Yamasa Shoyu Co., Ltd., Japan
- Jpn. Kokai Tokkvo Koho, 5 pp. SO
- CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

PATENT NO. K	IND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI JP 03086896 PRAT JP 1989-151346	A 199104:		19900308

- L28 ANSWER 28 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- 5-Fluorouracil derivatives. XX. Synthesis and antitumor activity of 5'-0-unsaturated acv1-5-fluorouridines

AB Various kinds of 5'-O-unsatd. acyl 5-fluorouridines I (R = unsatd. acyl) were synthesized to obtain 5-fluorouridine derivs. with low toxicity and high antitumor activity. Antitumor activity of the compds. against L-1210 leukemia in mice was examined, and the 5'-O-4-pentenovl derivative showed the highest antitumor activity.

AN 1991:220747 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 114:220747

TI 5-Fluorouracil derivatives. XX. Synthesis and antitumor activity of 5'-O-unsaturated acyl-5-fluorouridines

AU Ozaki, Shoichiro; Akiyama, Takahiko; Morita, Takao; Kumegawa, Masahiro;

Nagase, Toshio; Uehara, Nobuaki; Hoshi, Akio S Fac. Eng., Ehime Univ., Matsuyama, 790, Japan

SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1990), 38(11), 3164-6

CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

OT Journal

LA English

L28 ANSWER 29 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Antiviral 5-halo-2'-deoxyuridines

ĜĪ

AB 5-Halo-2'-deoxyuridines I (X = halo; R1, R2 = H, C22 aliphatic acyl, C26 aromatic acyl; R1 = R2  $\neq$  H) are antiviral agents for therapeutic use. I shows a high antiviral activity but low

toxicity to normal cells. Herpes type 1 virus was inoculated into Vero cell monolayer culture in minimal essential medium (MEM) containing 5% calf serum, and test compds. were added. After 48 h cultivation in 5% calf serum-containing MEM, the ED50 of 3',5'-didodecanoy1-5-fluoro-2'deoxyuridine (II) was 0.054 µg/mL compared to 0.99 µg/mL for acyclovir (control compound). Capsules were prepared containing II 10, lactose 97, crystalline cellulose 50, and Mg stearate 3 mg.

AN 1987:207662 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> DN 106:207662

OREF 106:33520h,33521a

TI Antiviral 5-halo-2'-deoxvuridines

IN Kawaguchi, Takeo; Fujinaga, Shigeki; Suzuki, Yoshiki

PA Teijin Ltd. , Japan

SO PCT Int. Appl., 33 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

Japanese T.A

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	WO 8700435	A1	19870129	WO 1986-JP383	19860721
	W: AU, JP, US				
	RW: CH, DE, FR,	GB, IT,	, NL, SE		
	AU 8661367	A	19870210	AU 1986-61367	19860721
	AU 593271	B2	19900208		
	EP 227844	A1	19870708	EP 1986-904397	19860721
	EP 227844	B1	19920513		
	R: CH, DE, FR,	GB, IT,	, LI, NL, SE		
	US 4868162	A	19890919	US 1987-28841	19870323
PRAI	JP 1985-160115	A	19850722		
	WO 1986-JP383	A	19860721		
OS	MARPAT 106:207662				

L28 ANSWER 30 OF 30 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Platinum-(2,4-dioxopyrimidine) complex

AB The title complexes were prepared by treating 2,4-dioxopyrimidine derivs. with cis-diaquadiammineplatinum(II) [20115-64-4] in a 2:1 to 1:1 mole ratio at 0-55°. The complexes showed antitumor, antiviral, and antibacterial activity, high water solubility, and low renal toxicity . For example, 0.01 mole cis-dichlorodiammineplatinum(II) [15663-27-1] was treated with 0.02 mole AgNO3 in the dark to give cisdiaquadiammineplatinum(II). This complex was then treated with uracil in a 1:1 mole ratio at pH 6-7 to give a complex which showed antitumor. antibacterial, and antiviral activity.

AN 1976:428777 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 85:28777

OREF 85:4645a,4648a

TI Platinum-(2,4-dioxopyrimidine) complex

IN Rosenberg, Barnett; Mansy, Samir A. L. A.; Van Camp, Loretta L.; Peresie, Henry J.; Fischer, Robert George; Davidson, James P. PA

Research Corp., USA Ger. Offen., 51 pp.

SO

CODEN: GWXXBX

Patent LA German

FAN CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	DE 2445418	A1	19760401	DE 1974-2445418	19740923
	JP 58028278	B	19830615	JP 1974-112688	19740930
PRAI	DE 1974-2445418		19740923		

=> s hematopoi? or (bone marrow)

63475 HEMATOPOI? 223644 BONE

223644 BONE 83129 MARROW

78320 BONE MARROW

(BONE (W) MARROW)

L29 122195 HEMATOPOI? OR (BONE MARROW)

=> s 116 and 129

L30 32 L16 AND L29

=> s 130 and (PY<1992 or AY<1992 or PRY<1992)

14292111 PY<1992 2501307 AY<1992

1944919 PRY<1992 L31 4 L30 AND (PY<1992 OR AY<1992 OR PRY<1992)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE ENTRY SESSION
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FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 13:34:12 ON 21 MAR 2008 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR CUSTOMER AGREEMENT COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION. LAST RELOADED: Mar 14, 2008 (20080314/UP).

=> d 131 1-4 ti abs bib
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L31 ANSWER 1 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Preparation of acyl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight

AB The invention relates to the preparation of acyl derivs. of 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2-deoxyadenosine, 2-deoxyadenosin

- deoxyribonucleosides and saline (control).
- 2000:78901 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>> AN
- DN 132:93587
- Preparation of acvl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or TI preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight
- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 23 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 149,469, abandoned.
- CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent LA Enalish
- FAN.CNT 13

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 6020322		20000201	US 1994-309572	19940921
F I	IN 177670	A1	19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940921
	US 6103701	A	20000815	US 1995-470027	19950606 <
	US 6297222	B1	20011002	US 1995-466379	19950606 <
	US 6306834	B1	20011023	US 1995-479516	19950607 <
	AU 9952624	A	19991202	AU 1999-52624	19991001
	US 7169765	B1	20070130	US 2000-494243	20000131 <
	AU 2002320811	A1	20030403	AU 2002-320811	20021223
	AU 2005232288	A1	20051201	AU 2005-232288	20051110
PRAI	US 1993-149469	B1	19931109		
	US 1987-115923	B2	19871028	<	
	WO 1988-US3824	W	19881027	<	
	US 1990-487984	B3	19900205	<	
	IN 1992-CA473	A1	19920706		
	US 1994-309572	A3	19940921		
	AU 1995-29150	A3	19950630		
	AU 1999-52624	A3	19991001		
	AU 2002-320811	A3	20021223		
os	MARPAT 132:93587				

- RE.CNT 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L31 ANSWER 2 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds, are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>
- DN 131:281604
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485.
- CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent English

FAN	CNT	13

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	US 5968914	A	19991019	US 1995-472210	19950607 <
	EP 712629	A1	19960522	EP 1995-203050	19881027 <
	EP 712629	B1	20030618		

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R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE
 JP 10001436 A 19980106 JP 1997-36734 19881027 <--

        JP 1001436
        A
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        JP 1997–36734
        19881027 - JP

        JP 3474073
        B2
        20031208
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        2001192335
        A
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        JP 2000–379524
        19881027 - CA

        CA 2111571
        A1
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        19920625 - CA
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 JP 3474073
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                      SE, SG
            RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
                   IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN
 AU 9661114 A 19961230 AU 1996-61114 19960606
 AU 724805
                                                    B2 20000928
A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461
                                                                                                                                                               19960606
            R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                     IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
 CN 1192149 A 19980902 CN 1996-195929 JP 19511689 T 19981110 JP 1997-502184 JP 2003201240 A 20030718 JP 2003-721 EP 1491201 A1 20041229 EP 2004-23557 EP 1491201 B1 20060322
                                                                                                                                                              19960606
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                      IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, AL
IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, AL

AT 320813 T 20060415 AT 2004-23557 19960606
ES 2257721 T3 20060801 ES 2004-23557 19960606
FT 1491201 T 20060831 PT 2004-23557 19960606
HK 1072897 Al 20060512 HK 2005-105421 19981003
US 2001025032 Al 20010927 US 1999-249790 19990216 <--
US 6344447 B2 2002025
AU 9952624 A 19991202 AU 1999-52624 1999101
US 6743782 B1 20040601 US 2000-494242 20000131 <--
AU 200320811 Al 20030403 AU 2002-320811 20021223
US 2004393981 Al 20040219 US 2003-601863 20030624 <--
US 2004192635 Al 20040930 US 2004-824501 20040615 <--
US 2004202134 Al 20041104 US 2004-824501 20040615 <--
US 2004202134 Al 20041104 US 2004-8258535 20040528 <--
AU 2005232288 Al 20051201 AU 2005-232288 20051110
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	JP	2006137772	A	20060601	JP	2005-380457	20051228	<
	JΡ	2008019268	A	20080131	JP	2007-233452	20070907	<
PRAI	US	1987-115923	B2	19871028	<			
	US	1987-115929	B2	19871028	<			
	US	1989-438493	B2	19890627	<			
	US	1990-487984	B2	19900205	<			
	US	1991-724340	B2	19910705	<			
	US	1992-903107	B2	19920625				
	US	1993-61381	B2	19930514				
	US	1993-176485	A2	19931230				
	US	1988-186031	B2	19880425	<			
	EP	1988-910239	A3	19881027	<			
	JP	1988-509176	A3	19881027	<			
	JP	1994-303877	A3	19881027	<			
	JP	2000-379524	A3	19881027	<			
	US	1989-341925	B1	19890421	<			
	US	1990-533933	B1	19900605	<			
	US	1990-438493	B2	19900626	<			
	US	1991-653882	B2	19910208	<			
	US	1991-737913	B3	19910729	<			
	CA	1992-2111571	A3	19920625				
	IN	1992-CA473	A1	19920706				
	US	1992-911379	A3	19920713				
	US	1992-925931	B2	19920807				
	US	1992-958598	B3	19921007				
	US	1992-987730	B2	19921208				
	US	1992-997657	A3	19921230				
	US	1993-96407	B1	19930726				
	US	1993-98884	B1	19930729				
	US	1993-153163	A1	19931117				
	US	1993-158799	B2	19931201				
	US	1994-266897	B3	19940701				
		1994-289214	A3	19940812				
		1995-419767	A3	19950410				
	US	1995-463740	A1	19950605				
	US	1995-472210	A	19950607				
	AU	1995-29150	A3	19950630				
	EP	1996-918461	A3	19960606				
	JP	1997-502184	A3	19960606				
		1996-US10067	W	19960606				
		1998-111095	A3	19981003				
	AU	1999-52624	A3	19991001				
	US	2000-494242	A3	20000131				
	AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223				
	JP	2005-380457	A3	20051228				

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 3 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

 ${\tt TI}$  Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoletic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported.

AN 1998:236253 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 128:266247

TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated

pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned.
CODEN: USXXAM

DT LA Patent

LA	English			
FAN.	CNT 13	11711D D3.MD	30017030701100	D.2. M.D.
	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5736531	A 1998		19931230 <
- 1	EP 712629	A1 19960		19881027 <
	EP 712629	B1 20030		13001021
			IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	JP 10001436	A 1998		19881027 <
	JP 3474073	B2 2003:	.208	
	JP 2001192335	A 20010	717 JP 2000-379524	19881027 <
	CA 2111571	A1 19930	121 CA 1992-2111571	19920625 <
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	CA 2504078	A1 19930	121 CA 1992-2504078	19920625 <
	CA 2504078	C 20070		
	ES 2160579	T3 2001:		19920625 <
	ZA 9204975	A 19930		19920703 <
	IN 175688	A1 19950		19920706 <
	US 5246708	A 1993		19920713 <
	US 5470838	A 1995:		19921230 <
	US 5583117	A 1996:		19931025 <
	US 6020320 IN 177670	A 20000		19931117 < 19940902
	US 5770582	A 19970		19940902
	US 5691320	A 1997		19950605 <
	US 6054441	A 20000		19950605 <
	US 6060459	A 2000		19950605 <
	US 7307166	B1 2007:		19950605 <
	US 6258795	B1 20010		19950606 <
	US 6316426	B1 2001:		19950606 <
	US 5968914	A 1999:	.019 US 1995-472210	19950607 <
	US 6232298	B1 20010	0515 US 1995-479519	19950607 <
	US 6274563	B1 20010	0814 US 1995-479349	19950607 <
	US 6348451	B1 20020		19950607 <
	US 6919320	B1 20050		19950607 <
	US 7166581	B1 20070		19950607 <
	US 2001025032	A1 20010		19990216 <
	US 6344447	B2 20020		
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	US 6743782	B1 20040		20000131 <
	AU 2002320811 US 2004033981	A1 20030 A1 20040		20021223 20030624 <
	US 2004033961	A1 20040		20030624 <
	US 2004192633	A1 20040		20040528 <
	AU 2005232288	A1 2004.		20040328 <
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	JP 2008019268	A 2008		20070907 <
PRAI	US 1987-115923	B2 1987:		
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	US 1989-438493	B2 19890		
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	US 1991-724340	B2 19910		
	US 1992-903107	B2 19920		
	US 1993-61381	B2 19930		
	US 1988-186031	B2 19880	1425 <	

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JP 1998-509176 A3 19881027 <--
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JP 1994-303877 A3 19881027 <--
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US 1991-633882 B2 19910208 <--
US 1991-737913 B3 19910729 <--
CA 1992-2111571 A3 19920625 S--
CA 1992-2111571 A3 19920625 S--
US 1992-91579 A3 19920706 US 1992-91579 A3 19920707 US 1992-91589 B3 19921007 US 1992-91587 B2 1992007 US 1992-958598 B3 19921007 US 1992-958598 B3 19921007 US 1992-958598 B3 19921007 US 1993-96407 B1 19930729 US 1993-153163 A1 19931117 US 1993-153163 A1 19931117 US 1993-158799 B2 19931201 US 1993-16485 A2 19931201 US 1994-266897 B3 19940701 US 1994-266897 B3 19940701 US 1995-419767 A3 19950607 AU 1995-29150 A1 19950607 AU 1995-29150 A1 19950607 AU 1995-52624 A3 19991001 US 2000-494242 A3 2000131 AU 2002-320811 A3 20021223 JP 2005-380457 A3 CURPER APER A4 CHEEP EPERPENDES AND AS A CHEEP EPERPENDES AND AND AS A CHEEP EPERPENDES AND AS A CHEEP EPERPEND
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OS MARPAT 128:266247

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L31 ANSWER 4 OF 4 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TΙ Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds, are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described. AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080321>>

DN 126:139905

Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English FAN. CNT 13

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	WO 9640165	A1	19961219	WO 1996-US10067	19960606

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W: AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ, DE, DK, EE,
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             SE, SG
         RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,
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A1 20030403
A1 20051201
A 19950607
B2 19871028
B2 19871028
B2 19900205
B2 19910705
B2 19910705
    AU 2002320811
                                          AU 2002-320811
                                                                    20021223
    AU 2005232288
                                            AU 2005-232288
                                                                    20051110
PRAI US 1995-472210
    US 1987-115923
                                19871028 <--
    US 1987-115929
                                19871028 <--
     US 1989-438493
                                19890627 <--
    US 1990-487984
                                19900205 <--
    US 1991-724340
                                19910705 <--
                        B2
    US 1992-903107
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     IN 1992-CA473
                         A1
                                19920706
                         В2
    US 1993-61381
                                19930514
    US 1993-176485
                        A2
                                19931230
                         A3
    AU 1995-29150
                                19950630
    MO 1996-US10067 W
AU 1999-52624 A3
AU 2002-320811 A3
                                19960606
                               19991001
                                20021223
```

```
=> exp triacetyluridine/cn
                    TRIACETYLTRIBENZYLHEXAAZAISOWURTZITANE/CN
            1
E2
                    TRIACETYLUMBROSIN/CN
E3
            0 --> TRIACETYLURIDINE/CN
E4
            1 TRIACETYLUSKUDARAMINE/CN
E5
                  TRIACETYLZYGADENINE/CN
            1 TRIACCI LIZARINE GREEN G/CN
1 TRIACID ALIZARINE GREEN G/CN
1 TRIACID AMDRANTH A/CN
1 TRIACID AMDONAPHTHOL RED 6B/CN
1 TRIACID AMDONAPHTHOL RED G/CN
1 TRIACID AZOEOSINE B/CN
1 TRIACID BENGAL ROSE B/CN
E6
E8
E9
E10
E11
E12
            1
                  TRIACID BLUE AE/CN
=> exp 2',3',5'-triacetyluridine/cn
MISMATCHED QUOTE IN EXPAND TERM
Quotation marks (or apostrophes) must be used in pairs,
one before and one after the expression you are setting
off or masking.
=> exp 2,3,5-triacetvluridine/cn
                 2,3,5-TRIACETOXYPYRIDINE/CN
E2
             1
                    2,3,5-TRIACETYL-D-RIBOFURANOSYL CHLORIDE/CN
E3
             0 --> 2.3.5-TRIACETYLURIDINE/CN
E4
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINO-1,4-NAPHTHOOUINONE/CN
E5
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINO-4,6-DIMETHYLPYRIDINE/CN
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINO-4,6-DIMETHYLPYRIDINE BISMETHANESULFONATE/CN
E6
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINOBENZALDEHYDE/CN
E7
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINOBENZONITRILE/CN
E8
             1
                   2.3.5-TRIAMINOBROMOBENZENE/CN
E9
                   2,3,5-TRIAMINOCHLOROBENZENE/CN
E10
E11
                  2,3,5-TRIAZA-1,4-DIBORAHEPTANE-1,1,4-TRIAMINE, 6-METHYL-2-(1
                   -METHYLETHENYL)-N1,N1',N1',3,5-HEXAKIS(1-METHYLETHYL)-/CN
E12
            1
                  2,3,5-TRIAZA-1,4-DIBORAHEXAN-1-AMINE, N,N,1,2,3,4,5-HEPTAMET
                   HYL-/CN
=> exp peracetyluridine/cn
     1 PERACETYLSHATAVARIN IV/CN
E2
                   PERACETYLTEULAMIOSIDE/CN
E3
            0 --> PERACETYLURIDINE/CN
E4
            1 PERACID HYDROLASE/CN
E5
                  PERACIT 4018F/CN
E6
            1 PERACIT 4439X1/CN
1 PERACIT 4536K/CN
E7
                  PERACIT 5042/CN
E8
            1
E9
             1
                  PERACIT 5044/CN
E10
            1
                  PERACIT 5046/CN
E11
             1
                  PERACIT 5048/CN
E12
                  PERACIT 5050/CN
             1
=> exp uridine triacetate/cn
E1
                   URIDINE TRANSPORTER/CN
                   URIDINE TRANSPORTER (CRYPTOCOCCUS NEOFORMANS NEOFORMANS STRA
E2
                    IN JEC21)/CN
E3
             1 --> URIDINE TRIACETATE/CN
             1 URIDINE TRIPHOSPHATASE/CN
E4
E5
                   URIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE/CN
E6
                   URIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE AMINASE/CN
E7
             1 URIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SODIUM SALT/CN
1 URIDINE, ((5,5'':6,6''-DICYCLO)-(5R,6R)-5'-O-(BIS(4-METHOXYP
E8
                   HENYL) PHENYLMETHYL) -P-(2-CYANOETHYL) -5,6-DIHYDROTHYMIDYLYL-(
```

```
URIDINE, ((5,5'':6,6''-DICYCLO)-(5R,6R)-5'-O-(BIS(4-METHOXYP
                  HENYL) PHENYLMETHYL) -P- (2-CYANOETHYL) -5, 6-DIHYDROTHYMIDYLYL- (
                   3'.FWDARW.5'))-2'-DEOXY-5,6-DIHYDRO-, 3'-(2,2-DIMETHYLPROPAN
                  OATE), (5S,6S)-/CN
                  URIDINE, ((5,5'':6,6''-DICYCLO)-(5R,6R)-5'-0-(BIS(4-METHOXYP
                  HENYL) PHENYLMETHYL) -P-(2-CYANOETHYL) -5,6-DIHYDROTHYMIDYLYL-(
                  3'.FWDARW.5'))-2'-DEOXY-5,6-DIHYDRO-, 3'-(2-CYANOETHYL BIS(1
                  -METHYLETHYL) PHOSPHO/CN
E11
                  URIDINE, ((5.5'':6.6''-DICYCLO)-(5R.6R)-5.6-DIHYDRO-5-METHYL
                  -2'-0,4'C-METHYLENEURIDYLYL-(3'.FWDARW.5'))-5,6-DIHYDRO-2'-0
                   ,4'-C-METHYLENE-, (5S,6S)-/CN
E12
                  URIDINE, ((5,5'':6,6''-DICYCLO)-(5R,6R)-P-(2-CYANOETHYL)-5,6
                  -DIHYDROTHYMIDYLYL-(3'.FWDARW.5'))-2'-DEOXY-5,6-DIHYDRO-, 3'
                   -(2,2-DIMETHYLPROPANOATE), (5S,6S)-/CN
=> s E3
             1 "URIDINE TRIACETATE"/CN
=> exp ethoxycarbonyluridine/cn
                  ETHOXYCARBONYLTHIOUREA/CN
E2
                  ETHOXYCARBONYLURETHANE/CN
E3
             0 --> ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE/CN
E4
                  ETHOXYCHLOR/CN
E5
                  ETHOXYCHLORODIMETHYLSILANE/CN
E6
                  ETHOXYCHLOROMETHANE/CN
E7
                 ETHOXYCLAVIGERIN B/CN
E8
                 ETHOXYCLUSIN/CN
E9
                 ETHOXYCOUMARIN 6-HYDROXYLASE/CN
                 ETHOXYCOUMARIN DEETHYLASE/CN
E10
                 ETHOXYCOUMARIN O-DEALKYLASE/CN
E11
E12
                 ETHOXYCOUMARIN O-DEETHYLASE/CN
=> exp 5-ethoxycarbonyluridine/cn
E1
                 5-ETHOXYCARBONYLTHIOPHENE-2-ACETIC ACID/CN
E2
                  5-ETHOXYCARBONYLURACIL/CN
E3
             1 --> 5-ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE/CN
E4
                  5-ETHOXYCREATININE/CN
E5
                 5-ETHOXYDIHYDRO-2(3H)-FURANONE/CN
E6
                 5-ETHOXYDIHYDRO-3-PHENYL-2(3H)-FURANONE/CN
                 5-ETHOXYDIIMINOISOINDOLINE/CN
E7
E8
                 5-ETHOXYFURAN-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID/CN
E9
                 5-ETHOXYFURFURAL/CN
E10
                 5-ETHOXYHEXAMETHYLTRISILOXAN-1-OL/CN
E11
            1
                  5-ETHOXYINDANE-1,3-DIONE/CN
E12
                 5-ETHOXYINDOLE/CN
            1
=> s E3
             1 5-ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE/CN
=> exp cytidine triacetate/cn
                  CYTIDINE TETRAACETATE/CN
                  CYTIDINE TETRAPHOSPHATE/CN
             0 --> CYTIDINE TRIACETATE/CN
E4
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE/CN
E5
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE/CN
E6
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE (LACTOBACILLUS SAKEI SAKEI ST
                  BAIN 23K GENE PYRG)/CN
E7
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE (TRYPANOSOMA BRUCEI STRAIN TR
                  EU927 GENE TB927.1.1240)/CN
EΑ
                 CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHASE II (HUMAN CLONE MGC: 32997 IMA
```

3'.FWDARW.5'))-2'-DEOXY-5,6-DIHYDRO-, (5S,6S)-/CN

```
GE:5268973)/CN
E9
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE/CN
E10
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE (GIARDIA DUODENALIS CLONE 1
                  709A)/CN
E11
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE (GIARDIA DUODENALIS CLONE 1
                  709B)/CN
             1
                  CYTIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE SYNTHETASE (GIARDIA DUODENALIS STRAIN
E12
=> exp cvtidine 2,3,5-triacetate/cn
                 CYTIDINE 2'-MONOPHOSPHATE TRIHYDRATE/CN
E2
                  CYTIDINE 2'-PHOSPHATE/CN
E3
             0 --> CYTIDINE 2,3,5-TRIACETATE/CN
                  CYTIDINE 3',5'-BISPHOSPHATE/CN
E4
E5
             1
                  CYTIDINE 3',5'-CYCLIC MONOPHOSPHATE/CN
E6
             1
                  CYTIDINE 3',5'-CYCLIC MONOPHOSPHORIC ACID/CN
E7
                 CYTIDINE 3',5'-DIPHOSPHATE/CN
             1
E8
            1
                 CYTIDINE 3',5'-DIPHOSPHATE, 5'-(2,4-DINITROPHENYL) ESTER/CN
E9
            1
                 CYTIDINE 3',5'-DIPHOSPHATE, DI-BA SALT/CN
E10
            1
                 CYTIDINE 3',5'-MONOPHOSPHATE/CN
                 CYTIDINE 3'-(TETRAHYDROGEN TRIPHOSPHATE)/CN
E12
                  CYTIDINE 3'-(TETRAHYDROGEN TRIPHOSPHATE), 2'-DEOXY-/CN
=> exp cytidine 2',3',5'-triacetate/cn
MISMATCHED OUOTE IN EXPAND TERM
Quotation marks (or apostrophes) must be used in pairs,
one before and one after the expression you are setting
off or masking.
=> exp 2,3,5-triacetylcytidine/cn
            1 2,3,5-TRIACETOXYPYRIDINE/CN
E1
E2
                   2,3,5-TRIACETYL-D-RIBOFURANOSYL CHLORIDE/CN
E3
             0 --> 2,3,5-TRIACETYLCYTIDINE/CN
E4
             1 2,3,5-TRIAMINO-1,4-NAPHTHOQUINONE/CN
E5
                  2,3,5-TRIAMINO-4,6-DIMETHYLPYRIDINE/CN
E6
                 2,3,5-TRIAMINO-4,6-DIMETHYLPYRIDINE BISMETHANESULFONATE/CN
E7
            1
                  2.3.5-TRIAMINOBENZALDEHYDE/CN
E8
                  2,3,5-TRIAMINOBENZONITRILE/CN
E9
                  2,3,5-TRIAMINOBROMOBENZENE/CN
E10
                  2,3,5-TRIAMINOCHLOROBENZENE/CN
                  2,3,5-TRIAZA-1,4-DIBORAHEPTANE-1,1,4-TRIAMINE, 6-METHYL-2-(1
                  -METHYLETHENYL)-N1,N1,N1',N1',3,5-HEXAKIS(1-METHYLETHYL)-/CN
E12
                  2,3,5-TRIAZA-1,4-DIBORAHEXAN-1-AMINE, N,N,1,2,3,4,5-HEPTAMET
                  HYL-/CN
=> exp peracetylcytidine/cn
                  PERACETYLCASSIGAROL A/CN
E2
                  PERACETYLCHITOBIOSE/CN
E3
             0 --> PERACETYLCYTIDINE/CN
E4
                  PERACETYLDIOSPYRODIN/CN
E5
                  PERACETYLEFOMYCIN M/CN
                  PERACETYLGAUANACONETIN/CN
                  PERACETYLGLOCHIDIOSIDE N/CN
                 PERACETYLGLOCHIDIOSIDE Q/CN
PERACETYLISORIBOFLAVINE/CN
E8
E9
E10
            1
                  PERACETYLMONAZOMYCIN/CN
E11
                  PERACETYLOBTUSALLENE III/CN
E12
                 PERACETYLPACHYMOSIDE METHYL ESTER/CN
=> exp diacetyldeoxycytidine/cn
           1 DIACETYLDENUDATINE/CN
```

```
DIACETYLDEOXAPHOMIN/CN
E3
            0 --> DIACETYLDEOXYCYTIDINE/CN
E4
             1 DIACETYLDESMYCOSIN/CN
E5
                 DIACETYLDEUTEROHEME/CN
                 DIACETYLDEUTEROHEMIN/CN
E6
            1
E7
            1
                 DIACETYLDEUTEROPORPHYRIN IX/CN
                 DIACETYLDIAMINODIPHENYLSULFONE/CN
E8
E9
                 DIACETYLDIAZOMETHANE/CN
E10
                 DIACETYLDIBUTYLTIN/CN
E11
                 DIACETYLDIDEHYDRO-15-EPIVEATCHINIUM/CN
E12
                 DIACETYLDIDEHYDRO-15-EPIVEATCHINIUM ACETATE/CN
=> exp 2-deoxycytidine-3,5-diacetate/cn
E1
                  2-DEOXYCYTIDINE 5-TRIPHOSPHATE DEAMINASE (NITROBACTER WINOGR
                  ADSKYI STRAIN NB-255)/CN
E2
                  2-DEOXYCYTIDINE 5-TRIPHOSPHATE DEAMINASE (SHIGELLA FLEXNERI
                  STRAIN 2457T GENE DCD)/CN
E3
             0 --> 2-DEOXYCYTIDINE-3,5-DIACETATE/CN
E4
                  2-DEOXYDI-O-ACETYL-D-RIBOPYRANOSYL-E-RHODOMYCINONE/C
             1
                  N
E5
                  2-DEOXYDULCITOL/CN
E6
                  2-DEOXYECDYSONE/CN
                  2-DEOXYECDYSONE 2,23-DIACETATE/CN
E7
                  2-DEOXYECDYSONE 22-B-D-GLYCOSIDE/CN
E8
             1
E9
                  2-DEOXYECDYSONE 22-ACETATE/CN
            2-DEOXYECDYSONE 22-PHOSERGLE, C...
1 2-DEOXYECDYSONE C-2 HYDROXYLASE/CN
2-DEOXYECDYSTERONE/CN
                 2-DEOXYECDYSONE 22-PHOSPHATE/CN
E10
E11
E12
=> d 11
   ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN
    4105-38-8 REGISTRY
ED
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Uridine, 2',3',5'-triacetate (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 2',3',5'-Tri-O-acetyluridine
CN 2',3',5'-Triacetyluridine
CN PN 401
CN RG 2133
CN Tri-O-acetvl uridine
CN Uridine triacetate
FS STEREOSEARCH
DR 293738-13-3
MF
    C15 H18 N2 O9
    COM
LC.
     STN Files: BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, CA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CHEMCATS,
       CHEMINFORMRX, CHEMLIST, CSCHEM, IMSRESEARCH, TOXCENTER, USPAT2,
       USPATFULL, USPATOLD
         (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: EINECS**
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
```

Absolute stereochemistry.

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

220 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)

6 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA

220 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

4 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

# => d 12

- L2 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- RN 38934-37-1 REGISTRY
- ED Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
- CN 5-Pyrimidinecarboxylic acid, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydro-2,4-dioxo-1-β-Dribofuranosyl-, ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

OTHER NAMES:

- CN 5-Ethoxycarbonyluridine
- FS STEREOSEARCH MF C12 H16 N2 O8
- LC STN Files: BEILSTEIN\*, CA, CAPLUS, CASREACT, TOXCENTER, USPATFULL
  (\*File contains numerically searchable property data)

### Absolute stereochemistry.

- \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*
  - 10 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
  - 10 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)

=> log hold COST IN U.S. DOLLARS FULL ESTIMATED COST

SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION 17.98 18.19

### SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 09:42:17 ON 24 MAR 2008

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

PASSWORD:

\* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \* \* SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'REGISTRY' AT 09:45:28 ON 24 MAR 2008 FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 09:45:28 ON 24 MAR 2008

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 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
 SINCE FILE
 TOTAL

 BNTRY
 SESSION

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
 17.98
 18.19

\_<

Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\08460186specific.str

chain nodes :

```
34 35 37 ring nodes:
1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14 chain bonds:
1 2 3 4 5 6 10 11 12 13 14 chain bonds:
1 2 10 2-9 4-7 5-21 6-20 10-16 11-18 11-37 12-17 12-24 13-15 13-19 19-22 19-23 19-25 24-27 25-26 26-29 26-30 27-28 27-31 32-33 33-34 33-35 ring bonds:
1 -2 1-6 2-3 3-4 4-5 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 12-13 13-14 exact/norm bonds:
1 -2 1-6 1-10 2-3 2-9 3-4 4-5 4-7 5-6 10-11 10-14 11-12 11-37 12-13 12-24 13-14 19-25 24-27 25-26 26-29 27-28 32-33 33-34 exact bonds:
5 -2 6 6-20 10-16 11-18 12-17 13-15 13-19 19-22 19-23 26-30 27-31 33-35
```

7 9 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33

G1:H, [\*1]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS

32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS 35:CLASS 37:CLASS

#### L3 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> s 13

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 09:46:07 FILE 'REGISTRY' SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -139 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 139 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

5 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*

BATCH \*\*COMPLETE\*\* PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 2073 TO 3487 PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L45 SEA SSS SAM L3

=> d 13 scan L3 HAS NO ANSWERS

=> d 14 scan

T. 4 5 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN IN Thymidine, 3-nitro-, 2',5'-diacetate (9CI)

MF C14 H17 N3 O9

Absolute stereochemistry.

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):2

L4 5 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

IN 2,4(1H,3H)-Pyrimidinedione, 5-methyl-1-(2,3,5-tri-0-acetyl- $\alpha$ -D-arabinofuranosyl)-

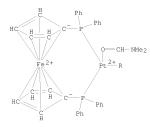
MF C16 H20 N2 O9

### Absolute stereochemistry.

### \*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

- L4 5 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- IN Platinum(1+), [1,1'-bis(diphenylphosphino)ferrocene-P,P'](N,N-dimethylformamide-O)(thymidine 3',5'-diacetato-N3)-, (SP-4-3)- (9CI)
- MF C51 H52 Fe N3 O8 P2 Pt
- CI CCS, COM

PAGE 1-A



HOW MANY MORE ANSWERS DO YOU WISH TO SCAN? (1):0

=> s 13 sss full FULL SEARCH INITIATED 09:46:48 FILE 'REGISTRY' FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED -3182 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 3182 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

79 ANSWERS

79 SEA SSS FUL L3

=> file caplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

TOTAL SINCE FILE ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 196.80 197.01

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=> s 15/thu

215 L5 990856 THU/RL 5 I.5/THII

### (L5 (L) THU/RL)

### => d 16 1-5 ti abs bib

- L6 ANSWER 1 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Antiproliferative activity of Pt(II) and Pd(II) phosphine complexes with thymine and thymidine
- AB Oxidative addition reactions between [M(PPh3)4] (M = Pt and Pd) and N1-methylthymine (t)/3',5'-di-O-acetylthymidine (T) were carried out to give [M(II)(PPh3)2Cl t (or T)] complexes, in which the metal is coordinated to the N3 of the base. All complexes were characterized by spectroscopic analyses (IR, NMR) and Fast Atom Bombardment mass spectrometry (FAB-MS); x-ray data for the thymine complexes and elemental anal. for the thymidine complexes are reported. The antiproliferative activity of the complexes was tested on human chronic myelogenous leukemia K562 cells. Arrested polymerase-chain reaction anal. was carried on to correlate antiproliferative activity and inhibition of DNA replication. All Pd and Pt complexes exhibit antiproliferative activity, Pd complexes resulting always more active than Pt complexes. Arrested PCR data are strongly in agreement with the effects on cell growth, suggesting that inhibition of the DNA replication by the synthesized compds. is the major basis for their in vitro antiproliferative activity.
- AN 2007:49941 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 146:329868
- TI Antiproliferative activity of Pt(II) and Pd(II) phosphine complexes with thymine and thymidine
- AU Messere, Anna; Fabbri, Enrica; Borgatti, Monica; Gambari, Roberto; Di Blasio, Benedetto; Pedone, Carlo; Romanelli, Alessandra
- CS Dipartimento di Scienze Ambientali, Seconda Universita di Napoli, Caserta, 81100, Italy
- SO Journal of Inorganic Biochemistry (2007), 101(2), 254-260 CODEN: JIBIDJ; ISSN: 0162-0134
- PB Elsevier B.V.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 146:329868
- RE.CNT 37 THERE ARE 37 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L6 ANSWER 2 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation of L-nucleosides as antiviral agents

Т

GT

- Title compds. I (R1 = amino acid residue, alkoxyformyl, acyl, phosphoryl, AB alkyl; R2 = H, amino acid residue, alkoxyformyl, acyl, phosphoryl, alkyl) and their salts, useful as anti-HBV, anti-EBV and anti-HDV agents, are prepared The invention also relates to use of the above compound for preparing antiviral drugs, such as anti-HBV, anti-EBV and anti-HDV agents. For example, 3'-O-valyl-FMAU (II) was prepared and had an anti-HBV EC50 of 0.03 μM. Formulation containing II was given.
- 2007:44979 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 146:184679
- TI Preparation of L-nucleosides as antiviral agents
- TN Yuan, Jiandong; Zhang, Kai; Ye, Xinjian
- PA Brightgene Bio-Medical (Suzhou) Co., Ltd., Peop. Rep. China
- SO Faming Zhuanli Shenging Gongkai Shuomingshu, 30pp.
- CODEN: CNXXEV Patent
- Chinese
- T.A
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	CN 1891710	A	20070110	CN 2005-10040848	20050701		
PRAT	CN 2005-10040949		20050701				

- CASREACT 146:184679; MARPAT 146:184679 OS
- ANSWER 3 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- A Virtual Screening Approach for Thymidine Monophosphate Kinase Inhibitors as Antitubercular Agents Based on Docking and Pharmacophore Models
- Docking and pharmacophore screening tools were used to examine the binding of ligands in the active site of thymidine monophosphate kinase of Mycobacterium tuberculosis. Docking anal. of deoxythymidine monophosphate (dTMP) analogs suggests the role of hydrogen bonding and other weak interactions in enzyme selectivity. Water-mediated hydrogen-bond networks and a halogen-bond interaction seem to stabilize the mol. recognition. A pharmacophore model was developed using 20 dTMP analogs. The pharmacophoric features were complementary to the active site residues involved in the ligand recognition. On the basis of these studies, a composite screening model that combines the features from both the docking anal. and the pharmacophore model was developed. The composite model was validated by screening a database spiked with 47 known inhibitors. The model picked up 42 of these, giving an enrichment factor of 17. The validated model was used to successfully screen an inhouse database of about 500,000 compds. Subsequent screening with other filters gave 186 hit mols.
- AN 2005:447845 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 143:125824
- A Virtual Screening Approach for Thymidine Monophosphate Kinase Inhibitors as Antitubercular Agents Based on Docking and Pharmacophore Models
- Gopalakrishnan, B.; Aparna, V.; Jeevan, J.; Ravi, M.; Desiraju, G. R. AU
- CS Bioinformatics Division, Advanced Technology Centre, TATA Consultancy
- Services Limited, Hyderabad, 500 081, India Journal of Chemical Information and Modeling (2005), 45(4), 1101-1108 SO CODEN: JCISD8; ISSN: 1549-9596
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English

RE.CNT 42 THERE ARE 42 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- 1.6 ANSWER 4 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Preparation of acyl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight

- AB The invention relates to the preparation of acyl derivs. of 2'-deoxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyguanosine, 2'-deoxycytidine, and 2'-deoxythymidine. For example, to 2'-deoxythymidine in pyridine is added an acid anhydride (e.g., acetic anhydride, lactate anhydride, butyric anhydride, etc.) and the mixture is heated to 80-85°C for 1-4 h, cooled and extracted to yield 3',5'-diacyl-2'-deoxythymidine. The invention also relates to the use of these novel acyl derivs, to treat or prevent radiation, mutagen and sunlight-induced biol. damage, and methods for improving wound healing and tissue repair, comprising administering the compns. to an animal. After receiving y-ray irradiation (cobalt 60) at 7.3 Rad/min and total doses of 750 Rad, mice administered 5'-O-palmitov1-2'-deoxyadenosine. -deoxyguanosine, -deoxycytidine, and -thymidine at 8μM/0.2μM physiol, saline 3 times daily for 4 days i.p. had 100% survival rate at 30 days vs. 80% and 0% for the corresponding 3',5'-di-O-acetyl-2'deoxyribonucleosides and saline (control).
- 2000:78901 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 132.93587
- TI Preparation of acyl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight
- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 23 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 149,469, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent
- LA English
- EAN ONT 13

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI US 6020322	Α	20000201	US 1994-309572	19940921		
IN 177670	A1	19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940902		
US 6103701	A	20000815	US 1995-470027	19950606		
US 6297222	B1	20011002	US 1995-466379	19950606		
US 6306834	В1	20011023	US 1995-479516	19950607		
AU 9952624	A	19991202	AU 1999-52624	19991001		
US 7169765	B1	20070130	US 2000-494243	20000131		
AU 2002320811	A1	20030403	AU 2002-320811	20021223		
AU 2005232288	A1	20051201	AU 2005-232288	20051110		
PRAI US 1993-149469	B1	19931109				
US 1987-115923	B2	19871028				
WO 1988-US3824	W	19881027				
US 1990-487984	В3	19900205				
IN 1992-CA473	A1	19920706				
US 1994-309572	A3	19940921				
AU 1995-29150	A3	19950630				
AU 1999-52624	A3	19991001				
AU 2002-320811	A3	20021223				
OS MARPAT 132:93587						

RE.CNT 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L6 ANSWER 5 OF 5 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Anticancer pharmaceuticals containing 5-fluoro-2'-deoxy-B-uridine derivatives and thymidine derivatives

and thymidine derivs. (II) (where R1 = substituted or unsubstituted acyl; R2 and R3 = protected or nonprotected hydroxy group) at a mol. ratio of 1:0.3-8. In tests with Ehrlich ascites carcinoma-bearing mice, combined administration of 60 mg 3-(3.4-methylenedioxybenzovl)-5-fluoro-2'-deoxy-B-uridine (TK-117) [74234-11-0] and 170 mg 3-(4methylbenzoyl)thymidine [100197-94-2]/kg/day for 14 days resulted in 90% inhibition of the growth of carcinoma cells when examined 20 days after expts. Capsules were prepared containing TK-117 50, 3-(4methylbenzoyl)thymidine 145, lactose 80, corn starch 22 and talc 3 mg. For preparation of 3-(4-methylbenzoyl)thymidine, thymidine was treated with 4-methylbenzovl chloride. 1986:539610 CAPLUS << LOGINID:: 20080324>> AN 105:139610 DN OREF 105:22435a,22438a Anticancer pharmaceuticals containing 5-fluoro-2'-deoxy-B-uridine

Anticancer compns. consist of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxy-β-uridine derivs. (I)

derivatives and thymidine derivatives PA

Toyama Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent LA Japanese

FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 60126221	A	19850705	JP 1983-234335	19831214
PRA:	I JP 1983-234335		19831214		

=> s 11/thu

220 L1 990856 THU/RL

38 L1/THU

(L1 (L) THU/RL)

=> s 12/thu

10 L2

990856 THU/RL 3 L2/THU

(L2 (L) THU/RL)

=> d 18 -13 ti abs bib

L8 ANSWER 1 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nomethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.

  AN 1999:670113 CAPJUDS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 131:281604

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 5968914	A 1999101	9 US 1995-472210 2 EP 1995-203050	19950607
	EP 712629	A1 1996052	2 EP 1995-203050	19881027
	EP 712629			
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, FR, GB, II	, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	JP 10001436	A 1998010 B2 2003120	6 JP 1997-36734	19881027
	JP 3474073	B2 2003120	8	
	JP 2001192335	A 2001071	7 JP 2000-379524 1 CA 1992-2111571 3	19881027
	CA 2111571	A1 1993012	1 CA 1992-2111571	19920625
	CA 2111571	C 2005082	3	
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	CA 2504078 ES 2160579	C 2007082	8	
	ZA 9204975	A 1993042	8 ZA 1992-4975	
	IN 175688	A1 1995081 A 1993092	2 IN 1992-CA473 1 US 1992-911379	19920706 19920713
	US 5246708	A 1993092	1 US 1992-911379	19920713
	US 5470838	A 1995112	8 US 1992-997657	
	US 5583117 US 6020320 US 5736531 IN 177670	A 1996121	0 US 1993-140475	19931025
	US 6020320	A 2000020	1 US 1993-153163	19931117
	US 5736531	A 1998040	7 US 1993-176485	19931230
	IN 177670	A1 1997021	5 IN 1994-CA701	19940902
	US 5770582	A 1998062	3 US 1995-419767 5 US 1995-465454 5 US 1995-463790 9 US 1995-465016 1 US 1995-463771 0 US 1995-466145	19950410
	US 5691320	A 1997112	5 US 1995-465454	19950605
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	US 6060459	A 2000050	9 US 1995-465016	19950605
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	US 6258795	B1 2001071	0 US 1995-466145	19950606
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			, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CZ,	
	ES, FI, GB,	GE, HU, IL, IS	, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ,	LK, LR, LS,
		MD, MG, MK, MN	, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT,	RO, RU, SD,
	SE, SG			
			, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI,	
			, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM,	
	AU 9661114	A 1996123	0 AU 1996-61114	19960606
	AU 724805	B2 2000092	8	

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                                     R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
                                                       IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
                     CN 1192149 A 19980902 CN 1996-195929
JP 10511689 T 19981110 JP 1997-502184
JP 2003201240 A 20030718 JP 2003-721
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IE, ST, LT, LV, FT, AL

AT 320813

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PT 1491201

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BE 2004-23557

PT 1491201

T 20060831

PT 2004-23557

PT 1491201

T 20060831

PT 2004-23557

PT 20010225032

A1 20010927

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A1 20010927

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B2 20022025

AU 995-2624

A 19991202

AU 1999-52624

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A1 20030403

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A1 20040129

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A1 1993079

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A3 19980607

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A3 19980607

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A3 19990605

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A3 19990605
                                                    IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, AL
                      AT 320813 T 20060415 AT 2004-23557 ES 2257721 T3 20060801 ES 2004-23557
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JP 1997-502184 A3 19960606 W0 1996-US100677 W 19960606 HX 1998-111095 A3 19981003 AU 1999-52624 A3 19991001 S 2000-494242 A3 2000131 AU 2002-320811 A3 20021223 JP 2005-380457 A3 20051228
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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L8 ANSWER 2 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.α. ACT is also described.
- AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 126:139905
- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English

PAN.	PA:	TENT I	NO.			KIN	D	DATE			APP	LICAT	ION :	NO.		D	ATE		
PI										WO 1996-US10067					19960606				
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			SE,																
		RW:										, DE,							
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	IN	1776	70			A1		1997	0215		IN	1994-	CA70	1		11	9940	902	
	US	5968	914			A		1999	1019		US	1995-	4722	10		1	9950	507	
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												1996- , IT,							
		K:		SI.				ES,	FR,	GB,	GR	, 11,	LI,	LU,	ML,	SE,	mc,	Р1,	
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	AU	2002	3508.	11		a 1		2003	0403		AU .	2002-	3202	11		2	0021	223	
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	US	1992	-903	107		B2		1992	0625										
	IN	1992	-CA4	73		A1		1992	0706										

US	1993-61381	B2	19930514
US	1993-176485	A2	19931230
AU	1995-29150	A3	19950630
WO	1996-US10067	W	19960606
AU	1999-52624	A3	19991001
AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223

- L8 ANSWER 3 OF 3 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Effects of other derivs. are also presented. Synthesis of ethoxycarbonyluridine is included.
- 1995:756200 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 123:160865
- ΤI Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides for treatment of toxicity from chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents
- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin
- Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA SO
- PCT Int. Appl., 143 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	WO 9426761 W: AU, CA, JP,	A1 19941124	WO 1993-US12689	19931230		
			GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC,	NL. PT. SE		
	AU 9460812	A 19941212		19931230		
	IN 177670	A1 19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940902		
	AU 9952624	A 19991202	AU 1999-52624	19991001		
	AU 2002320811	A1 20030403	AU 2002-320811	20021223		
	AU 2005232288	A1 20051201	AU 2005-232288	20051110		
PRAI	US 1993-61381	A 19930514				
	IN 1992-CA473	A1 19920706				
	WO 1993-US12689	W 19931230				
	AU 1995-29150	A3 19950630				
	AU 1999-52624	A3 19991001				
	AU 2002-320811	A3 20021223				
OS	MARPAT 123:160865					

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LAST RELOADED: Mar 21, 2008 (20080321/UP).

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 FULL ESTIMATED COST
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
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TOTAL

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352267 CANCER

444821 TUMOR

534860 NEOPLAS?

L9 818726 CANCER OR TUMOR OR NEOPLAS?

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=> fiel stnguide

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Desk by telephone or via SEND in the STNMAIL file.

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13192741 PY<1990 2272768 AY<1990 1712941 PRY<1990

.11 6 L10 AND (PY<1990 OR AY<1990 OR PRY<1990)

=> d 111 1-6 ti abs bib

L11 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.

AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 131:281604

TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides IN

PA

Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K. Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM SO

DT Patent

LA English

PAT	ENT :	NO.			KIN	)	DATE			APP	LICAT	ION	NO.		D	ATE				
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JΡ	1000	1436			A		1998	0106		JΡ	1997-	3673	4		1	9881	027	<		
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JP	2001	1923	3.5		A		2001	0717		JP	2000-	3795	24		1	9881	027	<		
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CA	2504	078			C 20070828															
ES	2160	579			Т3		2001	1116		ES	1992-	9142	15		1	9920	625			
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ES 2257721 T3 20060801
PT 1491201 T 20060831
HK 1072897 A1 20060512
US 2001025032 A1 20010927
                                                     ES 2004-23557
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B1 20040601 US 2000-494242
A1 20030403 AU 2002-320811
A1 20040219 US 2003-601863
A1 2004030 US 2004-824501
A1 20041104 US 2004-855835
A1 20051201 AU 2005-232288
       US 6743782
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       AU 2002320811
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                                      20060601 JP 2005-380457
                                                                                   20051228 <--
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                                        20051228
 RE.CNT 30
                  THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
                  ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
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1.11 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor—bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZI is also described.
- AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

KIND DATE

- DN 126:139905
- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

APPLICATION NO

DATE

- IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent
- LA English
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

PATENT NO

	PA.	TENI	NO.			KIN		DAIE				ICAI				D	AIE		
PI	WO	9640 W:	AL, ES,	AM, FI, LU,	AT, GB,	A1 AU, GE,	AZ, HU,		1219 BG, IS,	BR, JP,	WO 1 BY, KE,	996- CA, KG,	US10 CH, KP,	067 CN, KR,	CZ, KZ,	DE, LK,	DK, LR,	EE, LS,	
		RW:			MW,	SD,	SZ,	UG,	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FI,	FR,	GB,	GR,	
			IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN		
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	AU	2002	-320	811		A3		2002	1223										

- L11 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ${\tt TI}$   $\;$  Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis

- AB Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors, including acyl derivs. of cytidine, uridine, and orotate, and uridine phosphorylase inhibitors, and their use in enhancing resistance to sepsis or systemic inflammation, are disclosed. Triacetyluridine improved survival of mice treated with a LD of Salmonella typhimurium endotoxin, reduced endotoxin-caused tissue damage, reduced mortality in viral hepatitis in mice, and improved recovery from ethanol intoxication.
- AN 1996:205056 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 124:250921
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.; Hiltbrand, Bradley M. IN
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 13

FAN.	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE		APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI		A1	19960118	WO 1995-US8259	
	IN 177670 US 5691320	A1 A	19970215	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, IN 1994-CA701 US 1995-465454 US 1995-479519 CA 1995-2193967	19940902 19950605 <
	CA 2193967 AU 9529150 AU 712679	C A B2	20070911 19960125 19991111	AU 1995-29150 EP 1995-924764	19950630
	JP 10505578 CN 101066276 AU 9952624	T A A	19980602 20071107 19991202	OR, 18, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11, 11	19950630 19950630 19951001
	AU 2002320811 US 2003212036 US 2004033981	A1 A1 A1	20030403 20031113 20040219	AU 2002-320811 US 2003-421831 US 2003-601863	20021223 20030424 20030624 <
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PRAI	AU 2005232288 JP 2008007525 US 1994-266897 US 1987-115929 US 1989-438493	A	20080117	JP 2007-250303	20051110 20070926
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	IN 1992-CA473 US 1992-987730 US 1993-158799 US 1995-463740	B2 B2	19921208 19931201 19950605		
	US 1995-479519 AU 1995-29150 CN 1995-194806	A1 A3 A3	19950607 19950630 19950630		
	JP 1996-503935 WO 1995-US8259 AU 1999-52624 US 2000-702876	A3	19950630		
	US 2000-702876 AU 2002-320811	A3 A3	20001101		

- L11 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Platinum-dioxopyrimidine complexes
- Complexes of 2,4-dioxopyrimidines with cis-diaquodiamineplatinum (II) were AB prepared and tested for antitumor, antibacterial and antiviral activity. The complexes appear to have good activity with low renal toxicity. AN 1984:114992 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 100:114992
- OREF 100:17361a,17364a
- Platinum-dioxopyrimidine complexes
- IN Rosenberg, Barnett; Van Camp, Loretta; Ficher, Robert G.; Kansv, Samir;
- Peresie, Henry J.; Davidson, James P. PA Research Corp. , USA
- SO U.S., 11 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 803,269, abandoned.
- CODEN: USXXAM Patent
- LA. English
- FAN CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΙ	US 4419351	A	19831206	US 1978-970524	19781218 <
PRA:	I US 1974-508854	A1	19740924	<	
	US 1977-803269	A1	19770603	<	
OS	MARPAT 100:114992				

- MARPAT 100:114992
- L11 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Platinum-(2, 4-dioxopyrimidine) complex
- The title complexes were prepared by treating 2,4-dioxopyrimidine derivs. with cis-diaquadiammineplatinum(II) [20115-64-4] in a 2:1 to 1:1 mole ratio at 0-55°. The complexes showed antitumor, antiviral, and antibacterial activity, high water solubility, and low renal toxicity. For example, 0.01 mole cis-dichlorodiammineplatinum(II) [15663-27-1] was treated with 0.02 mole AgNO3 in the dark to give cisdiaquadiammineplatinum(II). This complex was then treated with uracil in a 1:1 mole ratio at pH 6-7 to give a complex which showed antitumor, antibacterial, and antiviral activity.
- AN 1976:428777 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 85:28777
- OREF 85:4645a,4648a
  - Platinum-(2,4-dioxopyrimidine) complex
- Rosenberg, Barnett; Mansy, Samir A. L. A.; Van Camp, Loretta L.; Peresie, Henry J.; Fischer, Robert George; Davidson, James P.
- Research Corp., USA PA
- SO Ger. Offen., 51 pp.
- CODEN: GWXXBX
- DT Patent T.A German
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	DE 2445418	A1	19760401	DE 1974-2445418	19740923 <		
	JP 58028278	В	19830615	JP 1974-112688	19740930 <		
PRAI	DE 1974-2445418		19740923	<			

- L11 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Platinum-pyrimidine blues and related complexes. New class of potent antitumor agents
- Many of the complexes of diaguo species of cis-dichlorodiammineplatinum (II) and pyrimidines and substituted pyrimidines showed superior activity against the ascites Sarcoma 180 tumor in mice when compared to cis-dichlorodiammineplatinum [15663-27-1]. Activity was also shown against the Rauscher leukemia, Ehrlich ascites, and ADJ/PC6A tumors. The

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platinum-uracil complex caused only minor focal damage to the proximal
     convoluted tubules of the kidney. The methods for synthesis and
     characterization of some of the complexes are described, though the
     structure of the complexes are largely uncertain at this time.
   1975:508573 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
AN
DM
   83:108573
OREF 83:16985a,16988a
    Platinum-pyrimidine blues and related complexes. New class of potent
     antitumor agents
AII
    Davidson, James P.; Faber, Paula J.; Fischer, Robert G., Jr.; Mansy,
     Samir; Peresie, Henry J.; Rosenberg, Barnett; VanCamp, Loretta
     Dep. Biophys., Michigan State Univ., East Lansing, MI, USA
SO
     Cancer Chemotherapy Reports, Part 1 (1975), 59(2), 287-300
     CODEN: CCROBU; ISSN: 0576-6559
     Journal
T.A
     English
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                EXP URIDINE TRIACETATE/CN
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                EXP ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE/CN
                EXP 5-ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE/CN
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                EXP CYTIDINE 2,3,5-TRIACETATE/CN
                EXP 2,3,5-TRIACETYLCYTIDINE/CN
                EXP PERACETYLCYTIDINE/CN
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L9
         818726 S CANCER OR TUMOR OR NEOPLAS?
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ENTRY SESSION -4.80 -11.20

### CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE

SESSION WILL BE HELD FOR 120 MINUTES
STN INTERNATIONAL SESSION SUSPENDED AT 09:48:46 ON 24 MAR 2008

Connecting via Winsock to STN

Welcome to STN International! Enter x:x

LOGINID:SSPTAEX01623

## PASSWORD:

\*\* \* \* \* \* RECONNECTED TO STN INTERNATIONAL \* \* \* \* \* \* \* SESSION RESUMED IN FILE 'CAPLUS' AT 10:19:56 ON 24 MAR 2008 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 10:19:56 ON 24 MAR 2008 COPYRIGHT (C) 2008 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS)

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=> file stnguide COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL SESSION
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## FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.

LAST RELOADED: Mar 21, 2008 (20080321/UP).

=> file hcaplus COST IN U.S. DOLLARS	SINCE FILE ENTRY	TOTAL
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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Mar 2008 (20080323/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s (uridine phosphorylase)

28638 URIDINE 19148 PHOSPHORYLASE

L12 647 (URIDINE PHOSPHORYLASE)
(URIDINE (W) PHOSPHORYLASE)

=> s (cytidine deaminase)

13640 CYTIDINE 14764 DEAMINASE

L13 1408 (CYTIDINE DEAMINASE)
(CYTIDINE (W) DEAMINASE)

=> s nucleoside(w)(uptake or transport)

49881 NUCLEOSIDE 307195 UPTAKE 777383 TRANSPORT

L14 1387 NUCLEOSIDE(W) (UPTAKE OR TRANSPORT)

=> s 19 and 112

L15 237 L9 AND L12

=> s 19 and 113

L16 303 L9 AND L13

=> s 19 and 114

L17 266 L9 AND L14

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       4884484 EFFECT
         14012 SIDE EFFECT
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        98954 ADVERSE
       4884484 EFFECT
         17741 ADVERSE EFFECT
                 (ADVERSE(W) EFFECT)
        360364 TOXICITY
       387154 (SIDE EFFECT) OR (ADVERSE EFFECT) OR (TOXICITY)
=> s 118 and 121
          13 L18 AND L21
=> s 119 and 121
L23
           9 L19 AND L21
=> s 120 and 121
1.24
          24 L20 AND L21
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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 21, 2008 (20080321/UP).
=> d 122 1-13 ti abs bib
YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:v
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- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds. compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nomethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. AN 1999:670113 HCAPIUS <LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 131:281604

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

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        R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
            IE, SI, LT, LV, FI
                A 19980902 CN 1996-195929
     CN 1192149
                                                           19960606
                      T 19981110 JP 1997-502184
A 20030718 JP 2003-721
A1 20041229 EP 2004-23557
B1 20060322
                                                          19960606
     JP 10511689
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                                                          19960606
     EP 1491201
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     EP 1491201
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IE, SI, LT, LV, FI, AL
     AT 320813 T
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                           20060415 AT 2004-23557
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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L22 ANSWER 2 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral

agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
AB Compdos, compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and
prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and
antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated
pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage
to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or
antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine
ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil.
Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of
5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the
adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 126:139905

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 13

FAN.																		
						APPLICATION NO.												
D.T.	PI WO 9640165																	
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			SE,		LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MIN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	ы,	RO,	RU,	SD,
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		1990						1990			-							
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IN 1992-CA473 A1 19920706 US 1993-61381 B2 19930514 US 1993-176485 A2 19931230 AU 1995-29150 A3 19950630 AU 1995-252624 A3 19991001 AU 2002-320811 A3 20021223
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- L22 ANSWER 3 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- AB Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors, including acyl derivs. of cytidine, uridine, and orotate, and uridine phosphorylase inhibitors, and their use in enhancing resistance to sepsis or systemic inflammation, are disclosed. Triacetyluridine improved survival of mice treated with a LD of Salmonella typhimurium endotoxin, reduced endotoxin-caused tissue damage, reduced mortality in viral hepatitis in mice, and improved recovery from ethanol intoxication.
- AN 1996:205056 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 124:250921
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.; Hiltbrand, Bradley M.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 95 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English

PAN.CN				
P	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	
DT V	70 060111E	31 10060110	WO 1995-US8259	
LT M	W: AU, CA, CN.		WO 1993-036239	15530030
			GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC	NI DT CD
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Č	N 101066276	A 20071107	CN 2006-10105555	19950630
Δ.	MI 9952624	A 19991202	AII 1999-52624	19991001
Δ.	MI 2002320811	A1 20030403	AU 2002-320811	20021223
T.	IS 2003212036	A1 20031113	US 2003-421831	20030424
T.	IS 2004033981	A1 20040219	US 2003-421831 US 2003-601863	20030624 <
Ü	JS 2004220134	A1 20041104	US 2004-855835	20040528 <
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J	JP 2008007525	A 20080117	JP 2007-250303	
PRAI U	JS 1994-266897 JS 1987-115929	A 19940701		
U	JS 1987-115929	B2 19871028	<	
	JS 1989-438493			
Ü	JS 1990-438493	B2 19900626	<	
I	IN 1992-CA473	A1 19920706		
U	JS 1992-987730	B2 19921208		

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US	1995-463740	A1	19950605
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ΑU	1995-29150	A3	19950630
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ΑU	2002-320811	A3	20021223

- L22 ANSWER 4 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis
- AB Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors including acyl derivs. of cytidine, uridine, and orotate, and uridine phosphorylase
  - inhibitors, and their use in enhancing resistance to sepsis or systemic inflammation and treating or preventing inflammatory hepatitis are disclosed. Triacetyluridine and uridine improved survival of mice treated with killed Escherichia coli.
- AN 1994:549080 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 121:149080
- TI Pyrimidine nucleotide precursors for treatment of systemic inflammation and inflammatory hepatitis Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin; Hiltbrand, Bradley M.
- IN Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 81 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English DAM ONT 12

FAN.	PATE	I3 ENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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		BF,	BJ, CF,	CG, CI	, CM, GA,	GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, GN, ML, MR, NE, SN,	TD, TG
	CA 2	2150940 2150940		A1 C	19940623 20070821	CA 1993-2150940 CA 1993-2588495	19931201
	AU 9	9457305 579160		A Al	19940704 19951102	AU 1994-57305 EP 1994-903322	19931201 19931201 19931201
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	ZA 9 IN 1 US 5 US 6 HK 1	9309208 177670 5691320 5232298 1004484		A A1 A B1 A1	19940808 19970215 19971125 20010515 20050422	ZA 1993-9208 IN 1994-CA701 US 1995-465454 US 1995-479519 HK 1998-103632 AU 1998-78813	19931208 19940902 19950605 < 19950607 < 19980429

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   OS MARPAT 121:149080
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- L22 ANSWER 5 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- 5-benzyl barbiturate derivatives as uridine
- phosphorylase inhibitors, and their uses
- AB The title compds. are provided as water-soluble uridine phosphorylase (I) inhibitors. The compds. are useful for potentiating anticancer drugs and combating their host toxicity, as well as for reducing the toxicity and anemia induced by antiviral drugs, e.g. 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (AZT). Solys. in water and apparent inhibition consts. for I inhibition are given for compds. of the invention.
- 1992:51555 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 116:51555
- TI 5-benzyl barbiturate derivatives as uridine
  - phosphorylase inhibitors, and their uses
- IN Naguib, Fardos N. M.; El Kouni, Mahmoud H.; Panzica, Raymond P.; Cha, Sunaman
- PA Brown University Research Foundation, USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.
  - CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN	.CNT	1

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PΙ	WO 9116315	A1 19911031	WO 1991-US2522	19910412 <
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	RW: AT, BE, CH	, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LU, NL, SE	
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	CA 2080343	A1 19911013	CA 1991-2080343	19910412 <
	CA 2080343	C 20011023		
	AU 9177768	A 19911111	AU 1991-77768	19910412 <
	EP 526537	A1 19930210	EP 1991-908585	19910412 <
	EP 526537	B1 19950712		
	R: AT, BE, CH	, DE, DK, ES, FR,	GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	SE
	JP 05506240	T 19930916	JP 1991-508360	19910412 <

J	JP 3001972	B2	20000124			
E	S 2077850	Т3	19951201	ES 1	991-908585	19910412 <
PRAI U	JS 1990-508363	A	19900412	<		
W	VO 1991-US2522	A	19910412			

OS MARPAT 116:51555

- L22 ANSWER 6 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- II Use of oral uridine as a substitute for parenteral uridine rescue of 5-fluorouracil therapy, with and without the uridine phosphorylase inhibitor 5-benzylacyclouridine
- Using a tumor-bearing murine model the authors investigated whether low doses of oral uridine (Urd) coupled with a Urd phosphorylase inhibitor benzylacyclouridine (BAU), would effect safe rescue of 5-fluorouracil (FUra) toxicity with preservation of antitumor activity. A high-dose FUra-containing drug combination that included parenteral Urd rescue was used as a control; other groups of tumor -bearing mice received the same drug combination, except that p.o. Urd was substituted for i.p. Urd. In the absence of BAU, p.o. Urd could effect rescue while maintaining an antitumor effect comparable to that obtained with i.p. Urd. When given concomitantly with BAU, a 50% reduction in the oral Urd dose (i.e., from 4,000 to 2,000 mg/kg) enabled the achievement of a comparable therapeutic index. I.p. Urd produces very high (6-8 mM) plasma and tissue Urd levels, which remain above 100 uM for at least 6 h. In contrast, neither oral Urd nor oral BAU alone raised plasma Urd concns. above about 50 µM. However, the combination of oral Urd plus oral BAU gave a peak plasma Urd level of about 300 µM, and the level was maintained above 100 µM for 6 h. Following oral Urd administration, gut tissue levels of Urd were in the mM range and those of BAU were in the range of 10-20 μg/g tissue, a level sufficient to result in substantial inhibition of Urd phosphorylase. Oral Urd plus oral BAU appears to be a promising clin. alternative to parenteral administration of Urd for selective rescue of FUra toxicity.
- AN 1989:470450 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 111:70450
- TI Use of oral uridine as a substitute for parenteral uridine rescue of 5-fluorouracil therapy, with and without the uridine phosphorylase inhibitor 5-benzylacyclouridine
- AU Martin, Daniel S.; Stolfi, Robert L.; Sawyer, Robert C.
- CS Mem. Sloan-Kettering Cancer Cent., New York, NY, 10021, USA
- SO Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology (1989), 24(1), 9-14
- CODEN: CCPHDZ; ISSN: 0344-5704
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L22 ANSWER 7 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Biological activity of the potent uridine phosphorylase inhibitor 5-ethyl-2,2'-anhydrouridine
- GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
- AB 5-Ethyl-2,2'-anhydrouridine (ABEUR) (1) proved to be a potent inhibitor of uridine phosphorylase (URPase) isolated from sarcoma 180 cells with an apparent Ki(Ki(app) value of 99 nM. Coadministration of ANEUR with 5-fluorouridine (FUR) resulted in increased toxicity of FUR. The LDSO value of FUR alone was 9 mg/kg (when administered for 5 consecutive days) while the LDSO was 3 mg/kg when FUR was administered together with ANEUR in vivo. There was no significant difference in mean tumor weight on day 10 between control animals and animals treated with FUR (5 mg/kg/day for 3 days) or ANEUR (280 mg/kg/day for 3 days). When FUR was coadministered with ANEUR, mean tumor weight was 91% less than that of the untreated controls, showing that ANEUR, the potent URPase inhibitor, increases the antitumor effect of FUR.
- AN 1988:68450 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

- DN 108:68450
- TI Biological activity of the potent uridine phosphorylase inhibitor 5-ethyl-2,2'-anhydrouridine
- AU Veres, Z.; Szinai, I.; Szabolcs, A.; Ujszaszy, K.; Denes, G.
- CS Cent. Res. Inst. Chem., Hung. Acad. Sci., Budapest, 1525, Hung.
- SO Drugs under Experimental and Clinical Research (1987), 13(10), 615-21
  - CODEN: DECRDP; ISSN: 0378-6501
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L22 ANSWER 8 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Fluoropyrimidines, with special reference to their tumor selective toxicity in man
- AB The activity of the metabolizing enzymes of fluoropyrimidines thymidine phosphorylase [9030-22-3], uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2], thymidine kinase [9002-06-6], and uridine kinase [9026-39-5] was higher in gastric cancer tissues of humans than in other organ tissues, which may be related to the selective toxicity to the gastric cancer since fluoropyrimidines
- are metabolized to their more active metabolites by these enzyme. AN 1986:545770 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 105:145770
- OREF 105:23335a,23338a
- TI Fluoropyrimidines, with special reference to their tumor selective toxicity in man
- AU Suga, Shoji; Yasue, Keiji; Hashizume, Hakutaka; Sawada, Hideo; Saji, Eizo;
- Takahashi, Yohei; Ohkita, Tsuyoshi; Yokoyama, Yasuhisa CS Dep. Gastroenterol., Natl. Nagoya Hosp., Nagoya, Japan
- SO Saishin Igaku (1986), 41(3), 458-64
- CODEN: SAIGAK; ISSN: 0370-8241 DT Journal
- LA Japanese
- L22 ANSWER 9 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Sensitivity of human, murine, and rat cells to 5-fluorouracil and 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine in relation to drug-metabolizing enzymes
- AB Six cell lines differing in histol. origin were studied regarding the growth-inhibitory effect of fluoropyrimidines in relation to their metabolism. The human colon carcinoma cell line WiDr was most sensitive to 5-fluorouracil (FUra) [51-21-8] [50% growth-inhibitory concentration, 0.7 μM) and to its analog 5'deoxy-5-fluorouracinie (5'dFUR) [3094-09-5] [50% growth-inhibitory concentration, 18 μM). The murine B16 melanoma cell line was moderately sensitive to FUra but least sensitive to 5'dFUR. The 50% growth-inhibitory concentration values in the human melanoma cell lines IGR3

and

M5, the transformed human intestine cell line Intestine 407, and the rat hepatoma cell line H35 varied for FUra between 1.7 and 5.0 µM, and for 5'dFUR between 54 and 160 µM. Several enzymes from pyrimidine metabolism responsible for FUra metabolism were measured with FUra as a substrate. The activity of uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2], which catalyzes the conversion of 5'dFUR to FUR, was lowest in B16 cells correlating with the low sensitivity to 5'dFUR. When ATP was included in the reaction mixture for uridine phosphorylase, FUra was rapidly channeled into FUra nucleotides via its nucleoside. The rate of channeling appeared to correlate with the pyrimidine nucleoside phosphorylase [9055-35-0] activity in the various cell lines. In several cell lines, activities of nucleotide-degrading enzymes were rather high and interfered with the measurement of orotate phosphoriboyl transferase (OPRT) [9030-25-5] with FUra as substrate. Addition of the phosphatase inhibitor glyceol-2-phosphate partly prevented breakdown of the newly

formed 5-fluorouridine 5'-monophosphate [796-66-7] and enabled measurement of OPRT. The WiDr cell line had a relatively high OPRT activity which could explain its sensitivity to FUra. The activity of thymidylate synthase [9031-61-2] was measured at a suboptimal concentration

of 1

μM and at the optimal concentration of 10 μM deoxyuridine 5'-phosphate. With all cell lines the ratio between the activities at 10 and 1 µM was between 2.3 and 3.6. The activity of thymidylate synthase was lowest in WiDr and IGR3 cells and 3-4 times higher in M5 and Intestine 407 cells. The inhibition of 0.01 µM 5-fluorodeoxvuridine 5'-monophosphate [134-46-3] was 80-90% at 1 uM deoxyuridine 5'-phosphate and 50-70% at 10 µM deoxyuridine 5'-phosphate with all cell lines. At 0.1 µM 5-fluorodeoxyuridine 5'-monophosphate, enzyme activity was inhibited by 95-100%. The incorporation of FUra into RNA was relatively low in IGR3 cells and 3-5 times higher in all other cell lines. Incorporation of FUra into DNA showed the same pattern. The amount of 5-fluorouridine 5'-triphosphate [3828-96-4] was comparable in the 3 melanoma cell lines although they showed a completely different enzyme pattern. Thus, the inhibition of thymidylate synthase by 5-fluorodeoxyuridine 5'-monophosphate and incorporation of FUra into RNA contribute to FUra toxicity to a different extent in the various cell lines tested. These factors do not solely determine the sensitivity to FUra or 5'dFUR. A very low uridine phosphorylase activity is limiting for conversion of 5'dFUR to Fura but a high uridine phosphorylase activity does not correlate with a high sensitivity to either 5'dFUR or FUra. OPRT appears to play an appreciable role in the sensitivity of several cell lines to both FUra and 5'dFUR.

AN 1986:61634 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 104:61634

OREF 104:9717a,9720a

 ${\tt TI}$  Sensitivity of human, murine, and rat cells to 5-fluorouracil and

5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine in relation to drug-metabolizing enzymes

AU Peters, Godefridus J.; Laurensse, Emile; Leyva, Albert; Lankelma, Jan; Pinedo, Herbert M.

CS Dep. Oncol., Free Univ. Hosp., Amsterdam, Neth.

SO Cancer Research (1986), 46(1), 20-8 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

DT Journal

LA English

L22 ANSWER 10 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Tissue-specific enhancement of uridine utilization and 5-fluorouracil therapy in mice by benzylacyclouridine

G1

AB 5-Benzylacyclouridine (BAU)(I) [82857-69-0], a potent inhibitor of uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2], delays the disappearance of uridine [58-96-8] from plasma, affects the utilization of uridine by selected tissues, and enhances the therapeutic effects of

S-fluorouracil (FUra) [51-21-8] in female C5/BL/6 mice. A single 30-mg/kg i.v. injection of BAU lengthens the plasma half-life of both a tracer dose of [3H]uridine (3  $\mu g/kg$ ) and a pharmacol. dose of uridine (250 mg/kg) by 250 and 83%, resp. This dose of BAU also increases the normal plasma concentration of uridine about 4-fold to 9  $\mu$ M and sustains these levels for 4 h. Four injections of BAU at 30 mg/kg over 6 h or a single injection at 240 mg/kg increases the plasma concentration of uridine over 10-fold

to .apprx.50 µM. In addition to affecting the pharmacokinetics of uridine, a 30-mg/kg dose of BAU selectively increases up to 4-fold the ability of normal host tissues to salvage a tracer dose of [3H]uridine for nucleic acid biosynthesis, the uracil nucleotide pool size, and the incorporation of uridine into nucleic acids. However, uridine salvage from plasma by colon tumor 38 is increased only slightly by BAU, while the uracil nucleotide pool size and uridine incorporation into tumor nucleic acids are actually decreased by 15 and 37%. The selective effect of BAU on uridine utilization is reflected in the ability of BAU to modify FUra-induced host toxicity. The dose of FUra required to kill 50% of the treated normal mice (350 mg/kg) is modestly increased by "rescue" regimens consisting of the subsequent administration of repeated injections of either BAU alone (30 mg/kg/injection) or uridine alone (250 mg/kg/injection). However, an increase of 54% is achieved when repeated injections of the combination of BAU and uridine are administered. In C57BL/6 mice bearing advanced transplants of colon tumor 38, the period of tumor growth inhibition resulting from multiple courses of FUra-containing drug regimens can be increased by the delayed administration of BAU alone or BAU combined with uridine.

- AN 1986:14629 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 104:14629
- OREF 104:2381a,2384a
- TI Tissue-specific enhancement of uridine utilization and 5-fluorouracil therapy in mice by benzylacyclouridine
- AU Darnowski, James W.; Handschumacher, Robert E.
- CS Sch. Med., Yale Univ., New Haven, CT, 06510, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1985), 45(11, Pt. 1), 5364-8
  - CODEN: CNREA8: ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L22 ANSWER 11 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Potentiation of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine antineoplastic activity by the uridine phosphorylase inhibitors benzylacyclouridine and benzyloxybenzylacyclouridine
- AB At a nontoxic concentration (50 µM), the 2 potent uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2] inhibitors benzylacyclouridine [82857-69-0] and benzyloxybenzylacyclouridine (BBAU) [82857-75-8] potentiated 5-fluoro-2'deoxyuridine (FdUrd) [50-91-9]-induced growth inhibition of human pancreatic carcinoma (DAN) and, to a lesser extent, human lung carcinoma (LX-1) cells in culture. BBAU was more effective than benzylacyclouridine. BBAU (50 µM) enhanced the cytocidal effect of FdUrd (1 µM, 3 h) on DAN grown on soft agar from 75 to 88%. In antithymocyte serum-immunosuppressed mice bearing DAN, the mean tumor weight in animals treated with FdUrd (50 mg/kg/dav for 2 davs) was 11% less than that of untreated controls. When BBAU (10 mg/kg/day for 2 days) was coadministered, the mean tumor weight at day 10 was 78% less than untreated controls, with no apparent host toxicity, clearly demonstrating the potentiation of the antitumor effects of FdUrd by BBAU. The fact that DAN responded better than LX-1 to benzylacyclouridine and BBAU could be due, in part, to the lower relative activity of thymidine phosphorylase [9030-23-3] to uridine

phosphorylase in DAN compared to LX-1. The activities of other enzymes involved in FdUrd metabolism did not differ between the 2 cell lines.

1984:416920 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN

DN 101:16920

OREF 101:2587a,2590a

Potentiation of 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine antineoplastic activity by the uridine phosphorylase inhibitors benzylacyclouridine and benzyloxybenzylacyclouridine

AU Chu, Ming Yu W.; Naguib, Fardos N. M.; Iltzsch, Max H.; El Kouni, Mahmoud H.; Chu, Shih Hsi; Cha, Sungman; Calabresi, Paul

Div. Biol. Med., Brown Univ., Providence, RI, 02912, USA

SO Cancer Research (1984), 44(5), 1852-6

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

Journal

T.A. English

L22 ANSWER 12 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TΙ Prodrugs: an approach to target-directed chemotherapy

AB The mechanism of action of 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine (I) [3094-09-5] is similar to that of 5-fluorouracil (II) [51-21-8] once this prodrug is converted to II and metabolized intracellularly to various II nucleotides. The therapeutic efficacy of I depends on quant, metabolic differences between normal and tumor tissues; i.e. the level of uridine phosphorylase [9030-22-2]. I differs from other II prodrugs in that it is selectively activated in target cells rich in nucleoside phosphorylase. In contrast to II, I showed no significant hematopoietic toxicity in rats following 7 days continuous exposure at therapeutic concns. In rats, treatment with II at nonlethal doses (25 mg/kg/d) which yielded plasma concns. of 135 ng/mL comparable to those achieved by infusion of I, only about 30% of the animals were tumor free as compared to 87% with II. When II doses were increased to 35 mg/kg/d, although the antitumor activity (87%) was comparable to that of I (at 500 and 250 mg/kg), 20% of the II treated animals died.

1984:29256 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN

DN 100:29256

OREF 100:4471a,4474a

TI Prodrugs: an approach to target-directed chemotherapy

AU Rustum, Y. M.

CS Dep. Exp. Ther., Roswell Park Mem. Inst., Buffalo, NY, 14263, USA

Progress in Cancer Research and Therapy (1983), 28(Dev. SO Target-Oriented Anticancer Drugs), 119-28

CODEN: PCRTDK; ISSN: 0145-3726 Journal

LA English

DT

L22 ANSWER 13 OF 13 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Reduced toxicity of intravenous 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine

(5'-DFUR) in comparison with 5-fluorouracil in rats

- Rats received daily i.v. injections of 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine AB (5'-DFUR)(I) [3094-09-5] in doses of 50, 150 and 300 mg/kg/day for 5 consecutive weeks. Similar groups received physiol. saline (controls) and 5-fluorouracil (5-Fu)(II) [316-46-1] i.v. in doses of 10 mg/kg/day for the first 2 wk and 20 mg/kg/day in weeks 3 and 4; 5-FU-treated rats remained free of test compound administration in week 5. 5-FU 10 mg/kg/day was well tolerated; 20 mg/kg/day caused immediate body weight loss, deterioration of general condition, alopecia, diarrhea, anemia, leukocytopenia, thrombocytopenia, proteinurea and death in several rats. Bone marrow examns. showed markedly reduced cellularity and megaloblastic cell line changes. In contrast, 50, 150 and 300 mg/kg/day of 5'-DFUR were generally well tolerated. Hematol. only mild to moderate redns. of red and white blood counts were noted in the rats given the highest dose. Pronounced anemia and leukocytopenia were only seen in two high dose rats. Histol. the bone marrow showed only minor degrees of depletion. The antineoplastic activities of 5'-DFUR are considered to be due to its conversion to 5-FU by the enzymes uridine phosphorylase .. Tumor cells contain higher uridine
  - phosphorylase concns. than normal cells resulting in selective accumulation of 5-FU with distinctly reduced toxicity.
- AN 1982:62645 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 96:62645
- OREF 96:10167a,10170a
- Reduced toxicity of intravenous 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine (5'-DFUR) in comparison with 5-fluorouracil in rats
- AU Teelmann, Kampe
- CS Biol. Pharm. Res. Dep., F. Hoffmann-La Roche and Co. Ltd., Basel, CH-4002, Switz.
- SO Organ-Directed Toxic .: Chem. Indices Mech., Proc. Symp. (1981), 25-9. Editor(s): Brown, Stanley S.; Davies, Donald Selwyn. Publisher: Pergamon, Oxford, Engl. CODEN: 46XDAG
- Conference
- T.A English
- => d 123 1-9 ti abs bib YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:v
- L23 ANSWER 1 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention AB of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 131:281604
- Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- TM Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent

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	US	5691320			A		1997	1125		US 1	1995-	4654	54		1	9950	605	<
	US	6054441			A		2000	0425		US 1	1995-	4637	90		1	9950	605	<
	US	6060459			A		2000	0509		US I	1995-	4650	16		1	9950	605	<
	US	7307166			B1		2007	1211		US 1	1995-	4637	71		1	9950	505	<
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				LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	
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	HK	1072897	2.0		A1		2006	0512		HK 2	2005-	1054	21		1	9981	003	
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AU 2002320811 A1 20030403 AU 2002-320811

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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L23 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TΙ Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of non-methylated

pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the

adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described. AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 126:139905

- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral
- agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

KIND DATE

- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. SO
- CODEN: PIXXD2

PATENT NO.

- DT Patent T.A English
- FAN.CNT 13

								DATE										
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PRAI	IN US AU EP JP AU US	17767 59689 96611 72480 83184 R:	IE, 10 114 114 15 9 9 AT, IE, 689 24 472 115 115 115 117 117 117 117 117 117 117	BE, SI,  11 88 8210 923 929 493 493 40107 73 81 485 650 0006 7	LU, CH, LT,	MC, A1 A A B2 A1 DE, LV, T A A1 A1 A2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2 B2	DK,	PT, 1997 1999 2000 1998 ES, 1998 2003 1995 1987 1987 1987 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1993 1993 1993 1995	SE, 0215 1019 1021 1020 1020 1020 1020 1020 1020	GB,	BJ, IN 1 US 1 AU 1 EP 1 GR, JP 1 AU 1 AU 2 AU 2	CF, 994- 995- 996- 996- IT, 997- 999-	CG, CA70 4722 6111 9184 LI, 5021 5262 3208	CI, 1 10 4 61 LU, 84 4	CM,	GA, 11: 11: 12: SE,	GN 9940 9950 9960 MC, 9960 9991	902 607 <- 606 606 PT, 606 001

- L23 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Antitumor characteristics of the conjugate of N4-(4-carboxybutyryl)-ara-C with ethylenediamine-introduced dextran and its resistance to cytidine deaminase
- AB By oxidation of dextran, and reduction of the Schiff bases formed by reaction of

the oxidized dextran with diaminoalkanes, several diaminoalkane-induced dextrans were prepared and evaluated as drug carriers. Conjugates between  $N4-(4-carboxyburyryl)-1-\beta-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (glu-ara-C)$  and such drug carriers were prepared, and selected conjugates were tested in vivo, and investigated for inhibitory effects on cytidine deaminase. Ethylenediamine-introduced dextran prepared under 10% oxidation conditions was found to be most useful as a drug carrier from its chemical characteristics and toxicity evaluation in BDF1 mice. The conjugate obtained from glu-ara-C and ethylenediamine-induced dextran 2000 showed high antitumor activity, significant at the relatively low dose of 100 mg equivalent ara-C/kg, in BDF1 mice bearing L1210 leukemia cells. Glu-ara-C and the conjugate were unaffected by cytidine deaminase under conditions in which 1-β-Darabinofuranosylcytosine was degraded rapidly to  $1-\beta-D-$ 

arabinofuranosyluracil.

AN 1991:421691 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 115:21691

- ΤТ Antitumor characteristics of the conjugate of N4-(4-carboxybutyry1)-ara-C with ethylenediamine-introduced dextran and its resistance to cytidine deaminase
- AU Onishi, Hiraku; Pithayanukul, Pimolpan; Nagai, Tsuneji
- Fac. Pharm. Sci., Hoshi Univ., Tokyo, Japan
- SO Drug Design and Delivery (1990), 6(4), 273-80 CODEN: DDDEEJ; ISSN: 0884-2884
- Journal
- LA English
- L23 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Reducing the side effects of a drug by antibody-targetting of antidotes
- AB Drug antidotes are attached to antibodies which have affinity to cells which are not the drug target, therefore reducing the side effects of the drug. Attachment of the antibodies is preferably by way of liposomes. The antidotes are folinic acid, thymidine, deoxycytidine, uridine, etc. Unilamellar liposomes containing Na folinate are made, using egg phosphatidylcholine, cholesterol, and dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine 3-(2-pyridyldithio)propionate (64:35:1 mol. ratio). To the lipsosomes were bound antibodies with affinity to bone marrow precursors of white blood corpuscles, using the method of J. Barbet, et al. (1981). The product, injected i.v. prior to methotrexate administration in cancer treatment, reduced the toxicity of methotrexate
- to the bone marrow. AN 1991:136055 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- 114:136055 DN
- TI Reducing the side effects of a drug by antibody-targetting of antidotes
- IN Matsumura, Kenneth Naovuki
- PA USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 16 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2 Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 2

	PATENT NO.					KIND DATE				APPLICATION NO.					DATE				
PI	WO	9010460			A1		1990	0920		WO 1	990-	US12	64		1	9900	308	<	
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		ML,	MR,	NL,	SE,	SN,	TD,	TG											
	AU	9053492			A		1990	1009		AU 1	990-	5349	2		1	9900	308	<	
	EP	464135			A1		1992	0108		EP 1	990-	9057	67		1:	9900	308	<	
	EP	464135			B1		1996	0626											
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	AT	139701			T		1996	0715		AT 1	990-	9057	67		1	9900	308	<	
	CN	1046464			A		1990	1031		ON 15	990-	1013	28		1	9900	310	<	

CN 1032190 B 19960703
PRAI US 1989-322209 A 19890313 <-WO 1990-US1264 A 19900308 <--

L23 ANSWER 5 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Comparative studies on the antitumor and immunosuppressive effects of the new fluorouracil derivative N4-trimethoxybenzoy1-5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine and its parent drug 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine

N4-Trimethoxybenzovl-5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine (Ro 09-1390) (I) a new AB prodrug of 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine (5'-dFUrd), was synthesized for the purpose of finding a drug with less intestinal toxicity than the parent compound. The present study compared the antitumor activity and immunotoxicity of Ro 09-1390 with those of 5'-dFUrd, 5-fluorouracil (5-FUra) and tegafur in various transplantable tumor models. The antitumor efficacy of Ro 09-1390 was comparable to 5'-dFUrd and these two agents were much more effective than the others. However, Ro 09-1390 was much less toxic to the intestinal tract and less immunosuppressive in both humoral and cellular immune reactions than 5'-dFUrd. Consequently, Ro 09-1390 showed higher therapeutic indexes and higher efficacy than 5'-dFUrd, though it shows the efficacy after it converts to 5'-dFUrd. The activity of Ro 09-1390 was partly associated with cytidine deaminase in the tumors treated. Ro 09-1390 appeared to be more effective against tumors with a high concentration of the enzyme by which the major metabolite 5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine is metabolized to 5'-dFUrd.

AN 1990:470805 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 113:70805

TI Comparative studies on the antitumor and immunosuppressive effects of the new fluorouracil derivative N4-trimethoxybenzoy1-5'-deoxy-5-fluorocytidine and its parent drug 5'-deoxy-5-fluorouridine

AU Miwa, Masanori; Ishikawa, Tohru; Eda, Hiroyuki; Ryu, Mayumi; Fujimoto, Kaori; Ninomiya, Yasuyuki; Umeda, Isao; Yokose, Kazuteru; Ishitsuka, Hideo

CS Nippon Roche Res. Cent., Kamakura, 247, Japan

SO Chemical & Pharmaceutical Bulletin (1990), 38(4), 998-1003 CODEN: CPBTAL; ISSN: 0009-2363

DT Journal

LA English

- L23 ANSWER 6 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Reversal of deamination-related cytotoxicity of 5-methyl-2'-deoxycytidine by tetrahydrouridine in human leukemia cells
- AB The present expts. were conducted to test the effects of the potent cytidine deaminase inhibitor tetrahydrouridine (THU) [18771-50-1] on the metabolism and cytotoxicity of 5-methyl-2'-deoxycytidine (5-Med-Cyd) [838-0'-3] in several human leukemia cell lines in vitro. 5-Med-Cyd exerts its effects via deamination to thymidine [50-89-5], which is particularly toxic to human promyelocytic (HL-60) and T-cell (JM) leukemia cell lines in vitro. The deamination and the cytotoxicity of 5-Med-Cyd were effectively hindered by 10-3 M THU in 3-day cultures of HL-60 cells. Although the catabolism of [14C]5-Med-Cyd in the HL-60 cell cultures was blocked by THU, no radioactive 5-Med-Cyd was incorporated into DNA. The cytotoxicity and DNA incorporation of 5-fluoro-2-deoxycytidine [10356-76-0] are enhanced by THU. Unlike that compound 5-Med-Cyd resembled more 5-bromo-2-deoxycytidine [1022-79-3] and iododeoxycytidine [611-53-0]; THU decreases the toxicity of
- both of these deoxycytidine analogs.
  AN 1985:17277 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 102:17277
- OREF 102:2741a,2744a
- TI Reversal of deamination-related cytotoxicity of 5-methyl-2'-deoxycytidine by tetrahydrouridine in human leukemia cells
- AU Jekunen, Antti; Vilpo, Juhani A.
- CS Dep. Clin. Chem., Univ. Oulu, Oulu, SF-90220/22, Finland SO JNCI, Journal of the National Cancer Institute (1984), 73(5), 1087-91
  - CODEN: JJIND8; ISSN: 0198-0157
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L23 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI  $1-\beta-D$ -Arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of corticosteroids as potential antitumor agents
- AB The antitumor activity and toxicity of 2 new
  - $1-\beta-D$ -arabinofuranosyl-cytosine (ara-C) conjugates of cortisol and corticosterone (linked through a phosphodiester bond between the 5'- and 21-positions of the resp. moieties), cortisol- [74517-55-8] and corticosterone-p-ara-C [74517-62-7]), were investigated in L1210 lymphoid leukemia cells in mice. They are highly active against both i.p.- and i.c.-implanted ara-C-sensitive lymphoid leukemia in mice, exceeding the activity produced by the parent drug, ara-C [147-94-4]. For example, corticosterone-p-ara-C increased the life spans by 306% at 50 mg/kg/day + 9 and 294% at 75 mg/kg/day + 9 of i.p.- and i.c.-inoculated L1210 leukemic mice, resp. The effectiveness of the conjugates seems to depend on the schedules of treatment. The 9-day continuous treatments showed a better therapeutic effectiveness than those with either a 5-day, a single, or a widely spaced (days 1, 5, and 9) treatment. However, they were found to be marginally effective against i.p.-implanted ara-C-resistant L1210 leukemia in mice. They were also inhibitory against proliferation of human leukemia-lymphoid cells in culture. Their superior antitumor activity and resistance to cytidine deaminase [9025-06-3] suggests that they serve as a prodrug form of ara-C or ara-CMP [7075-11-8].
- AN 1983:569170 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 99:169170
- OREF 99:25795a,25798a
- TI 1-β-D-Arabinofuranosylcytosine conjugates of corticosteroids as potential antitumor agents
- AU Hong, Chung I.; Nechaev, Alexander; Kirisits, Alan J.; Buchheit, David J.;

West, Charles R.

- Dep. Neurosurg., Roswell Park Meml. Inst., Buffalo, NY, 14263, USA
- SO European Journal of Cancer & Clinical Oncology (1983), 19(8),

CODEN: EJCODS: ISSN: 0277-5379

DT Journal

LA English

L23 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

 ${\tt TI}$  Combinations of tetrahydrouridine and cytosine arabinoside in mouse tumors  ${\tt GI}$ 

AB Thirteen exptl. mouse neoplasms were tested for cytidine deaminase [9025-06-3] and deoxycytidine kinase ((dCR)-kinase) [9039-45-6] levels. Four neoplasms, sarcoma T241, adenocarcinoma E0771, Lewis lung carcinoma (LL), and sarcoma 180 Japan (S1800), considered to have high deaminase and sufficient dCR-kinase activities, were tested in vivo for combination chemotherapy with cytosine arabinoside (I) [147-94-4] and the CR-deaminase inhibitor, tetrahydrouridine (II) [18771-50-1]. II did not significantly improve the growth inhibition of I in a wide range of combinations in T241, E0771, LL, and the solid form of S180J, but more than doubled the survival time of the S180J ascites-bearing animals. Toxicity in the form of weight loss and toxic deaths was observed in some but not all groups,

especially at high dosages of I and II. Tissue distribution of [3H]-I and [14C]-II in T24I-bearing mice revealed an accelerated clearance of I-derived radioactivity under the influence of II in the tumor and 5 host tissues, but not in the small intestines. With the exception of the small intestines, clearance of II-derived radioactivity was faster in all tissues studied compared to the clearance of [3H]-I-derived radioactivity. Intracellular cytidine deaminase levels were inhibited significantly, i.e., dose-dependently, in tumor and host kidney after a single i.p. injection of II to E0771-bearing mice. In the solid S18UJ, with or without simultaneous i.p. administration of II, [3H]-I was not converted to 5'-di- and tri-phosphates at all. In mice bearing the ascites form of S18UJ, [3H]-I was extensively converted to I 5'-di- and tri-phosphates. II increased both overall I-derived radioactivity and the relative amts of I 5'-di- and tri-phosphates.

AN 1978:332 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 88:332

OREF 88:67a,70a

- TI Combinations of tetrahydrouridine and cytosine arabinoside in mouse tumors
- AU Kreis, Willi; Hession, Catherine; Soricelli, Angela; Scully, Kevin
- CS Lab. Biochem. Pharmacol., Mem. Sloan-Kettering Cancer Cent., Rye, NY, USA SO Cancer Treatment Reports (1977), 61(7), 1355-64

CODEN: CTRRDO; ISSN: 0361-5960

DT Journal

- LA English
- L23 ANSWER 9 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Effect of inhibition of cytidine deaminase by

tetrahydrouridine on the utilization of deoxycytidine and 5-bromodeoxycytidine for deoxyribonucleic acid synthesis

The effect of cytidine deaminase activity on the use AB of deoxycytidine and 5-bromodeoxycytidine for DNA synthesis in normal and neoplastic mouse tissues was investigated using tetrahydrouridine to inhibit cytidine deaminase in vivo. Tetrahydrouridine increased .apprx.3-fold the incorporation of deoxycytidine into the DNA of 2 transplantable lymphomas, a mammary adenocarcinoma, and bone marrow. The use of deoxycytidine for DNA synthesis was also increased by tetrahydrouridine in mouse testes, but not in the spleen or small intestine. The toxicity of 5-fluorodeoxycytidine was similarly increased by inhibition of cytidine deaminase. In contrast to the effect of tetrahydrouridine on deoxycytidine, the incorporation of 5-bromodeoxycytidine into DNA was decreased .apprx.74% by inhibition of cytidine deaminase with tetrahydrouridine. This suggests that the incorporation of 5-bromodeoxycytidine into DNA proceeds mainly by deamination of the nucleoside to 5-bromodeoxyuridine, followed by phosphorylation to 5-bromodeoxyuridylate, rather than the alternative pathway proceeding by phosphorylation of 5-bromodeoxycytidine to

5-bromodeoxycytidylate, followed by deamination of the nucleotide to 5-bromodeoyuridylate.

AN 1974:35471 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 80:35471

OREF 80:5829a,5832a

Effect of inhibition of cytidine deaminase by tetrahydrouridine on the utilization of deoxycytidine and 5-bromodeoxycytidine for deoxyribonucleic acid synthesis

AU Cooper, Geoffrey M.; Greer, Sheldon CS Dep. Biochem., Univ. Miami, Coral Gables, FL, USA

SO Molecular Pharmacology (1973), 9(6), 698-703

CODEN: MOPMA3; ISSN: 0026-895X

DT Journal

LA English

=> d 124 1-24 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y)/N:y

L24 ANSWER 1 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Potentiation of the antitumor effect of methotrexate by dipyridamole

AB The cytotoxicity of antimetabolites to mammalian cells can be reversed by exogenous nucleosides. Dipyridamole (DP), a nucleoside transport inhibitor, can block the reversal effect, thus potentiating the cytotoxicity of antimetabolites to tumor cells. The potentiation of antimetabolites by DP in vivo has not yet been reported. In this study, thymidine and hypoxanthine markedly reversed the cytotoxicity of methotrexate (MTX) to murine leukemia L1210 cells, and DP effectively blocked the reversal in vitro. In combination with amphotericin B (AmB), DP enhanced the inhibitory effect of MTX on sarcoma 180 in mice without increased toxicity. This combination may be useful in cancer chemotherapy.

AN 1989:417278 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 111:17278

- TI Potentiation of the antitumor effect of methotrexate by dipyridamole
- AU Cao, Shousong; Zhen, Yongsu
- CS Inst. Med. Biotechnol., Chin. Acad. Med. Sci., Beijing, Peop. Rep. China SO Zhongguo Yixue Kexueyuan Xuebao (1989), 11(1), 7-12
- CODEN: CIHPDR: ISSN: 1000-503X
- DT Journal
- LA Chinese
- L24 ANSWER 2 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Augmentation of  $1-\beta-D$ -arabinofuranosylcytosine cytotoxicity in human tumor cells by inhibiting drug efflux
  - Dipyridamole is a potent inhibitor of membrane nucleoside transport into mammalian cells. Since the membrane transporter mediates both the influx and the efflux of nucleosides, dipyridamole may block nucleoside efflux from cells as well. In human ovarian carcinoma cells (2008) and promyelocytic leukemic cells (HL60), the sequential treatment with 20 µM dipyridamole 2 h after their initial exposure to varying concns. of 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) increased the cytotoxicity of this nucleoside analog by 100-300% at all drug concns. tested. In washout expts. in which cells were exposed to radiolabeled ara-C for 2 h and reincubated in fresh medium, the presence of 20 µM dipyridamole in the reincubation medium elevated levels of intracellular radioactivity at the end of a 24-h period. HPLC analyses of cellular nucleotide pools during this 24-h period revealed that cells treated with the sequential ara-C/dipyridamole regimen had 2-3-fold higher levels of ara-CTP at all time-points studied. Using alkaline elution assays, a 30% increase in DNA strand breaks was found in cells treated with ara-C followed by dipyridamole when compared to cells treated with ara-C alone, while dipyridamole alone did not produce DNA lesions. The ara-C resistance in tumor cells is associated with either the natural substrates competing with ara-C for phosphorylation and incorporation into macromols. or increased catabolism of the parent drug. Sequential exposure regimens may overcome such tumor resistance by increasing the cellular pools of ara-C and its metabolites. A 2nd advantage to the sequential regimen is that the prolonged retention of ara-C in non-S-phase cells may improve its efficacy. The applicability of such regimens in treating human cancer awaits the results from
- preclin. efficacy and toxicity trials.
  AN 1989:417243 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 111:17243
- TI Augmentation of  $1-\beta-D$ -arabinofuranosylcytosine cytotoxicity in human
- tumor cells by inhibiting drug efflux
- AU Chan, Thomas C. K.
- CS Sch. Vet. Med., Purdue Univ., West Lafayette, IN, 47907, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1989), 49(10), 2656-60
- CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 3 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Biochemical assessment of the effects of acivicin and dipyridamole given as a continuous 72-hour intravenous infusion
- AB Since this Phase I trial was based on a strategy of blochem. modulation, namely, the inhibition of nucleoside uptake by dipyridamole, a biochem. assessment of the actions of activicin and dipyridamole was undertaken in order to aid the interpretation of the clin. findings. At the maximally tolerated dose of dipyridamole (23.1 mg/kg/72 h), the steady-state concns. of total and free dipyridamole averaged 11.9 µM and 27.8 nM, resp. These levels were sufficient to inhibit cytidine (1 µM) uptake by >50% in the lymphocytes of 5 of 6 patients so treated. Using lymphocytes obtained from normal volunteers

the concentration of free dipyridamole needed to inhibit the uptake of  $1~\mu\mathrm{M}$  cytidine by 50% averaged 13.8 mM. The plasma levels of  $\alpha\mathrm{l-acid}$  glycoprotein, which tightly binds dipyridamole, ranged 60-300 mg/dL in the patients in this study. As a consequence there were wide variations in the percentage of dipyridamole present as the unbound, pharmacol. active form and in the rates of dipyridamole clearance. The decreased rate of dipyridamole clearance seen in patients with high levels of  $\alpha\mathrm{l-acid}$  glycoprotein resulted in higher plasma concens. of total dipyridamole and compensated for the reduced fraction of free drug. Therefore, the plasma concentration of free dipyridamole varied much less than the total drug concentration in

these patients. CTP synthetase activity was inhibited in peripheral mononuclear cells in a time-dependent fashion by >>% in 7 of 13 evaluable courses; GMP synthetase was similarly inhibited in only 3 of 10 cases. CTP pool redns. of 30-50% were seen in lymphocytes from 9 of 19 cases, but in only 4 cases was the inhibition >50%. Similarly, in 6 of 19 courses GTP pool reduction of 30-50% was evident, and in 4 of 19 cases the inhibition was >50%. Considering data from all courses, drug therapy did not reduce any of the ribonucleoside triphosphate pools. Apparently, blood levels of dipyridamole sufficient to inhibit nucleoside salvage can be achieved in vivo; however, the lack of a consistent, pronounced effect of activicin on de novo nucleotide biosynthesis precludes anal. of the role of salvage in modulating the toxicity of activicin in vivo.

- AN 1988:563097 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 109:163097
- II Biochemical assessment of the effects of acivicin and dipyridamole given as a continuous 72-hour intravenous infusion
- AU Fischer, Paul H.; Willson, James K. V.; Risueno, Concepcion; Tutsch, Kendra; Bruggink, Joan; Ranhosky, Alan; Trump, Donald L.
- CS Clin. Cancer Cent., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1988), 48(19), 5591-6
- CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 4 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Comparison of the cellular pharmacokinetics and toxicity of
- 2',2'-difluorodeoxycytidine and 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine

AB The cellular metabolism and cytotoxic properties of 2',2'difluorodeoxycytidine (dFdC) (I) and 1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (ara-C) were compared in Chinese hamster ovary cells. In wild-type cells, dFdC was more cytotoxic than ara-C after both 4- and 18-h incubations. The 5'-triphosphate of dFdC (dFdCTP) was the major cellular metabolite (85-90%), reaching cellular concns. up to 20-fold greater than those observed for ara-C 5'-triphosphate at equimolar concns. of the parent drug. A deoxycytidine kinase-deficient mutant neither accumulated dFdCTP nor showed any cytotoxic response up to drug concns. of 100 µm. The cytotoxicity of dFdC could be competitively reversed by deoxycytidine, further suggesting that dFdC, like ara-C, required phosphorylation by deoxycytidine kinase for biol. activity. Several explanations for the different cellular accumulation of the drug triphosphates were established: (a) nucleoside transport studies demonstrated that the membrane permeation of dFdC was 65% more rapid than that of ara-C; (b) deoxycytidine kinase had a higher affinity for dFdC (Km = 3.6  $\mu$ M) than for ara-C (Km = 8.8  $\mu$ M), while the Km for deoxycytidine was 1.4 µM; (c) the elimination of intracellular dFdCTP was biphasic with  $t1/2\alpha = 3.9$  and  $t1/2\beta > 16$  h while the degradation of ara-CTP was monophasic and significantly faster (t1/2 = 0.7 h). The comparatively long half-life of dFdCTP was related to the prolonged inhibition of DNA synthesis after removal of exogenous nucleoside. Together these factors contribute to the more potent cytotoxicity of dFdC

compared with ara-C. 1988:522089 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

AN 1988:522089 DN 109:122089

TI Comparison of the cellular pharmacokinetics and toxicity of

2',2'-difluorodeoxycytidine and 1-β-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine

AU Heinemann, Volker; Hertel, Larry W.; Grindey, Gerald B.; Plunkett, William CS Dep. Oncol., Univ. Texas, Houston, TX, 77030, USA

SO Cancer Research (1988), 48(14), 4024-31

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

DT Journal

LA English

L24 ANSWER 5 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Prevention of 1-beta-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine toxicity by

4-nitrobenzyl-6-thioinosine or dipyridamole in human leukemia cell lines

AB The ability of the nucleoside transport inhibitors,
4-nitrobenzyl-6-thioinosine (NBTI) and dipyridamole (DP) to prevent Ara-C
toxicity was evaluated in 2 human leukemia cell lines, Molt 4 and
HL-60. At non-toxic concns., DP (in Molt 4 and HL-60) and NBTI (only in
Molt 4) provided significant protection, whereas HL-60 was quite
insensitive to NBTI. The different response of these 2 cell lines to NBTI
and DP was also noted in the toxicity of other nucleoside
analogs, including Ara-A, 2'-chlorodeoxyadenosine, tubercidin and

analogs, including Ara-A, 2'-chlorodeoxyadenosine, tubercidin and 5'bromodeoxyuridine. A transport study of [3H]-Ara-C revealed that NBTI partially inhibited the drug entry into HL-60 cells, which correlated well with Ara-CTP generation.

AN 1988:522086 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 109:122086

I Prevention of 1-beta-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine toxicity by

4-nitrobenzyl-6-thioinosine or dipyridamole in human leukemia cell lines AU Kubota, Masaru; Takimoto, Tetsuya; Kitoh, Toshiyuki; Tanizawa, Akihiko; Kiriyama, Yukio; Akiyama, Yuichi; Mikawa, Haruki

CS Dep. Pediatr., Kyoto Univ., Kyoto, 606, Japan

SO Anticancer Research (1988), 8(3), 339-42

CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005 DT Journal LA English

- L24 ANSWER 6 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Potentiation of quinazoline antifolate (CB3717) toxicity by
- dipyridamole in human lung carcinoma, A549, cells
- AB A potent quinazoline antifolate inhibitor of thymidylate synthase, CB37178 inhibited the growth of A549 human lung carcinoma cells, with a 50% inhibitory concentration (IC50) of 2.74 µM. The nucleoside transport inhibitor, dipyridamole, at a nontoxic concentration of 1 µM, inhibited [3B]thymidine uptake/incorporation by >95% and reduced the 50% inhibitory concentration of CB3717 to 0.98 µM. Elimination of salvageable thymidine by the use of dialyzed serum also enhanced CB3717 toxicity. Since dipyridamole was equally effective in the presence or absence of dialyzed serum and was more effective than dialyzed serum alone, inhibition of nucleoside efflux may be an important aspect of its potentiation. Efflux of [5-3H]deoxyuridine was inhibited by 89% and [3H]thymidine efflux by 61% in the presence of 1 µM dipyridamole. Inhibition of thymidylate synthase increases the deoxyuridine nucleotide; thymidine nucleotide portatio. Dipyridamole could exacerbate the

nucleotide pool imbalance caused by CB3717, thereby potentiating its

- toxicity.
  AN 1988:447971 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 109:47971
- TI Potentiation of quinazoline antifolate (CB3717) toxicity by
- dipyridamole in human lung carcinoma, A549, cells
- AU Curtin, Nicola J.; Harris, Adrian L.
- CS R. Victoria Infirm., Univ. Newcastle upon Tyne, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1  $_{\rm 4LP,\ UK}$
- SO Biochemical Pharmacology (1988), 37(11), 2113-20
- CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 7 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Characterization of conditions in which dipyridamole enhances methotrexate toxicity in L1210 cells
- AB In vitro studies in exponentially growing L1210 cells utilizing DNA flow cytometry and cell proliferation measurements indicate enhancement of methotrexate effects by dipyridamole provided: (a) Methotrexate concns. exceed those required to shut off maximally de novo pathways of purine and pyrimidine synthesis (i.e. 30 nM for 48h), and (b) Dipyridamole concns. exceed 3 µM. In 10% fetal calf serum, this concentration inhibits tritiated thymidine uptake by apprx.80%. These data should prove helpful in the planning of clin. studies with dipyridamole or other inhibitors of nucleoside transport used to potentiate inhibitors of de novo pathways.
- AN 1987:526603 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 107:126603
- OREF 107:20303a,20306a
- TI Characterization of conditions in which dipyridamole enhances methotrexate toxicity in L1210 cells
- AU Muggia, Franco M.; Slowiaczek, Peter; Tattersall, Martin H. N.
- CS Compr. Cancer Cent., Univ. South. California, Los Angeles, CA, 20033, USA
- SO Anticancer Research (1987), 7(2), 161-6 CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 8 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Augmentation of methotrexate cytotoxicity in human colon cancer
- cells achieved through inhibition of thymidine salvage by dipyridamole
- AB In HCT 116 cells, a human colon cancer cell line, the levels of thymidine [50-89-5] (0.6 µM) and hypoxanthine [68-94-0] (9 µM)

contributed to the tissue culture medium by the fetal bovine serum significantly reduced the growth inhibition and lethality produced by 0.1 μM methotrexate [59-05-2]. Dipyridamole [58-32-2], an inhibitor of nucleoside transport, potentiated the growth inhibitory effects of methotrexate when the cells were grown in medium that was changed daily. However, when the medium was supplemented with dialyzed serum, methotrexate cytotoxicity was not increased by dipyridamole. Similarly, in cloning expts., dipyridamole increased the cell killing produced by methotrexate. The potentiation of methotrexate toxicity produced by dipyridamole was mediated through inhibition of thymidine uptake. The uptake of 1  $\mu M$  thymidine was inhibited 50% by 0.12 µM dipyridamole but neither hypoxanthine nor quanine [73-40-5] uptake was decreased by dipyridamole (5 µM). As a result, the decrease in dTTP [365-08-2] pools produced by methotrexate was augmented by dipyridamole. In contrast, dipyridamole did not influence the effect of methotrexate on ribonucleoside triphosphate pools. HCT 116 cells avidly salvaged low concns. of thymidine, and methotrexate increased this capacity. Conversion of 0.11 µM thymidine to thymidine triphosphate [365-08-2] was increased by 55%, from 16.6 to 25.7 pmoles/106 cells, following exposure to 1.0 µM methotrexate. Dipyridamole blocked this pool expansion. This study suggests that the salvage of physiol. levels of thymidine may diminish the cytotoxic effects of methotrexate on human colon cancer cells. Inhibition of thymidine uptake by dipyridamole may be an effective strategy to increase the cytotoxicity of methotrexate.

- AN 1987:207325 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 106:207325
- OREF 106:33453a,33456a
- Augmentation of methotrexate cytotoxicity in human colon cancer
- cells achieved through inhibition of thymidine salvage by dipyridamole AU Van Mouwerik, Timothy J.; Pangallo, Cynthia A.; Willson, James K. V.; Fischer, Paul H.
- Sch. Med., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA
- SO Biochemical Pharmacology (1987), 36(6), 809-14
- CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 9 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Alteration of fluorouracil metabolism in human colon cancer cells by dipyridamole with a selective increase in fluorodeoxyuridine monophosphate levels AB The nucleoside transport inhibitor dipyridamole
- [58-32-2] can increase the cytotoxicity of 5-fluorouracil in a human colon cancer cell line (HCT 116) without affecting the total amount of fluorouracil incorporated into the acid soluble and insol. fractions. Dipyridamole altered the pattern of fluorouracil [51-21-8] metabolism and provided a selective increase in intracellular fluorodeoxvuridine monophosphate (FdUMP) [134-46-3] levels. At 2 and 4 h after exposure to fluorouracil and dipyridamole, FdUMP levels were approx. 5-fold higher in the presence of dipyridamole. The ratio of FdUMP to fluorouridine triphosphate [3828-96-4] at 4 h was substantially increased in the presence of dipyridamole compared to fluorouracil alone. In cells preloaded with fluorodeoxyuridine (FdUrd) [50-91-9], dipyridamole potently inhibited the efflux of FdUrd, leading to an increased retention of intracellular FdUMP. One h following removal of [6-3H]FdUrd, the FdUMP

levels were increased 8-fold in the presence of dipyridamole, and the half-life of intracellular FdUMP was increased from 24 to 78 min. It was previously shown that the addition of sufficient thymidine (25  $\mu M$ ) can prevent the augmentation of fluorouracil toxicity produced by dipyridamole. In these studies, the addition of 25 µM thymidine reduced

the FdUMP levels to less than half of those measured in the presence of fluorouracil plus dipyridamole for the first 8 h of exposure, and reduced the FdUMP levels to 6% of the FdUMP levels seen with fluorouracil and dipyridamole after 24 h of exposure. Thymidine prevented the enhanced intracellular retention of FdUMP produced by dipyridamole in cells preloaded with FdUrd. In addition, thymidine inhibited the accumulation of FdUMP in cells exposed to FUrd. In cancer cells which significantly catabolize FdUMP, the ability of dipyridamole to block the efflux of FdUrd may provide an effective means of selectively increasing FdUMP levels and enhancing the toxicity of fluorouracil. Furthermore, dipyridamole blocked the efflux of deoxyuridine and prolonged the intracellular half-life of deoxyuridine monophosphate. In cells prelabeled with [2'-3H]dUrd, transfer of tritium to FdUrd and FdUMP occurred in cells exposed to fluorouracil and dipyridamole. These data suggest that blockade of nucleoside efflux can enhance the availability of deoxyribose-1-phosphate donors for the synthesis of FdUrd. Thus, dipyridamole's ability to inhibit nucleoside transport can perturb the metabolism of a nucleobase, fluorouracil.

AN 1987:43581 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 106:43581

OREF 106:7097a,7100a

Alteration of fluorouracil metabolism in human colon cancer cells by dipyridamole with a selective increase in fluorodeoxyuridine monophosphate levels

ΑU Grem, Jean L.; Fischer, Paul H.

Clin. Cancer Cent., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA

Cancer Research (1986), 46(12, Pt. 1), 6191-9

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

Journal

LA English

L24 ANSWER 10 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Selective protection of tubercidin toxicity by nitrobenzylthioinosine in normal tissues but not in human neuroblastoma cells

AB Tubercidin (I) [69-33-0], an adenosine analog, is toxic to human neuroblastoma cell lines, to peripheral blood mononuclear cells (PBMCs), and to myeloid colony-foring cells (CFU-C) as tested by a short-term labeled precursor uptake and by a clonogenic assay. With the addition of a

potent purine transport inhibitor, nitrobenzylthioinosine (NBTI) [38048-32-7], the cytotoxic effect of tubercidin was abolished in PBMCs but not in neuroblastoma cells. Studies of nucleoside transport in neuroblastoma cells demonstrate that although [3H]NBTI binds to the plasma membrane of these cells, the transport of thymidine [50-89-5] into the cells is only partially inhibited in the presence of excess NBTI. These data imply that neuroblastoma cells contain a nucleoside transport mechanism which is insensitive to NBTI. Host protection with a nucleoside transport inhibitor such as NBTI, may allow effective therapy with otherwise toxic dosages of tubercidin and other cytotoxic nucleosides in patients with neuroblastoma. 1986:564572 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> 105:164572 OREF 105:26361a,26364a Selective protection of tubercidin toxicity by nitrobenzylthioinosine in normal tissues but not in human neuroblastoma cells Kaplinsky, Chaim; Yeger, Herman; Estrov, Zeev; Barankiewicz, Jerzy; Pawlin, Gladys; Freedman, Melvin H.; Cohen, Amos Res. Inst., Hosp. Sick Child., Toronto, ON, M5G 1X8, Can. Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology (1986), 17(3), 264-8 CODEN: CCPHDZ; ISSN: 0344-5704 Journal English L24 ANSWER 11 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Modulation of fluorouracil metabolism and cytotoxicity by nitrobenzylthioinosine The nucleoside transport inhibitor nitrobenzylthiolinosine (I) [38048-32-7] augmented the toxicity of fluorouracil (II) [51-21-8] in a human colon cancer cell line (HCT 116). Furthermore, I produced a selective 3-fold increase in intracellular fluorodeoxvuridine monophosphate (FdUMP) [134-46-3], a potent inhibitor of thymidylate synthetase [9031-61-2], which can prevent the formation of deoxythymidine monophosphate and subsequently interfere with DNA synthesis. The mechanism by which I increases the levels of FdUMP appears to be blockade of the efflux of fluorodeoxyuridine [50-91-9]. Thus, nucleoside transport inhibitors may provide a novel means of enhancing the cytotoxicity of II through increased FdUMP accumulation. AN 1986:526954 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 105:126954 OREF 105:20325a, 20328a Modulation of fluorouracil metabolism and cytotoxicity by nitrobenzylthioinosine Grem, Jean L.; Fischer, Paul H. Clin. Cancer Cent., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA Biochemical Pharmacology (1986), 35(16), 2651-4 CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952 Journal English L24 ANSWER 12 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Effects of nucleoside transport inhibitors on the salvage and toxicity of adenosine and deoxyadenosine in L1210

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Incubation of deoxycoformycin [53910-25-1]-treated L1210 leukemia cells AB with dipyridamole [58-32-2] or nitrobenzylthioinosine [38048-32-7], inhibitors of nucleoside transport, enhanced the long-term incorporation of 2'-deoxyadenosine [958-09-8] and adenosine

and P388 mouse leukemia cells

[58-61-7] into the nucleotide pool and the toxicity of 2'-deoxyadenosine to the cells. In contrast, 2'-deoxyadenosine uptake in deoxycoformycin-treated P388 leukemia cells, which was about 10 times greater than that in L1210 cells, was inhibited by dipyridamole and nitrobenzylthionosine, and 2'-deoxyadenosine toxicity was not significantly affected by the transport inhibitors. P388 cells also were about 6 times more resistant to 2'-deoxyadenosine than were L1210 cells, in spite of the greater uptake of the nucleoside. Purine nucleoside transport in L1210 and P388 cells exhibited similar kinetic properties and sensitivity to dipyridamole and nitrobenzylthioinosine (both influx and efflux) and the stimulation of 2'-deoxyadenosine uptake by the inhibitors in L1210 cells is not mediated at the level of its transport into the cells but rather reflects an enhanced intracellular net accumulation of deoxyadenosine nucleotides. 1986:14682 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 104:14682 OREF 104:2393a,2396a Effects of nucleoside transport inhibitors on the salvage and toxicity of adenosine and deoxyadenosine in L1210 and P388 mouse leukemia cells Plagemann, Peter G. W.; Wohlhueter, Robert M. Dep. Microbiol., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, 55455, USA Cancer Research (1985), 45(12, Pt. 1), 6418-24 CODEN: CNREA8: ISSN: 0008-5472 Journal English L24 ANSWER 13 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Differential sensitivity of RSVts (temperature-sensitive Rous-sarcoma virus)-infected rat kidney cells to nucleoside antibiotics at permissive and non-permissive temperatures Among a variety of antitumor agents tested, oxanosine [80394-72-5] and 5-azacytidine [320-67-2] were more effective in inhibiting growth of rat kidney cells infected with a temperature-sensitive mutant of Rous sarcoma virus at a permissive temperature (33°) than at a nonpermissive temperature (39°). These 2 nucleoside antibiotics were antagonistic to each other and seemed to share the same carrier-mediated membrane-transport system, because dipyridamole, a potent inhibitor of nucleoside transport, protected cells from the cytotoxicity of both drugs. Thymidine [50-89-5] transport, which is twice as fast in cells at 33° as at 39°, was competitively inhibited by both drugs. Thus, the differential toxicity of oxanosine and 5-azacvtidine at the 2 temps, may be due to their increased transport via the thymidine-transport system, which is somehow under the influence of the active src-gene product. AN 1986:398 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 104:398 OREF 104:67a,70a Differential sensitivity of RSVts (temperature-sensitive Rous-sarcoma virus)-infected rat kidney cells to nucleoside antibiotics at permissive and non-permissive temperatures Uehara, Yoshimasa; Hasegawa, Masami; Hori, Makoto; Umezawa, Hamao Inst. Microb. Chem., Tokyo, 141, Japan Biochemical Journal (1985), 232(3), 825-31 CODEN: BIJOAK; ISSN: 0306-3275 Journal English L24 ANSWER 14 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Protection of cells by nucleoside transport inhibitor

combined with nebularine and therapeutic effect against transplantable

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Nucleoside transport inhibitors

nitrobenzyldeoxyadenosine (NBdAdo) [56527-33-4] at 0.1-5 µm or dilazep [35898-87-4] at 5-20 µM effectively protected S49 cells against nebularine [550-33-4] cytotoxic effects. The tolerance against nebularine toxicity in mice pretreated with NBdAdo or dilazep was doubled. When NBdAdo or dilazep combined with a LD of nebularine was used, the therapeutic effect was greatly enhanced against some transplantable mouse tumors, the most marked of which was Ehrlich ascites carcinoma. The activity of serum amylase and glutamic-pyruvic transaminase in the mice was greatly elevated but that of alkaline phosphatase was reduced by a LD of nebularine. There was no change in serum creatinine or bilirubin. NBdAdo can protect the liver and pancreas of the

mice from the toxic effect of nebularine.
AN 1985:589296 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 103:189296

OREF 103:30305a,30308a

TI Protection of cells by nucleoside transport inhibitor combined with nebularine and therapeutic effect against transplantable mouse tumors

AU Fu, Naiwu

CS Cancer Inst., Chin. Acad. Med. Sci., Beijing, Peop. Rep. China

SO Zhonghua Zhongliu Zazhi (1985), 7(2), 94-8 CODEN: CCLCDY: ISSN: 0253-3766

DT Journal

LA Chinese

L24 ANSWER 15 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Augmentation of 5-fluorouracil cytotoxicity in human colon cancer

cells by dipyridamole
AB The effect of dipyrida

The effect of dipyridamole (DP) [58-32-2], an inhibitor of nucleoside transport, on the uptake and toxicity of 5-fluorouracil (FUra) [51-21-8] was examined in a human colon cancer cell line (HCT 116). DP substantially increased the cytotoxicity of FUra in cell growth expts. and in viability assays measuring colony formation. The augmentation by DP was dose- and time-dependent. Several possible mechanisms by which DP enhanced FUra toxicity were investigated. DP did not alter the uptake of FUra into the acid-soluble and -insol. fractions of f HCT 116 cells. While DP did not affect the uptake of FUra, it did inhibit the transport of the nucleoside analogs, fluorouridine and fluorodeoxyuridine, of FUra. Although DP effectively inhibited the uptake of thymidine and uridine in a dose-dependent manner, several lines of evidence suggested that inhibition of nucleoside salvage was not the critical effect. The toxicity of FUra was not prevented by thymidine, uridine, or the combination of thymidine and uridine. Thymidine triphosphate pools, decreased by 50% during the initial 8 h of exposure to FUra, were not further depleted by the addition of DP. The shrinkage in deoxythymidine triphosphate pools produced by FUra was prevented by concomitant exposure to thymidine; however, this did not translate into protection from FUra lethality. The use of dialyzed serum, which greatly diminished the availability of nucleic acid precursors, did not increase the toxicity of FUra. DP increased the cytotoxicity fUra as effectively in expts. utilizing dialyzed serum as when nondialyzed serum was used. Surprisingly, however, the addition of sufficient thymidine to overcome the DP block did prevent the augmentation of FUra toxicity produced by DP. DP may provide a novel means of enhancing the cytotoxicity of FUra.

AN 1985:464497 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 103:64497

OREF 103:10237a,10240a

TI Augmentation of 5-fluorouracil cytotoxicity in human colon cancer

cells by dipyridamole AU Grem, Jean L.; Fischer, Paul H. CS Sch. Med., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA Cancer Research (1985), 45(7), 2967-72 SO CODEN: CNREA8: ISSN: 0008-5472 Journal LA English L24 ANSWER 16 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN TI Modulation of the activity of PALA by dipyridamole AB Dipyridamole [58-32-2], a nucleoside transport inhibitor which can block restoration of nucleotide levels via the salvage pathway, was tested for its ability to augment the cytotoxicity of PALA [51321-79-0] against normal and malignant human cells in vitro. At the clin. relevant concentration of 1 µM, dipyridamole increased the cytotoxicity of PALA against a melanoma, a colon carcinoma, a premyelocytic leukemia (HL-60), and normal marrow (CFU-GM) in clonogenic assays. Dipyridamole produced 50% inhibition of uridine [58-96-8] uptake in these cells at concns. of <0.1  $\mu M$  and reduced the LD50 of PALA by approx. 50% in mice. Apparently, dipyridamole can markedly potentiate the activity of PALA in vitro and in vivo. AN 1985:178808 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 102:178808 OREF 102:27923a,27926a Modulation of the activity of PALA by dipyridamole Chan, Thomas C. K.; Young, Benjamin; King, Mark E.; Taetle, Raymond; AU Howell, Stephen B. Dep. Med., Univ. California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093, USA SO Cancer Treatment Reports (1985), 69(4), 425-30 CODEN: CTRRDO: ISSN: 0361-5960 Journal LA English L24 ANSWER 17 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN Effect of an inhibitor of nucleoside transport on the disposition of uridine in mice AR I.p. treatment of mice with the 5'-monophosphate of pnitrobenzylmercaptopurine ribonucleoside (I) [65199-10-2] (25 mg/kg), 1 h prior to i.v. injection of 3H-labeled uridine [58-96-8], had only a modest inhibitory effect on the salvage of circulatory uridine in several tissues and increased uridine salvage by 63% in the kidney. Although I administration did not greatly change the overall efficiency of uridine salvage, the tissue-selective effects of I administration suggest that inhibitors of nucleoside transport maybe useful in modifying the selective toxicity of nucleoside analogs. AN 1984:522689 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> DN 101:122689 OREF 101:18527a,18530a TI Effect of an inhibitor of nucleoside transport on the disposition of uridine in mice AU Moyer, James D.; Paterson, Alan R. P.; Henderson, J. Frank Cancer Res. Group, Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, AB, T6G 2H7, Can. Biochemical Pharmacology (1984), 33(14), 2327-9 CS SO

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952

L24 ANSWER 18 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

9-Deazaadenosine - a new potent antitumor agent

Journal

English

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ΔR 9-Deazaadenosine (9-DAA)(I) [77691-03-3] a novel purine analog, was a potent inhibitor of the growth of 9 different human solid tumor cell lines in vitro and of pancreatic carcinoma (DAN) in antithymocyte serum (ATS)-immunosuppressed mice. In culture, IC50 values ranged from 1.1 to 8.5 + 10-8M. Ovarian carcinoma was the only cell line in which the activity of 9-DAA was potentiated (about 10-fold) by pretreatment with the adenosine deaminase inhibitor 2'-deoxycoformycin (dCF). After incubation of cultured pancreatic DAN cells with 9-DAA (10-5M) for 2 h, a peak appeared in the triphosphate region of HPLC nucleotide profiles that was identified tentatively as 9-deazaATP [10058-66-9]. Under the same incubation conditions, the incorporation of [3H]uridine into RNA and of [3H]thymidine into DNA was inhibited by 34 and 80%, resp. In vivo studies using ATS-immunosuppressed mice showed that 9-DAA at 0.4 mg/kg/day for 3 consecutive days reduced DAN tumor wts. to approx. 50% of untreated controls. The nucleoside transport inhibitor p-nitrobenzyl-6-thioinosine [38048-32-7], selectively protected host tissues from 9-DAA toxicity and, thereby, potentiated the antitumor activity of 9-DAA in vivo at optimal dosages.

AN 1984:400347 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 101:347

OREF 101:55a,58a

9-Deazaadenosine - a new potent antitumor agent

ΑU Chu, Ming Y.; Zuckerman, Linda B.; Sato, Seiji; Crabtree, Gerald W.; Bogden, Arthur E.; Lim, Mu Ill; Klein, Robert S.

CS Dep. Med., Roger Williams Gen. Hosp., Providence, RI, 02908, USA

SO Biochemical Pharmacology (1984), 33(8), 1229-34

CODEN: BCPCA6; ISSN: 0006-2952 Journal

LA English

L24 ANSWER 19 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

ΤI Modulation of cytarabine uptake and toxicity by dipyridamole

- AB The effect of dipyridamole (I) [58-32-2], an inhibitor of membrane nucleoside transport, on the uptake and toxicity of cytarabine (II) [147-94-4] was examined in normal and malignant tissues. Preliminary pharmacokinetic data were obtained in mice and humans to determine appropriate dipyridamole dosage ranges for in vitro testing. At concas. achievable in man, dipyridamole produced 75% and 94% redns. in cytarabine uptake in freshly harvested normal mouse and human bone marrow cells, resp. Under the same conditions, >90% redns. in cytarabine uptake were also seen in both L1210 murine leukemia and HL-60 human leukemia cells. In addition, treatment with dipyridamole also reduced the growth-inhibitory effects of cytarabine on HL-60 cells in culture and protected mice from toxic doses of this antimetabolite. These results demonstrate the ability of dipyridamole to modulate the activity of cytarabine in both murine and human cells.
- AN 1984:132188 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 100:132188
- OREF 100:19989a,19992a
- TI Modulation of cytarabine uptake and toxicity by dipyridamole
- AU King, Mark E.; Naporn, Atania; Young, Benjamin; Howell, Stephen B.
- CS Dep. Med., Univ. California, San Diego, La Jolla, CA, 92093, USA
- SO Cancer Treatment Reports (1984), 68(2), 361-6
- CODEN: CTRRDO; ISSN: 0361-5960 DT Journal
- LA English
- L24 ANSWER 20 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI In vivo studies with an inhibitor of nucleoside transport, nitrobenzylthioinosine 5'-monophosphate

- AB Coadministration of nitrobenzylthioinosine 5'-monophosphate (I) [65199-10-2] protected mice against the toxicity of the nucleosides, tubercidin (II) [69-33-0] and nebularine [550-33-4]. The I metabolite, nitrobenzylthioinosine [38048-32-7] prevented the uptake of cytidine [65-66-3] and pseudoisocytidine [57100-18-2] by mouse liver. In mice with exptl. tumors, antineoplastic effects were achieved with high, potentially LDs of nucleoside analogs made tolerable by protecting vital tissues with I. It appears that the neoplastic cells are less well protected against the toxic nucleosides than vital tissues in the neoplastic host.
- AN 1982:155137 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 96:155137
- OREF 96:25347a,25350a
- TI In vivo studies with an inhibitor of nucleoside
  - transport, nitrobenzylthioinosine 5'-monophosphate
- AU Paterson, Alan R. P.; Kolassa, Norbert; Lynch, Thomas P.; Jakobs, Ewa S.; Cass, Carol E.
- CS Cancer Res. Unit, Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, AB, Can.
- SO Nucleosides Cancer Treat., Proc. Symp. (1981), Meeting Date 1980, 84-95. Editor(s): Tattersall, Martin Henry Norman; Fox, Richard M. Publisher: Academic, Sydney, Australia. CODEN: 47FYAU
- DT Conference
- LA English

AB

- L24 ANSWER 21 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Liposome-cell interactions. A study of the interactions of liposomes containing entrapped anti-cancer drugs with the EMT6, S49 and AEI (transport-deficient) cell lines
- liposome-entrapped methotrexate [59-05-2], actinomycin D [50-76-0] and cytosine arabinoside [147-94-4] for a variety of liposome compons. was somewhat less than that observed when the cells were exposed to similar concoss. of free drug. The cytotoxicity was mediated via uptake of free drug leaked from liposomes. This was confirmed in expts. involving the EMT6 and S49 cell lines in monolayer or suspension culture, resp., in the absence and presence of the nucleoside transport inhibitor, 6-((4-nitrobenzyl)thio)-9-B-D-ribofuranosylpurine [38048-32-7]. Addnl. expts. were performed on a transport-deficient mutant of the S49 cell line, the AEI cell line. No evidence for liposome-mediated cell death could be found in these cell lines when tubercidin 5'-monophosphate [16719-46-3] was entrapped in either large or

small unilamellar liposomes composed of egg phosphatidylcholine/cholestero

In preliminary expts. with the EMT6 cell line in monolayer culture, the cytotoxicity observed when the cells were exposed to a range of concns. of

l [57-88-5] (2:1), bovine brain phosphatidylserine/egg phosphatidylcholine/cholesterol (8:2:5) or egg phosphatidylcholine/stearylamine/cholesterol (10:1:5). Considerable toxicity due to empty liposomes of a variety of compns. was observed in the 549 cell line at high lipid concns. 1981:430342 HGAPLUS <LOGINID:20080324>>

DN 95:30342

AN

OREF 95:5161a,5164a

TI Liposome-cell interactions. A study of the interactions of liposomes containing entrapped anti-cancer drugs with the EMT6, S49 and ABI (transport-deficient) cell lines

AU Allen, T. M.; McAllister, L.; Mausolf, S.; Gyorffy, E.

CS Pharmacol. Dep., Univ. Alberta, Edmonton, AB, TGG 2H7, Can. SO Biochimica et Biophysica Acta, Biomembranes (1981), 643(2), 346-62

CODEN: BBBMBS; ISSN: 0005-2736

DT Journal

LA English

L24 ANSWER 22 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Showdomycin and its reactive moiety, maleimide. A comparison in selective toxicity and mechanism of action in vitro

AB Showdomycin (1) [16755-07-0], a C-nucleoside antibiotic, was twice as toxic to L1210 murine leukemia cells as to murine bone marrow progenitor cells, whereas its aglycone, maleimide [541-59-3] showed equal toxicity to both cell lines. Cysteine, adenosine, and a nucleoside transport inhibitor, reversed the early I toxicity to L1210 cells but did not reduce maleimide toxicity. At cytotoxic concns. I progressively and totally inhibited the nucleoside uptake system; cysteine reversed this concomitantly with cytotoxicity reversal. Binding inhibition studies indicated that the antibiotic inactivated the nucleoside transport site. The C-nucleoside structure may confer some selectivity to the cytotoxic action of maleimide, directing it toward the nucleoside transport system of the tumor cell.

AN 1981:125 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 94:125

OREF 94:19a,22a

 ${\tt TI}$  Showdomycin and its reactive moiety, maleimide. A comparison in selective toxicity and mechanism of action in vitro

AU Uehara, Yoshimasa; Fisher, Joyce M.; Rabinovitz, Marco

S Lab. Med. Chem. Biol., Natl. Cancer Inst., Bethesda, MD, 20205, USA

SO Biochemical Pharmacology (1980), 29(16), 2199-204 CODEN: BCPCA6, ISSN: 0006-2952 DT Journal LA English

DA ENGIION

L24 ANSWER 23 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Metabolism and cytotoxicity of 5-azacytidine in cultured Novikoff rat hepatoma and P388 mouse leukemia cells and their enhancement by preincubation with pyrazofurin

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NSC 102816 (5-azacvtidine)(I) [320-67-2] transport into cells was measured in the absence of metabolism in ATP [56-65-5]-depleted and uridine kinase [9026-39-5]-deficient Novikoff cells. I was transported with about the same efficiency as uridine and cytidine by the facilitated nucleoside transport system of these cells. The phosphorylation of I in untreated, wild-type cells, however, was much more inhibited by uridine [58-96-8] and cytidine [65-46-3] than was its transport into the cell. This inhibition seemed to be responsible for the sp. protection of cells by these nucleosides from I toxicity. I was incorporated by Novikoff and P388 cells into both RNA and DNA, and this incorporation seemed to be responsible for its cytotoxicity; an inhibition of de novo pyrimidine nucleotide synthesis was not a major contributory factor. Incorporation of I into nucleic acids was relatively slow, but it was enhanced 3 to 4 times when cells were preincubated with pyrazofurin [30868-30-5]. Pyrazofurin inhibited de novo pyrimidine synthesis and thus caused a depletion of cellular pyrimidine nucleotides. I was largely cytostatic for Novikoff and P388 cells, but a sequential treatment with pyrazofurin and I markedly increased the cytotoxicity over that observed with drug alone. Increased cytotoxicity correlated with the increased incorporation of I into nucleic acids.

AN 1978:557234 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 89:157234

OREF 89:24251a,24254a

TI Metabolism and cytotoxicity of 5-azacytidine in cultured Novikoff rat hepatoma and P388 mouse leukemia cells and their enhancement by preincubation with pyrazofurin

AU Plagemann, Peter G. W.; Behrens, Marsha; Abraham, David

CS Dep. Microbiol., Univ. Minnesota Med. Sch., Minneapolis, MN, USA

SO Cancer Research (1978), 38(8), 2458-66

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

DT Journal

LA English

L24 ANSWER 24 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

In Inhibition of de novo pyrimidine nucleotide and DNA synthesis and growth of cultured Novikoff rat hepatoma cells and other cell lines by pyrazofurin (NSC 143095)

AB NSC 143095 (pyrazofurin)(I) [30868-30-5] inhibited the replication of cultured Novikoff rat hepatoma cells, HeLa cells, and mouse L-cells at concns. as low as 0.1 to 10 µM, but Novikoff cells were more sensitive than the cells of the other two cell lines. Inhibition of cell replication was completely prevented by the presence of 0.1-1 mM uridine in the medium, and partly by the presence of other pyrimidines, but not purine nucleosides. A 2- to 4-hr treatment of the cells with 10  $\mu M$  I resulted in a 2-fold increase in the rate of incorporation of uridine into the acid-soluble pool and nucleic acids, while the rate of incorporation of adenosine into RNA was reduced about 85%. The incorporation of adenosine and deoxyuridine into DNA were reduced about 85 and 50%, respectively. The results are consistent with the view that I inhibits the de novo synthesis of pyrimidine nucleosides. The inhibition of cell replication seems to be due mainly to an inhibition of DNA rather than RNA synthesis, resulting from a rapid depletion of the pyrimidine deoxynucleotide pool, since addition of thymidine and deoxycytidine reversed the inhibition of DNA synthesis and cell replication by I. I must enter the cells to exert its toxicity since the toxicity was reduced 70-80% by the presence of 8 µM Persantin, a potent inhibitor of the facilitated and simple diffusion of various substrates, in the medium. If I is incorporated via normal nucleoside salvage pathways, its affinity for the nucleoside transport system(s) and kinases, must be low since, even at a concentration of 1 mM, it had only a slight effect on the initial rates of incorporation of various nucleosides into the nucleotide pool. AN 1976:553816 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 85:153816

OREF 85:24574h,24575a

Inhibition of de novo pyrimidine nucleotide and DNA synthesis and growth of cultured Novikoff rat hepatoma cells and other cell lines by pyrazofurin (NSC 143095)

ΑU Plagemann, Peter G. W.; Behrens, Marsha

CS Med. Sch., Univ. Minnesota, Minneapolis, MN, USA

Cancer Research (1976), 36(10), 3807-12 SO

CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472

Journal

LA English

=> exp 5-fluoro-2 5-90-3G/BT

```
E2
           2 5-BCD/BI
E3
          0 --> 5-FLUORO-2/BI
E4
           1 5-G/BI
E5
           1
                5-METHYL-2-PYRIDYL/BI
           1
                5-THREONINE/BI
E6
E7
           1
                5.,11/BI
E8
           1
                5.,MO/BI
          281
E9
                5.0/BI
E10
           3
                 5.0, AG/BI
           5
E11
                5.0,AL/BI
E12
           1
                5.0,AS/BI
=> exp 5-fluoro-2/cn
                 5-FLUORO-1H-PYRROLO(2,3-B)PYRIDINE/CN
E2
                 5-FLUORO-1H-PYRROLO(2,3-B)PYRIDINE-2-CARBOXYLIC ACID/CN
E3
            0 --> 5-FLUORO-2/CN
E4
                5-FLUORO-2',3'-DIDEOXYCYTIDINE/CN
           1
E5
            1
                5-FLUORO-2',3'-ISOPROPYLIDENEURIDINE/CN
E6
            1
                5-FLUORO-2',3'-O-ISOPROPYLIDENEURIDINE/CN
E7
            1
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXY(2'-3H)URIDINE/CN
E8
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXY-B-URIDINE/CN
            1
            1
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXY-3'-O-PALMITOYLURIDINE/CN
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXY-UMP/CN
           1
E10
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXYCYTIDINE/CN
E11
            1
                5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXYCYTIDINE 5'-MONOPHOSPHATE/CN
E12
            1
=> s e8
            1 "5-FLUORO-2'-DEOXY-B-URIDINE"/CN
=> d 125
L25 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
RN 50-91-9 REGISTRY
ED
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
CN Uridine, 2'-deoxy-5-fluoro- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 1-(2-Deoxy-β-D-ribofuranosyl)-5-fluorouracil
CN 2'-Deoxy-5-fluorouridine
CN 5-Fluoro-2'-deoxy-β-uridine
CN 5-Fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine
CN 5-Fluorodeoxvuridine
CN 5-Fluorouracil 2'-deoxvriboside
CN 5-Fluorouracil deoxyriboside
CN FdUrd
CN Floxuridin
CN Floxuridine
CN FUDR
CN NSC 26740
CN NSC 27640
FS
    STEREOSEARCH
    888-03-9, 3460-74-0
DR
MF
    C9 H11 F N2 O5
LC
               ADISNEWS, AGRICOLA, ANABSTR, BEILSTEIN*, BIOSIS, BIOTECHNO,
    STN Files:
      CA, CABA, CAOLD, CAPLUS, CASREACT, CBNB, CHEMCATS, CHEMINFORMRX,
      CHEMLIST, CIN, CSCHEM, DDFU, DRUGU, EMBASE, GMELIN*, HSDB*, IFICDB,
      IFIPAT, IFIUDB, IMSCOSEARCH, IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, NAPRALERT,
      PROMT, RTECS*, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, USAN, USPAT2, USPATFULL,
      USPATOLD
        (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources: EINECS**, WHO
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(\*\*Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)

Absolute stereochemistry.

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

2671 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
94 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
2676 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
34 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)

=> s dipyridamole/cn

L26 1 DIPYRIDAMOLE/CN

=> d 126 scan

L26 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
IN Ethanol, 2,2',2'',2''-[(4,8-di-1-piperidinylpyrimido[5,4-d]pyrimidine-2,6-diyl)dinitrilo|tetrakis-

MF C24 H40 N8 O4

CI COM

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\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

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L27 29 L25 AND L26

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1944920 PRY<1992 L28 11 L27 AND (PY<1992 OR AY<1992 OR PRY<1992)

=> d 128 1-11 ti abs bib

L28 ANSWER 1 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 131:281604
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent

LA	English				
FAN.	CNT 13				
	PATENT NO.	KII	ID DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
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	US 5583117	A	19961210	US 1993-140475	19931025 <
	US 6020320	A	19961210 20000201 19980407	IIS 1993-153163	19931025 < 19931117 < 19931230 <
	US 5736531	A	19980407	US 1993-176485	19931230 <
	IN 177670	A:	19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940902
	US 5770582	A	19980623	US 1995-419767	19950410 <
	US 5691320	A	19971125	US 1995-465454	19940902 19950410 < 19950605 < 19950605 <
	US 6054441	A	20000425	US 1995-463790	19950605 <
	US 6060459	A	20000509	US 1995-463790 US 1995-465016 US 1995-463771 US 1995-466145	19950605 <
	US 7307166	B:	20071211	US 1995-463771	19950605 <
	DE 712629 R: AT, BE P 712629 R: AT, BE JP 10001436 JP 3474073 JP 2001192335 CA 2111571 CA 2504078 ES 2160579 SS 246708 US 5446708 US 5470838 US 6348441 US 6060459 US 6274563 US 6348451 US 6274563 US 6348451 US 6919320 CA 2223640 US 9640165 W: AL, AM US 9640165 W: AL, AM US 4L, AM US 9640165 W: AL, AM US 4L,	B:	20010710	US 1995-466145	19950606 <
	US 6316426	B:	20011113	US 1995-466144 US 1995-479519 US 1995-479349 US 1995-478736 US 1995-478331 CA 1996-2223640 WO 1996-US10067	19950606 <
	US 6232298	B:	20010515	US 1995-479519	19950607 <
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	AT 320813	T	20060415	AT 2004-23557	19960606
	ES 2257721	T	20060801	AT 2004-23557 ES 2004-23557	19960606

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PT 1491201 T 20060831 PT 2004-23557 19960606
HK 1072897 A1 20060512 HK 2005-105421 19981003
US 2001025032 A1 20010927 US 1999-249790 19990216
US 6344447 B2 20020205
19990216 <--
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                                                                          20000131 <--
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THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L28 ANSWER 2 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with

acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

KIND DATE

AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 126:139905

TΙ Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. TN

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

FAN.CNT 13

PATENT NO.

		TEMI						DATE				TCA1					HIE		
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			IE,	IT,	LU,	MC,	NL,	PT,	SE,	BF,	BJ,	CF,	CG,	CI,	CM,	GA,	GN		
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	JP	1051 9952 2002 2005	1689			Т		1998	1110		JP 1	997-	5021	84		1	9960	506	
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		1987																	
	110	1989	-110	103		D2		1989											
		1990						1990											
		1991																	
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	US	1993	-176	485		A2		1993	1230										
		1995																	
		1996																	
	ΑU	1999	-526	24		A3		1999	1001										
	AU	2002	-320	811		A3		2002	1223										

L28 ANSWER 3 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TT Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

The toxicity of antiviral and antineoplastic agents, resulting from their damage to the hematopoietic system or mucosal tissue, is prevented or

treated with acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These derivs. may themselves be antineoplastic, antiviral, or antimalarial agents; they may be administered together with inhibitors of uridine phosphorylase, of cytidine deaminase, or of nucleotide transport. Thus, oral administration of triacetyluridine (500 mg/kg 8 times in 2 days) rescued mice from the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil (150 mg/kg i.p.), as shown by leukocyte and platelet counts.

AN 1993:205218 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 118:205218

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 130 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 13

PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI WO 9301202	A1 19930121 FI, JP, KR, NO	WO 1992-US5324	19920625 <
RW: AT, BE, CH, CA 2111571	DE, DK, ES, FR, G	GB, GR, IT, LU, MC, NL, CA 1992-2111571	SE 19920625 <
CA 2504078 CA 2504078	A1 19930121 C 20070828	CA 1992-2111571 CA 1992-2504078	19920625 <
AU 9222544 AU 667676	A 19930211 B2 19960404	AU 1992-22544	19920625 <
EP 594667	B1 20010919	EP 1992-914215 GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL,	
JP 06508846 JP 2584947	T 19941006 B2 19970226	AT 1992-914215 ES 1992-914215 ZA 1992-4975 IL 1992-102407 CN 1992-108868	19920625 <
AT 205850 ES 2160579	T 20011015 T3 20011116	AT 1992-914215 ES 1992-914215	19920625 < 19920625 <
ZA 9204975 IL 102407	A 19930428 A 19970110	ZA 1992-4975 IL 1992-102407	19920703 < 19920703 <
CN 1050996	B 20000405	CN 1992-108868 IN 1992-CA473	
IN 177670	A1 19970215		19940902
AU 2002320811 AU 2005232288	A1 20030403 A1 20051201	AU 2002-320811 AU 2005-232288	20021223 20051110
US 1991-724340 US 1992-903107 CA 1992-2111571	A 19910705 19920625 A3 19920625	<	
WO 1992-US5324 IN 1992-CA473	A 19920625		
AU 1995-29150 AU 1999-52624	A3 19991001		
AU 2002-320811 OS MARPAT 118:205218	A3 20021223		

L28 ANSWER 4 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

The in-vitro effects of hydroxyurea, 5-FU and 5-FUdR have been extensively

ΤI Organ culture as a model for investigating the effects of antimetabolites and nucleoside transport inhibitors on rodent colonic mucosa

studied in exptl. systems employing cell-line techniques. The effects of these drugs were examined on the levels of incorporation of labeled nucleosides into DNA in explants of intact rat colonic mucosa maintained in organ culture. The effects of the nucleoside transport inhibitors nitrobenzylthioinosine (NBMPR) and dipyridamole, which are modulators of antimetabolite cytotoicity, on the incorporation of tritiated thymidine [(3H]TdR) into DNA were also studied. The incorporation of tritiated TdR into DNA was reduced by hydroxyurea but was not altered by either 5-FU or 5-FUdR. The levels of tritiated deoxyuridine were reduced by 5-FU and 5-FUdR in sep. expts.; this is in keeping with thymidylate synthase inhibition. NBMPR and dipyridamole also reduced 3H-TdR incorporation into DNA. These results can be explained in terms of the known mechanisms of action of these drugs. This exptl. model is therefore useful in assessing the effects of antimetabolites and nucleoside transport inhibitors in intact colonic mucosa.

- AN 1992:120506 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 116:120506
- TI Organ culture as a model for investigating the effects of antimetabolites and nucleoside transport inhibitors on rodent colonic mucosa
- AU Moorghen, M.; Ince, P.; Finney, Karen J.; Watson, A. J.; Harris, A. L.
- CS Dep. Pathol., Univ. Newcastle upon Tyne, Newcastle upon Tyne, NEl 4LP, UK SO In Vitro Cellular & Developmental Biology: Animal (1991),
  - 27A(11), 873-7 CODEN: IVCAED: ISSN: 0883-8364
- Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 5 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI The effects of leucovorin and dipyridamole on fluoropyrimidine-induced radiosensitization
- AB The biomodulators leucovorin and dipyridamole potentiate the cytotoxicity of 5-fluorodeoxy uridine (FdUrd) and 5-fluorouracil (5-FU), resp. It was hypothesized that these biomodulators would increase fluoropyrimidinemediated radiosensitization. This hypothesis was tested using cultured HT29 human colon cancer cells. As was predicted, leucovorin increased both FdUrd-mediated cytotoxicity and radiosensitization. The increase in  $\gamma$ -ray sensitivity was associated with a decrease in the repair of radiation-induced DNA double-strand breaks (DSB's). Dipyridamole potentiated the cytotoxicity produced by 5-FU-mediated radiosensitization. This demonstrates that the simple fact that a biomodulator can increase fluoropyrimidine-induced cytotoxicity does not quarantee a corresponding increase in radiation sensitivity. Clin. trials combining fluoropyrimidines and their biomodulators will need to take these potentially complex interactions into account.
- 1991:202587 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- DN 114:202587
- TT The effects of leucovorin and dipyridamole on fluoropyrimidine-induced radiosensitization Lawrence, Theodore S.; Heimburger, David K.; Shewach, Donna S.
- AU
- CS Med. Cent., Univ. Michigan, Ann Arbor, MI, 48109-0582, USA
- SO International Journal of Radiation Oncology, Biology, Physics ( 1991), 20(2), 377-81 CODEN: IOBPD3; ISSN: 0360-3016
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 6 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI Effect of dipyridamole on fluorodeoxyuridine cytotoxicity in vitro and in cancer patients
- Dipyridamole (DP) in combination with fluorodeoxyuridine (FUDR) was studied in human colorectal cancer. Using a human colony-forming assay,

0.05 MM DP increased the cytotoxicity of FUDR 33.5-fold against human colon cancer cell lines. The mechanism of the DP-enhanced antitumor activity of FUDR may be related to a profound inhibition by DP of thymidine accumulation in and FUDR efflux from colon cancer cells. Patients with metastatic colon cancer given 0.1 mg FUDR/kg daily for 14 days and 75 mg oral DP 5-times daily for 14 days starting on the 3rd day of continuous i.v. FUDR infusion. The pharmacokinetics of DP showed that 98% of total serum DP was protein-bound and that free DP levels were lower than the concns. necessary for the expected in vitro DP/FUDR modulation. The treatment was well tolerated. The relatively low clin. response rate (15%) was similar to that achieved with FUDR alone and may be explained by the low steady-state plasma concns. of free DP. Other means of DP administration may be required to achieve free DP concns. necessary for successful biochem. modulation of FUDR activity in patients.

- AN 1991:156699 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 114:156699
- TI Effect of dipyridamole on fluorodeoxyuridine cytotoxicity in vitro and in cancer patients
- AU Buzaid, Antonio C.; Alberts, David S.; Einspahr, Janine; Mosley, Kurt; Peng, Yei Mei; Tutsch, Kendra; Spears, Collin P.; Garewal, Harinder S.
- CS Sch. Med., Yale Univ., New Haven, CT, 06510, USA SO Cancer Chemotherapy and Pharmacology (1989), 25(2), 124-30 CODEN: CCPHDZ, ISSN: 0344-5704
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 7 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
  - I 5-Hexy1-2'-deoxyuridine blocks the cytotoxic effects of
- 5-fluorodeoxvuridine or deoxvadenosine in leukemia L1210 cells in culture AB Antitumor agents which block the de novo synthesis of nucleotides can be circumvented by the presence of salvage pathways for the reutilization of nucleobases and nucleosides. Studies have been carried out which show that 5-hexyl-2'-deoxyuridine (HdUrd) effectively blocks the cytotoxic effects of deoxyadenosine and fluorodeoxyuridine in L1210 cells. Although HdUrd (500 µM) had essentially no effect on the growth of L1210 cells in culture, the total uptake of [14C]cytidine into these cells was inhibited 99% by this concentration of HdUrd. The inhibitory effects of fluorodeoxyuridine (FdUrd) and deoxyadenosine could be completely prevented by the presence of HdUrd (200 µM). The growth inhibitory effects of fluorouracil were not prevented by HdUrd. Dipyridamole prevented the inhibition of L1210 cell growth by FdUrd but not by deoxyadenosine or fluorouracil. 5-Isopropyl-, 5-pentyl-, and 5-octyldeoxyuridine were not effective in preventing the cytotoxic effects of deoxyadenosine. The data suggest that HdUrd might be useful in blocking the salvage of nucleosides, thereby potentiating the effects of inhibitors of de novo nucleotide synthesis.
- AN 1990:544979 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 113:144979
- TI 5-Hexyl-2'-deoxyuridine blocks the cytotoxic effects of
- 5-fluorodeoxyuridine or deoxyadenosine in leukemia L1210 cells in culture AU Corv. Joseph G.: Hallev. Mary C.: Jenev. Andras: Lapis. Karoly
- AU Cory, Joseph G.; Halley, Mary C.; Jeney, Andras; Lapis, Karoly CS Coll. Med., Univ. South Florida, Tampa, FL, 33612, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1990), 50(15), 4552-6
- CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 8 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI DNA formation inhibitors for treating cutaneous hyperproliferative disorders
- AB Synergistic topical drugs for the treatment of psoriasis and other

hyperproliferative skin diseases comprise inhibitor(s) of the de novo pathway of DNA synthesis and inhibitor(s) of the salvage pathway of DNA synthesis. A composition comprising 0.5 µm 5-fluorouracil and 1 µm dipyramidole synergistically inhibited cell proliferation in a culture of human neonatal foreskin keratinocytes.

AN 1990:526628 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 113:126628

- TI DNA formation inhibitors for treating cutaneous hyperproliferative disorders
- IN Milstone, Leonard M.; Schwartz, Pauline M.
- PA Yale University, USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 21 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2 DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE		
PI	WO 8910122 W: AU, JP, KR	A1 19891102	WO 1989-US1767	19890426 <		
PRAI		DE, FR, GB, IT, A 19891124 A 19930907 A 19940705 A 19880427 A 19890426 B1 19900712	AU 1989-35540	19890426 < 19911128 < 19930616 <		
	US 1991-783560	A3 19911128	<			

- L28 ANSWER 9 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Potentiation by dipyridamole of 5-fluorouridine antitumor activity against a rat adenocarcinoma in vivo
- AB Rats were inoculated s.c. into both flanks with a transplantable adenocarcinoma of the colon. They were treated i.v. with either 5-fluorouridine (I) or 5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine (II) with or without addition of dipyridamole 20 and 30 min later, resp., for 3 consecutive days. Dipyridamole improved the antitumor activity of I but decreased that of
- AN 1990:470813 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 113:70813
- TI Potentiation by dipyridamole of 5-fluorouridine antitumor activity against a rat adenocarcinoma in vivo
- AU El Hag, Imad Abdien; Roos, Gunnel; Joensson, Per Ebbe; Stenram, Unne
- CS Dep. Pathol., Univ. Hosp., Lund, S-221 85, Swed.
- SO Anticancer Research (1990), 10(1), 29-32
- CODEN: ANTRD4; ISSN: 0250-7005
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 10 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI 5-Fluoropyrimidine-induced DNA damage in human colon adenocarcinoma and its augmentation by the nucleoside transport inhibitor dipyridamole
- AB 5-Fluorouracil and 5-fluorodeoxyuridine induce DNA lesions via 2 different mechanisms, one involving and the other not involving the incorporation of drug into DNA. With use of the title cells, it is shown here that dipyridamole augments the levels of DNA fragmentation when the lesions are induced by the mechanism not involving the incorporation of drug. In parallel, cytotoxicity is increased.
- AN 1989:128224 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 110:128224
- TI 5-Fluoropyrimidine-induced DNA damage in human colon adenocarcinoma and

its augmentation by the nucleoside transport inhibitor dipyridamole

- AU Loenn, Ulf; Loenn, Sigrid; Nylen, Urban; Winblad, Gerard
- CS Radiumhemmet, Karolinska Hosp., Stockholm, S-104 01, Swed. SO Cancer Research (1989), 49(5), 1085-9
- CODEN: CNREA8: ISSN: 0008-5472
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L28 ANSWER 11 OF 11 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Alteration of fluorouracil metabolism in human colon cancer cells by dipyridamole with a selective increase in fluorodeoxyuridine monophosphate levels
- AB The nucleoside transport inhibitor dipyridamole [58-32-2] can increase the cytotoxicity of 5-fluorouracil in a human colon cancer cell line (HCT 116) without affecting the total amount of fluorouracil incorporated into the acid soluble and insol. fractions. Dipyridamole altered the pattern of fluorouracil [51-21-8] metabolism and provided a selective increase in intracellular fluorodeoxyuridine monophosphate (FdUMP) [134-46-3] levels. At 2 and 4 h after exposure to fluorouracil and dipyridamole, FdUMP levels were approx. 5-fold higher in the presence of dipyridamole. The ratio of FdUMP to fluorouridine triphosphate [3828-96-4] at 4 h was substantially increased in the presence of dipyridamole compared to fluorouracil alone. In cells preloaded with fluorodeoxyuridine (FdUrd) [50-91-9], dipyridamole potently inhibited the efflux of FdUrd, leading to an increased retention of intracellular FdUMP. One h following removal of [6-3H]FdUrd, the FdUMP levels were increased 8-fold in the presence of dipyridamole, and the half-life of intracellular FdUMP was increased from 24 to 78 min. It was previously shown that the addition of sufficient thymidine (25 µM) can prevent the augmentation of fluorouracil toxicity produced by dipyridamole. In these studies, the addition of 25 µM thymidine reduced the FdUMP levels to less than half of those measured in the presence of fluorouracil plus dipyridamole for the first 8 h of exposure, and reduced the FdUMP levels to 6% of the FdUMP levels seen with fluorouracil and dipyridamole after 24 h of exposure. Thymidine prevented the enhanced intracellular retention of FdUMP produced by dipyridamole in cells preloaded with FdUrd. In addition, thymidine inhibited the accumulation of FdUMP in cells exposed to FUrd. In cancer cells which significantly catabolize FdUMP, the ability of dipyridamole to block the efflux of FdUrd may provide an effective means of selectively increasing FdUMP levels and enhancing the toxicity of fluorouracil. Furthermore, dipyridamole blocked the efflux of deoxyuridine and prolonged the intracellular half-life of deoxyuridine monophosphate. In cells prelabeled with [2'-3H]dUrd, transfer of tritium to FdUrd and FdUMP occurred in cells exposed to fluorouracil and dipyridamole. These data suggest that blockade of nucleoside efflux can enhance the availability of deoxyribose-1-phosphate donors for the synthesis of FdUrd. Thus, dipyridamole's ability to inhibit nucleoside transport can perturb the metabolism of a nucleobase, fluorouracil.
- AN 1987:43581 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 106:43581
- OREF 106:7097a,7100a
- 7I Alteration of fluorouracil metabolism in human colon cancer cells by dipyridamole with a selective increase in fluorodeoxyuridine monophosphate levels
- AU Grem, Jean L.; Fischer, Paul H.
- CS Clin. Cancer Cent., Univ. Wisconsin, Madison, WI, 53792, USA
- SO Cancer Research (1986), 46(12, Pt. 1), 6191-9 CODEN: CNREA8; ISSN: 0008-5472
- CODEN: CNREAO; 15
- DT Journal
- LA English

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http://www.cas.org/support/stngen/stndoc/properties.html
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                 AZSL/CN
E3
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                 AZT 5'-MONOPHOSPHATE/CN
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E7
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                 AZT DIPHOSPHATE/CN
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E12
                 AZTEC/CN
=> s E4
L29
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=> d 129
L29 ANSWER 1 OF 1 REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
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RN
ED
    Entered STN: 16 Nov 1984
    Thymidine, 3'-azido-3'-deoxy- (CA INDEX NAME)
OTHER NAMES:
CN 3'-Azido-3'-deoxythymidine
CN
   3'-Azidothymidine
CN 3'-Deoxy-3'-azidothymidine
CN 3-Azido-3-deoxythymidine
CN Azidothymidine
CN Azitidin
CN
    AZT
CN AZT (pharmaceutical)
CN BW-A 509U
CN Compound S
CN NSC 602670
CN Retrovir
CN Retrovir IV
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       IFIUDB, IMSCOSEARCH, IMSDRUGNEWS, IMSPATENTS, IMSPRODUCT, IMSRESEARCH,
       IPA, MEDLINE, MRCK*, MSDS-OHS, PATDPASPC, PHAR, PIRA, PROMT, PROUSDDR,
       PS, RTECS*, SCISEARCH, SPECINFO, SYNTHLINE, TOXCENTER, ULIDAT, USAN,
      USPAT2, USPATFULL, VETU
        (*File contains numerically searchable property data)
     Other Sources:
                    DSL**, WHO
         (**Enter CHEMLIST File for up-to-date regulatory information)
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Absolute stereochemistry. Rotation (+).

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**PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT**
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6573 REFERENCES IN FILE CA (1907 TO DATE)
208 REFERENCES TO NON-SPECIFIC DERIVATIVES IN FILE CA
6582 REFERENCES IN FILE CAPLUS (1907 TO DATE)
1 REFERENCES IN FILE CAOLD (PRIOR TO 1967)
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E5
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E6
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E7
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E8
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5-ETHYL-2-FLUOROPHENOL/CN

5-ETHYL-2-FLUOROPYRIDINE/CN

E4 E5

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                  /CN
E7
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                  5-ETHYL-3, 4-DIHYDROPYRIDINE/CN
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E12
            1
                  5-ETHYL-3, 4-DIMETHYL-2(5H)-FURANONE/CN
=> exp 5-ethyl-2'/cn
MISMATCHED QUOTE IN EXPAND TERM
Quotation marks (or apostrophes) must be used in pairs,
one before and one after the expression you are setting
off or masking.
=> s dideoxyuridine/cn
            0 DIDEOXYURIDINE/CN
=> exp dideoxvuridine/cn
E1
     1 DIDEOXYRIBOSYLTHYMINE 5'-DIPHOSPHATE/CN
E2
                  DIDEOXYSERRATININE/CN
E3
            0 --> DIDEOXYURIDINE/CN
E4
            1 DIDEOXYURIDINE TRIPHOSPHATE/CN
            1 DIDEOXYZEARALANE/CN
1 DIDEFIL/CN
1 DIDERROŚIDE/CN
1 DIDERROŚIDE/CN
1 DIDESAMIDINODIHYDROSTREPTOMYCIN/CN
E5
E6
E7
E8
                 DIDESETHYLFLURAZEPAM/CN
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DIDESGALLOYLOOLONGHOMOBISFLAVAN A/CN
E10
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E11
E12
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=> file stnguide
COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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                                                                TOTAL
                                                       ENTRY SESSION
FULL ESTIMATED COST
                                                       19.29
                                                                481.11
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DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR OUALIFYING ACCOUNTS)
                                                       ENTRY SESSION
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CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE
                                                                 -56.80
FILE 'STNGUIDE' ENTERED AT 13:36:32 ON 24 MAR 2008
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=> file hcaplus

DISCOUNT AMOUNTS (FOR QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS) SINCE FILE TOTAL

CA SUBSCRIBER PRICE ENTRY SESSION 0.00 -56.80

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 24 Mar 2008 VOL 148 ISS 13 FILE LAST UPDATED: 23 Mar 2008 (20080323/ED)

New CAS Information Use Policies, enter HELP USAGETERMS for details.

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s 129 or 130 or dideoxyuridine

6582 L29 1995 L30

360 DIDEOXYURIDINE

.32 7325 L29 OR L30 OR DIDEOXYURIDINE

=> s 132 and (L1 or L2 or L5)

220 L1 10 L2 215 L5

.33 23 L32 AND (L1 OR L2 OR L5)

=> s 133 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991)

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L34 9 L33 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991)

=> file stnguide

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 2.69 483.92

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FILE CONTAINS CURRENT INFORMATION.
LAST RELOADED: Mar 21, 2008 (20080321/UP).

=> d 134 1-9 ti abs bib

YOU HAVE REQUESTED DATA FROM FILE 'HCAPLUS' - CONTINUE? (Y) /N:y

L34 ANSWER 1 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 131:281604
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 13

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	US 5583117	A	19961210	US 1993-140475	19931025 <
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	US 5770582	A	19980623	US 1995-419767	19950410 <

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EP 831849 A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461
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JP 2003201240 A 20030718 JP 2003-721
EP 1491201 A1 20041229 EP 2004-23557
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AU	1995-29150	A3	19950630
EP	1996-918461	A3	19960606
JP	1997-502184	A3	19960606
WO	1996-US10067	W	19960606
HK	1998-111095	A3	19981003
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US	2000-494242	A3	20000131
AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223
JP	2005-380457	A3	20051228

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L34 ANSWER 2 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported.
- AN 1998:236253 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> 128:266247
- TI
- Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. SO. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent

DN

LA English FAN.CNT 13

	PA:	TENT NO.		KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US	5736531		A	19980407	US 1993-176485	19931230 <
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AU 2002-320811 A3 20021223
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MARPAR 128.2666247
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OS MARPAT 128:266247

RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L34 ANSWER 3 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TΙ Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.
- AN 1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 126:139905
- Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. TN
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English FAN.CNT 13

11111	PA:	TENT											ION:				ATE		
PT		9640															9960	606	
									BG,										
			ES,	FI,	GB,	GE,	HU,	IL,	IS,	JP,	KE,	KG,	KP,	KR,	KZ,	LK,	LR,	LS,	
			LT,	LU,	LV,	MD,	MG,	MK,	MN,	MW,	MX,	NO,	NZ,	PL,	PT,	RO,	RU,	SD,	
			SE,	SG															
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		9661									AU 1	996-	6111	4		1	9960	606	
		7248																	
	EP	8318	49			A1		1998	0401		EP 1	996-	9184	61		1	9960	606	
		R:	AT,	BE,	CH,	DE,	DK,	ES,	FR,	GB,	GR,	IT,	LI,	LU,	NL,	SE,	MC,	PT,	
					LT,														
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		9952											5262				9991		
		2002																	
		2005									AU 2	005-	2322	88		2	0051	110	
PRAI		1995		210		A		1995	0607										
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US	1987-115929	B2	19871028	<
US	1989-438493	B2	19890627	<
US	1990-487984	B2	19900205	<
US	1991-724340	B2	19910705	
US	1992-903107	B2	19920625	
IN	1992-CA473	A1	19920706	
US	1993-61381	B2	19930514	
US	1993-176485	A2	19931230	
AU	1995-29150	A3	19950630	
WO	1996-US10067	W	19960606	
AU	1999-52624	A3	19991001	
AU	2002-320811	A3	20021223	

- L34 ANSWER 4 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- ΤI 1-( $\beta$ -D-xylofuranosyl)thymine derivatives as intermediates for AZT

- AB The title compds., e.g., I, useful as intermediates for the synthesis of antiviral nucleosides, e.g., zidovudine, a HIV inhibitor and useful for the treatment of AIDS (no data), were prepared via xylofuranoses II [Q =pivaloy1; R1 = R2 = OH, or R1R2 = cyclic sulfite]. 2,4-Bis-O-(trimethylsilyl)thymine (preparation given) was fused with II [R1 = R2 = OH] (preparation given) to give, after deprotection, 1-(β-D-
- xylofuranosyl)thymine. The conversion of I to zidovudine is demonstrated. 1991:7088 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- AN
- DN 114:7088
- ΤI  $1-(\beta-D-xylofuranosyl)$ thymine derivatives as intermediates for AZT
- IN Almond, Merrick R.; Wilson, Jeffrev D.; Rideout, Janet L.
- PA USA
- SO U.S., 9 pp. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent
- LA
- English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	US 4916218	A	19900410	US 1988-204692	19880609 <
PRAI	US 1988-204692		19880609	<	

- os CASREACT 114:7088; MARPAT 114:7088
- L34 ANSWER 5 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TΙ Preparation of O2, 2'-anhydro-1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)thymine
  - derivatives as intermediates for 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (AZT)

- AB The title nucleosides (I, R1 = H, Ph3C, silyl trisubstituted by alkyl, Ph, or their combinations; R2 = H, silyl trisubstituted by alkyl, Ph, or their combinations) are prepared by cyclocondensation of 2-amino-B-D- arabinofurano[1',2',4, 5] boxazoline derivs. (II) with methacrylic acid derivs. R302CCMe:CHX (R3 = C1-4 alkyl; X = halo, OH, C1-4 alkoxy, Ph0). Thus, a suspension of 0.5 mmol II (R1 = R2 = H), 0.5 mmol Me02CCMe:CHBr (preparation given), 4-dimethylaminopyridine, and Et3N was heated 4 days at 80° to give 3 mg I (R1 = R2 = H). This was treated with HBr in CF3CO2H to give 40% 2'-bromothymidine, which was refluxed with BuSSHH and azobisisobutylronitrile in benzene to give 95% thymidine, useful as an intermediate for AZT.
- AN 1990:441229 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 113:41229
- TI Preparation of O2, 2'-anhydro-1-(β-D-arabinofuranosyl)thymine
- derivatives as intermediates for 3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine (AZT)
- IN Murtiashaw, Charles William
- PA Pfizer Inc., USA
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 13 pp. CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

PAN.	CNI I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND D	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 351126	A2 1	19900117	EP 1989-306820	19890705 <
	EP 351126	A3 1	19901024		
	EP 351126	B1 1	19950118		
	R: AT, BE, CH	DE, ES,	FR, GB, GR,	IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	US 5008384	A 1	19910416	US 1988-217906	19880712 <
	ES 2066853	T3 1	19950316	ES 1989-306820	19890705 <
	NO 8902821	A 1	19900115	NO 1989-2821	19890707 <
	CN 1039423	A 1	19900207	CN 1989-104789	19890710 <
	JP 02059598	A 1	19900228	JP 1989-177876	19890710 <
	JP 07005626	B 1	19950125		
	CA 1315776	C 1	19930406	CA 1989-605243	19890710 <
	FI 8903364	A 1	19900113	FI 1989-3364	19890711 <
	DK 8903421	A 1	19900115	DK 1989-3421	19890711 <
	HU 50843	A2 1	19900328	HU 1989-3491	19890711 <
	AU 8938020	A 1	19900426	AU 1989-38020	19890711 <
	AU 603042	B2 1	19901101		
	DD 284024	A5 1	19901031	DD 1989-330684	19890711 <
	ZA 8905259	A 1	19910227	ZA 1989-5259	19890711 <
	DD 292003	A5 1	19910718	DD 1989-337873	19890711 <

L34 ANSWER 6 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI 1-(2'-Deoxy-3',5'-O-isopropylidene-β-D-xylofuranosyl)thymine and its phenoxythiocarboxy derivative as intermediate for 3'-azido-3'deoxythymidine

AB The title compound I and its 2'-phenoxythiocarboxy derivative II are prepared A

C1CH2CH2Cl solution of SnCl4 was added dropwise to a C1CH2CH2Cl solution of teraacetylxylofuranose and bis(trimethylsilylthymine and the reaction mixture was stirred at 22° for 5 h to give 99% tri-O-acety-P-D-xylofuranosylthymine, which was refluxed 1 h with NaOMe in MeOH to give 98% 1-B-D-xylofuranosylthymine (III). A mixture of III, acetone, and p-MeC6H4SO3H was stirred at room temperature for 2 h to give 93% 1-(3',5'-O-isopropylidene-B-D-xylofuranosyl)thymine, which in MeCN was treated with PhoCSCl and 4-dimethylaminopyridine at room temperature for 2

to give II. Further treatment of II with Bu3SnH and NCCMe2N:NCMe2CN in toluene under reflux at 75° for 20 min gave 91% I.

AN 1990:77872 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 112:77872

h

TI 1-(2'-Deoxy-3',5'-O-isopropylidene-β-D-xylofuranosyl)thymine and its phenoxythiocarboxy derivative as intermediate for 3'-azido-3'deoxythymidine

IN Meguro, Hiromu; Orui, Hiroshi; Fujita, Akira

PA Hasegawa, T., Co., Ltd., Japan

SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

LA Japanese

LA Japanes

FAN.	JNT I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 01203399	A	19890816	JP 1988-27594	19880210 <
	JP 07116210	В	19951213		
PRAI	JP 1988-27594		19880210	<	

L34 ANSWER 7 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Preparation of zidovudine by improved processes not requiring thymidine

- AB  $1-(\beta-Xy)$ lofuranosyl)thymine derivs. (I; R1 = O; R2 = MeO2C; R3 = MeSO2; R4 = H, OH, OH blocking group, reduceable group; R1R4 = O; or R2R3 = 3',5'-dihydroxy blocking group; or R1 = 0, R4 = H, photochem. reduceable group) and protected AZT derivative II, were prepared as intermediates for AZT. 1,2-Di-O-acetyl-3-O-mesyl-5-O-methoxycarbonyl-D-xylofuranose and 2,4-bis(trimethylsilyl)thymine in CH2C12 were treated dropwise with SnC14 in CH2C12 and the mixture was stirred 18 h at room temperature to give 65.8%  $2'-0-acetyl-3'-0-mesyl-5'-0-methoxycarbonyl)-1\beta-D$ xylofuranosylthymine. The latter was converted to AZT in 6 steps via
- lyxofuranosylthymine. AN 1989:423914 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

2,2'-anhvdro-3'-0-mesvl-5'-0-(methoxycarbonvl)-1B-D-

- DN 111:23914
- ΤТ Preparation of zidovudine by improved processes not requiring thymidine
- TN Wilson, Jeffrey Douglas; Almond, Merrick Richard; Rideout, Janet Litster
- PA Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK
- so Eur. Pat. Appl., 23 pp.
- CODEN: EPXXDW
- Patent
- LA English

FAN.	INT I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	EP 295090	A2	19881214	EP 1988-305250	19880609 <
	EP 295090	A3	19900131		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, ES	, FR, GB, GI	R, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	DK 8803129	A	19881211	DK 1988-3129	19880609 <
	FI 8802744	A	19881211	FI 1988-2744	19880609 <
	JP 01009995	A	19890113	JP 1988-142741	19880609 <
	HU 49626	A2	19891030	HU 1988-2991	19880609 <
PRAI	GB 1987-13579	A	19870610	<	
	GB 1987-16233	A	19870710 -	<	
OS	MARPAT 111:23914				

- L34 ANSWER 8 OF 9 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation of zidovudine from xylose.
- GΙ

AB Zidovudine (3'-azido-3'-deoxythymidine), an antiviral agent (no data) is prepared via new pentofuranosylthymine intermediates I [X, Y = protecting group or XY = a bivalent protecting group; W = 0; Z = halo, or WZ = 0; or Z = mesyloxy, W = O; X = Y = Bz; Z = H, W = O, Y = mesyl, X = Bz]. I (Z = Mesyloxy) mesyloxy, W = O, X = Y = Bz), prepared in 6 steps from D-xylose and a thymine derivative, was heated with HBr in pyridine to give I (Z = Br, W = O, X = Y = Bz), which was reduced with HONH2.HCl to give I (Z = Br, W = O, X = Bz, Y = H), whose hydrogenolysis over Pd/C gave 1-(5'-O-benzoyl-2'-deoxyβ-D-threo-pentofuranosyl)thymine, which was treated with mesyl chloride in pyridine containing Et3N to give 1-(5'-O-benzoyl-3'-O-2'-deoxyβ-D-threo-pentofuranosvl)thymine. This was treated with NaN3 in DMF at 90° for 4 h to give 1-(3'-azido-5'-0-benzov1-2',3'-dodeoxvβ-D-erythro-pentofuranosyl)thymine, which was then refluxed with NaHCO3 in MeOH for 3 h to give 58% zidovudine.

1989:407758 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 111:7758

AN

AB

Preparation of zidovudine from xylose.

PA Wellcome Foundation Ltd., UK SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

Patent LA Japanese

FAN.	CNT I				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 63255295	A	19881021	JP 1988-71709	19880325 <
	DK 8801617	A	19880926	DK 1988-1617	19880324 <
	FI 8801413	A	19880926	FI 1988-1413	19880324 <
	EP 292101	A2	19881123	EP 1988-302613	19880324 <
	EP 292101	A3	19900131		
	R: AT, BE, CH,	DE, ES	, FR, GB, GR	, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE	
	HU 47593	A2	19890328	HU 1988-1506	19880324 <
	HU 199154	В	19900129		
PRAI	GB 1987-7101	A	19870325 <		
	GB 1987-12299	A	19870523 <		
OS	MARPAT 111:7758				
L3.4	ANSWER 9 OF 9 HCAP	LUS CO	PYRIGHT 2008	ACS on STN	

Synthesis of 3'-azido-2',3'-dideoxyribofuranosylpurines TI

Transglycosylation of 3'-azido-3'-deoxy-5'-O-acetylthymidine, which is readily available from thymidine, with silylated N6-octanoyladenine using

```
CF3SO3SiMe3 as a catalyst gave a mixture of \alpha and \beta (I) anomers
     of 3'-azido-2',3'-dideoxyadenosine, which is separable on a silica gel
     column. Replacement of silvlated N6-octanovladenine by silvlated
     N2-palmitoylguanine gave a mixture from which \alpha and \beta (II)
     anomers of 9-(3-azido-2,3-dideoxy-D-ribofuranosyl)guanine was isolated.
     The N-7 isomers also are obtained, but could not be separated Treatment of I
     and II with Ph3P and subsequent hydrolysis gave aminodideoxy nucleosides
     III and IV. A further simplification of this transglycosylation and its
     applicability to preparation of ribonucleosides are demonstrated.
AN
    1978:475431 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
DN 89:75431
OREF 89:11595a,11598a
TI
    Synthesis of 3'-azido-2',3'-dideoxyribofuranosylpurines
AU
    Imazawa, M.; Eckstein, F.
CS
    Abt. Chem., Max-Planck-Inst. Exp. Med., Goettingen, Fed. Rep. Ger.
SO
    Journal of Organic Chemistry (1978), 43(15), 3044-8
     CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
    Journal
DT
LA
    English
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G1:H, [\*1]

Match level :

1:Atom 2:Atom 3:Atom 4:Atom 5:Atom 6:Atom 7:CLASS 9:CLASS 10:Atom 11:Atom 12:Atom 13:Atom 14:Atom 15:CLASS 16:CLASS 17:CLASS 18:CLASS 19:CLASS 20:CLASS 21:CLASS

22:CLASS 23:CLASS 24:CLASS 25:CLASS 26:CLASS 27:CLASS 28:CLASS 29:CLASS 30:CLASS 31:CLASS

32:CLASS 33:CLASS 34:CLASS 36:CLASS 37:CLASS

## L35 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

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SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 96 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 96 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 1 ANSWERS

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE \*\*COMPLETE\*\*
PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 133 TO 250
PROJECTED ANSWERS: 1 TO 8

L36 1 SEA SSS SAM L35

=> d 136 scan

L36 1 ANSWERS REGISTRY COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN IN Cytidine, 2',3',5'-triacetate, monohydrochloride (9CI) MF C15 H19 N3 08 . C1 H

Absolute stereochemistry.

● HCl

\*\*PROPERTY DATA AVAILABLE IN THE 'PROP' FORMAT\*\*

ALL ANSWERS HAVE BEEN SCANNED

=> s 135 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 13:54:00 FILE 'REGISTRY'
FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 1990 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 1990 ITERATIONS SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01 23 ANSWERS

L37 23 SEA SSS FUL L35

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=> s 137/thu 104 L37 990856 THU/RL L38 10 L37/THU (L37 (L) THU/RL) => s 137 L39 104 L37 => s 139 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991) 13721593 PY<1991 2389086 AY<1991 1831064 PRY<1991 51 L39 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991) L40 => s 138 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991) 13721593 PY<1991 2389086 AY<1991 1831064 PRY<1991 6 L38 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991) T.41

- L41 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation of acyl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight
- AB The invention relates to the preparation of acyl derivs. of 2'-decxyadenosine, 2'-deoxyquatenosine, 2'-deoxyquatenosine, 2'-deoxytythmidine. For example, to 2'-deoxythymidine in pyridine is added an acid anhydride (e.g., acetic anhydride, lactate anhydride, butyric anhydride, etc.) and the mixture is heated to 80-85°C for 1-4 h, cooled and extracted to yield 3',5'-diacyl-2'-deoxythymidine. The invention also relates to the use of these novel acyl derive. to treat or prevent radiation, mutagen and sunlight-induced biol. damage, and methods for improving wound healing and tissue repair, comprising administering the comps. to an animal. After receiving y-ray irradiation (cobalt 60) at 7.3 Rad/min and total doses of 750 Rad, mise administered 5'-0-palmitoyl-2'-deoxyadenosine, -deoxyguanosine, -deoxycytidine, and -thymidine at 8µM/0.2µM physiol. saline 3 times daily for 4 days i.p. had 1008 survival rate at 30
- deoxyribonucleosides and saline (control).
  AN 2000:78901 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 132:93587
- TI Preparation of acyl 2'-deoxyribonucleoside derivatives for treating or preventing biological damage caused by radiation, mutagens, or sunlight

days vs. 80% and 0% for the corresponding 3',5'-di-O-acetyl-2'-

- IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 23 pp., Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 149,469, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

FAN.CNT 13

FAN.CNT 13				
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI US 6020322	Α	20000201	US 1994-309572	19940921
IN 177670	A1	19970215	IN 1994-CA701	19940902
US 6103701	A	20000815	US 1995-470027	19950606 <
US 6297222	B1	20011002	US 1995-466379	19950606 <
US 6306834	B1	20011023	US 1995-479516	19950607 <
AU 9952624	A	19991202	AU 1999-52624	19991001
US 7169765	B1	20070130	US 2000-494243	20000131 <
AU 2002320811	A1	20030403	AU 2002-320811	20021223
AU 2005232288	A1	20051201	AU 2005-232288	20051110
PRAI US 1993-149469	B1	19931109		
US 1987-115923	B2	19871028	<	
WO 1988-US3824	W	19881027	<	
US 1990-487984	В3	19900205	<	
IN 1992-CA473	A1	19920706		
US 1994-309572	A3	19940921		
AU 1995-29150	A3	19950630		
AU 1999-52624	A3	19991001		
AU 2002-320811	A3	20021223		
OS MARPAT 132:93587				

RE.CNT 67 THERE ARE 67 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L41 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents.

Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.

AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 131:281604

 ${\tt TI}$   $\;\;$  Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U. S. Ser. 176,485.

CODEN: USXXAM

DT Patent LA English

FAN.	CNT	13																	
	PA:	TENT I	NO.			KIN	)	DATE		A	PPL	ICAT	ION	NO.		Di	ATE		
ΡI	US	5968: 7126: 7126:	914			А		1999	1019	U	S 1	995-	4722	10		1	950	607	<
	EP	7126	29			A1		1996	0522	E	P 1	995-	2030	50		1	9881	027	<
	EP	7126	29			B1		2003	0618										
		R:	AT.	BE,	CH.	DE,	FR.	GB,	IT.	LI.	LU.	NL.	SE						
	JP	7126. R: 1000. 34744 2001. 2111. 25044 25046 5246 5246 5770. 6316 6060. 6368 6320. 6368 6320. 6348 6320.	1436			A		1998	0106	J	P 1	997-	3673	4		15	881	027	<
	JP	3474	073			B2		2003	1208										
	JP	2001	1923	35		A		2001	0717	J	P 2	000-	3795	24		1	9881	027	<
	CA	2111	571			A1		1993	0121	С	A 1	992-	2111	571		1:	9920	625	
	CA	2111	571			С		2005	0823										
	CA	2504	078			A1		1993	0121	С	A 1	992-	2504	078		1	9920	625	
	CA	2504	078			C		2007	0828										
	ES	2160	579			Т3		2001	1116	E	S 1	992-	9142	15		1	9920	625	
	ZA	9204	975			A		1993	0428	Z	A 1	992-	4975			1:	9920	703	
	IN	1756	88			A1		1995	0812	I	N 1	992-	CA47	3		1	9920	706	
	US	5246	708			A		1993	0921	U	S 1	992-	9113	79		1	9920	713	<
	US	5470	838			A		1995	1128	U	IS 1	992-	9976	57		1	9921:	230	<
	US	5583	117			A		1996	1210	U	S 1	993-	1404	75		1	9931	025	<
	US	6020	320			A		2000	0201	U	S 1	993-	1531	63		1	9931	117	<
	US	5736	531			A		1998	0407	U	IS 1	993-	1764	85		1:	9931:	230	<
	IN	1776	70			A1		1997	0215	I	N 1	994-	CA70	1		1	9940	902	
	US	5770	582			A		1998	0623	U	S 1	995-	4197	67		1	9950	410	<
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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L41 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported. AN 1998:236253 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN
  - 128:266247
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA
- SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent
- English
- FAN CMT 13

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           OS MARPAT 128:266247
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ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L41 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

RE.CNT 34

Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with TI acvlated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 126:139905

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

APPLICATION NO.

DATE

IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.

KIND DATE

- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 13 PATENT NO.

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- L41 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Preparation and therapeutic used of acylated uridine and cytidine.

GI

AB Acylated pyrimidine nucleosides [I; B = Q where R4 = H; R1, R2, R3 = acyl residue of C5-22 unbranched fatty acid, amino acids (e.g. glycine, L-alanine, and L-lysine), C3-22 dicarboxylic acids, carboxylic acids (e.g. glycolic acid, pyruvic acid, and lactic acid)) (II) and I (B = Q; R1 - R3 = H, acyl radical of a metabolite; R4 = acyl radical of a metabolite] (III) and therapeutic uses of I (B = Q, Q1), e.g. for treating hepatopathies, diabetes, and heart disease, are described. In general, 2',3',5'-tri-O-acyluridines were prepared by heating a solution of 1 g uridine and 3.1 molar equivalent acid anhydride (e.g., Ac20 or butyric anhydride) in anhydrous pyridine at 80-85° for 2 h. A mixture of 2',3',5'-tri-O-acetylcytidine (IV) and -uridine(V) at 590 mg/kg of each administered to rats immediately after, and 1 and 20 h after aorta constriction and administration of isoproterenol (5 mg/kg) significantly restored myocardial performance.

AN 1989:595338 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 111:195338

I Preparation and therapeutic used of acylated uridine and cytidine.

IN Von Borstel, Reid Warren; Bamat, Michael Kevin

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 69 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English

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os	MARPAT 111:195338					

L41 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Reactions of 2-acyloxyisobutyryl halides with nucleosides. 8. Synthesis and biological evaluation of some 3'-acyl and 3',5'-diacyl derivatives of 1-B-D-arabinofuranosylcytosine

GI

AB A series of 37 3'-O-acyl (I; R = H, Rl = acyl) and 3',5'-di-O-acyl (I; R = Rl ; acyl) derivs. of 1- $\beta$ -D-arabinofuranosylcytosine (I, R = Rl = H)(araC) [147-94-4] with saturated or unsatd. ester groups containing 2-22 C atoms

were prepared by hydrolytic cleavage of the corresponding 2,2'-anhydro derivs. (II). Three 5'-O-acyl derivs. (I; R = acyl, R1 = H) were prepared by reaction of araC-HCl [69-74-9] with the appropriate acyl chloride. All I showed cytotoxicity against HeLa cells comparable to araC with the exception of very long chain saturated and unsatd. esters. The 3'-monoesters were more active against Vaccinia and Herpes viruses than the diesters, with the C8-C12 3'-monoesters having activity comparable to araC. Against L1210 leukemia in mice the long chain mono- and diester derivs. had high activity with many long-term survivors.

AN 1976:144569 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 84:144569

OREF 84:23421a,23424a

Reactions of 2-acyloxyisobutyryl halides with nucleosides. 8. Synthesis and biological evaluation of some 3'-acyl and 3',5'-diacyl derivatives of  $1-\beta-D$ -arabinofuranosylcytosine

AU Hamamura, Ernest K.; Prystasz, Miroslav; Verheyden, Julien P. H.; Moffatt, John G.; Yamaguchi, Kenji; Uchida, Naomi; Sato, Kosaburo; Nomura, Akio; Shiratori, Osamu; et al.

Inst. Mol. Biol., Syntex Res., Palo Alto, CA, USA

SO Journal of Medicinal Chemistry (1976), 19(5), 667-74 CODEN: JMCMAR; ISSN: 0022-2623 Journal

LA

English

=> s 140 and 125 2676 L25

7 L40 AND L25 1.42

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L42 ANSWER 1 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides

AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.

AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 131:281604

Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides

IN Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K.

PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485.

CODEN: USXXAM Patent

LA English FAN.CNT 13

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A1 19980401 EP 1996-918461
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JP 2003201240 A 20030718 JP 2003-721
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RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L42 ANSWER 2 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported. 1998:236253 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- AN
- DN 128:266247
- TΙ Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. IN
- Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA
- U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- Patent
- LA English
- FAN CNT 13

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OS MARPAT 128:266247
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RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L42 ANSWER 3 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN

TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides

Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and AB prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.

1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN

DN 126:139905

- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with acvlated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA

SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp. CODEN: PIXXD2

DT Patent

LA English FAN.CNT 13

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		1987-115929		B2		19871	028	<								
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		1992-CA473				19920										
		1993-61381		B2		19930										
	US	1993-176485	j .	A2		19931	230									
	AU	1995-29150		A3		19950	630									
		1996-US1006		M		19960										
	AU	1999-52624		A3		19991	001									
	AU	2002-320811		A3		20021	223									

- L42 ANSWER 4 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Analogs of nucleosides. XL. Inhibition of nucleic acid synthesis in L1210 cells by nucleoside analogs
- AB The inhibitory activity of a series of pyrimidine nucleoside analogs on DNA and RNA formation was determined in L1210 cells. The structure-activity relations are discussed, especially with regard to the 5-fluorouracil and arabinosylcytosine derivs. The 5'-chloro derivs. appeared to be the most potent inhibitors of nucleic acid synthesis. The use of these assays in screening for anticancer agents is discussed.
- AN 1985:89680 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 102:89680
- OREF 102:13935a,13938a
- TI Analogs of nucleosides. XL. Inhibition of nucleic acid synthesis in L1210 cells by nucleoside analogs
- AU Beranek, Jiri; Acton, Edward M.
- CS Inst. Org. Chem. Biochem., Czech. Acad. Sci., Prague, 166 10/6, Czech.
- SO Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications (1984), 49(11), 2551-6
  - CODEN: CCCCAK; ISSN: 0366-547X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- L42 ANSWER 5 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Analogs of nucleosides. XXXIX. Growth inhibition of Escherichia coli B by nucleoside analogs
- AB The min. inhibitory concns. (MIC) for E. coli were determined for 6-aza analogs of pyrimidine nucleosides and their precursors as well as analogs of 5-fluorouracil and arabinosylcytosine. The highest antibacterial activities were by the 5-fluorouracil nucleosides. Two of the most active compds. (5-fluoro-2'-deoxyuridine and 5-fluorouridine) were cleaved >30% to 5-fluorouracil. The MICs for the arabinosylcytosine derivs. were in all cases >1000 us/mL.
- AN 1983:536770 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 99:136770
- OREF 99:20977a,20980a
- TI Analogs of nucleosides. XXXIX. Growth inhibition of Escherichia coli B by nucleoside analogs

- AU Bartova, Markyta; Ryba, Milos; Jedlickova, Zdena; Novotny, Ladislav; Hrebabecky, Hubert; Beranek, Jiri
- CS Inst. Org. Chem. Biochem., Czech. Acad. Sci., Prague, 166 10, Czech. SO Collection of Czechoslovak Chemical Communications (1983), 48(7), 2088-95
  - CODEN: CCCCAK; ISSN: 0366-547X
- DT Journal
- LA English

GΙ

- L42 ANSWER 6 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI 5-Fluorouracil derivatives

- AB Cytosine derivs. I (R = H, sugar residue; R1 = H) were treated with FOSO2F to give I (R = H, sugar, R1 = F). Thus, FOSO2F was added to an aqueous solution
- of 1.11 g cytosine for 75 min and the reaction mixture adjusted to pH 8.0 and then heated at 80° for 3 h to give 1.14 g I (R = H, Rl = F) . Six more I (Rl = F) were prepared similarly.
- AN 1978:121665 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 88:121665
- OREF 88:19113a,19116a
- TI 5-Fluorouracil derivatives
- IN Suzuki, Nobuyuki; Wakabayashi, Mikio; Sowa, Tsuneo; Misaki, Susumu; Ishii, Sadame
- PA Asahi Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan; Daikin Kogyo Co., Ltd.
- 50 Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp. CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI	JP 52108990	A	19770912	JP 1976-26329	19760311 <
	JP 54022990	В	19790810		
PRAI	JP 1976-26329	A	19760311	<	

- L42 ANSWER 7 OF 7 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI In vitro effect of a variety of biologically active compounds on human cytomegalovirus
- AB In anticytomegalovirus expts. carried out on 38 classes of compds. containing 320 materials of known or potential biol. activity, 30 compds. were markedly active against the virus. These were the amino acid antagonists aminopterin [54-62-6] and N-[3,5-dichloro-4-(2,4-diamino-6-pteridinyl-methylmnthylamino)benzoyl]glutamic acid [528-74-5]; the unsubstituted lactone, camptothecin [7689-03-4]; 10 purine analogs, including 8 thiopurines, 9-β-D-arabinofuranosyladenine [5536-17-4], and purine-6-carboxaldehyde thiosemicarbazone [6824-10-8]; 13 pyrimidine analogs; and 4 aldehyde thiosemicarbazones. All expts. were carried out in tubes using WI-38 cells with the test compds. added within minutes

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after the virus and then at addnl. times in medium changes 2 and 4 days
     later. Antiviral activity was determined by microscopic demonstration of
    inhibition of viral cytopathogenic effects.
    1972:443717 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
AN
    77:43717
DN
OREF 77:7223a,7226a
TI In vitro effect of a variety of biologically active compounds on human
    cytomegalovirus
AU Sidwell, R. W.; Arnett, G.; Schabel, F. M., Jr.
CS South Res. Inst., Birmingham, AL, USA
SO Chemotherapy (Basel, Switzerland) (1972), 17(4), 259-82
    CODEN: CHTHBK: ISSN: 0009-3157
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LA.
   English
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- L43 ANSWER 1 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB Compds., compns., and methods are disclosed for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of nonmethylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds, are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy.
- AN 1999:670113 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 131:281604 TT Treatment of chemotherapeutic agent and antiviral agent toxicity
- with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides Von Borstel, Reid; Bamat, Michael K. IN
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 31 pp., Cont.-in-part U.S. Ser. 176,485. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

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	US 7307166	B1	20071211	US 1995-463771	19950605 <
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JP	2005-380457	A3	20051228

RE.CNT 30 THERE ARE 30 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L43 ANSWER 2 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compos. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported.
- AN 1998:236253 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 128:266247
  - I Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English

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RE.CNT 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD

## ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L43 ANSWER 3 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral
- agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides AB Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and
- prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil. Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of
  - 5-fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse effects of e.g. AZT is also described.
- AN 1997:141015 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 126:139905
- TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral
- agents with acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides IN Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
- Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA PA
- SO PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
- CODEN: PIXXD2
- DT Patent
- English LA
- FAN.CNT 13

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- L43 ANSWER 4 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Intravenous infusion to male and female dogs cytosine arabinoside hydrochloride (Ara-C, cytostine arabinoside triacetate (Ara-C triacetate), and uracil arabinoside hydrochloride (Ara-U)
- AB An investigation was undertaken to develop information as to the optimum i.v. dose scheduling for Ara-C. The principal study involved the continuous i.v. administration of Ara-C to dogs to evaluate the toxicity when the total dose and duration of dose were varied. In addition the toxicity of Ara-C was investigated following split doses or repeated i.v. administration. For comparative purposes the toxicity of cytosine arabinoside triacetate and uracil arabinoside hydrochloride (Ara-C triacetate and Ara-U, resp.) were investigated in limited studies following a single continuous i.v. infusion. In each investigation the criteria of effect evaluated were appearance, behavior, body weight, survival, hematologic and biochem. parameters, and gross and microscopic pathology.
- AN 1969:500275 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 71:100275
- OREF 71:18671a,18674a
- II Intravenous infusion to male and female dogs cytosine arabinoside hydrochloride (Ara-C, cytostine arabinoside triacetate (Ara-C triacetate), and uracil arabinoside hydrochloride (Ara-U)
- AU Feinman, Howard; Tusing, Thomas W.; Homan, Elton R.; Rall, David P.
- CS Hazelton Lab., Inc., Falls Church, VA, USA SO U.S. Clearinghouse Fed. Sci. Tech. Inform.
- SO U.S. Clearinghouse Fed. Sci. Tech. Inform., PB Rep. (1968), PB-184213, 162 pp. Avail.: CFSTI From: U. S. Govt. Res. Develop. Rep. 1969, 69(15), 57 CODEN: XCCRAO
- DT Report
- LA English
- L43 ANSWER 5 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Repeated intravenous administration of cytosine arabinoside triacetate to beagle dogs
- AB Two beagle dogs, 1 male and 1 female, received daily i.v. doses of 50 mg./kg. of cytosine arabinoside triacetate for 15 consecutive days.

  Depression, elevation of body temperature, vomiting and (or) diarrhea, and weight
  - loss were observed immediately following completion of the 15-day dose regime. The male dog died 4 days following completion of administration. The results of hemograms of both dogs indicated decreases in cell volume and Hb, and marked decreases in platelet and white blood cell counts. Both dogs showed elevated alkaline phosphatase values. The drug produced severe bone marrow suppression in both dogs, with evidence of recovery of the marrow in the dog that survived.
- AN 1969:105039 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- DN 70:105039
- OREF 70:19603a,19606a
- TI Repeated intravenous administration of cytosine arabinoside triacetate to beagle dogs
- AU Feinman, Howard; Tusing, Thomas W.; Homan, Elton R.; Rall, David P.
- CS Hazleton Lab., Inc., Falls Church, VA, USA
- SO U.S. Clearinghouse Fed. Sci. Tech. Inform., PB Rep. (1967), PB-180019, 16 pp. Avail.: CFSTI From: U. S. Govt. Res. Develop. Rep. 1969, 69(1), 50
- CODEN: XCCRAO DT Report
- LA English
- un ungiion
- L43 ANSWER 6 OF 6 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TI Acute oral administration of cytosine arabinoside triacetate to male

albino rats and male and female rhesus monkeys

AB The acute toxicity of the title compound (I) was evaluated following single oral administration in male rats and in male and female rhesus monkeys. Me cellulose suspensions of I were prepared at concns. ranging from 400 to 500 mg./ml. and administered by stomach tube. Single oral doses of I to male rats at levels ranging from 1000 to 5010 mg./kg. of body weight produced no signs of toxicity and no deaths occurred. The acute oral LD50 was therefore estimated as >>010 mg./kg. Single oral doses of 500, 1500, 3000, and 4500 mg./kg. were administered to rhesus monkeys using 1 male and 1 female animal/level. Vomiting occurred in each animal at each level during the first 24 hrs. Diarrhea occurred in each animal at teach level during the first 24 hrs. Diarrhea occurred in each animal at the 3 higher dose levels at some interval during the first 3 days following I administration. Except for gastrointestinal effects the animals generally exhibited normal appearance, behavior, appetite, and maintained or gained weight during 6

weeks. Clin. laboratory studies revealed no marked alterations in the hemograms

of the monkeys during the post-dose observation period. Slight to moderate increase for serum glutamic-oxalacetic transaminase occurred in 1 or both monkeys at each dose level during the observation period. Serum glutamic-pyruvic transaminase, fasting blood sugar, blood urea N, and alkaline phosphatase values remained within normal ranges. Gross necropsy of rats and monkeys at termination of the observation period revealed no evidence of gross pathologic changes that could be attributed to I administration.

AN 1967:481007 CAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>

DN 67:81007

OREF 67:15243a,15246a

I Acute oral administration of cytosine arabinoside triacetate to male albino rats and male and female rhesus monkeys

AU Feinman, Howard; Tusing, Thomas W.; Homan, Elton R.; Rall, David P.

CS Hazleton Labs., Inc., Falls Church, VA, USA

SO U. S. C. F. S. T. I., PB Rep. (1966), 173981, 13 pp. Avail.: CFSTI

From: U.S. Govt. Res. Develop. Rep. 1967, 67(7), 32 CODEN: XCCRAO

DT Report

LA English

=> s triactyluridine or ethoxycarbonyluridine or triacetylcytidine or diasetylceoxycytidine)

UNMATCHED RIGHT PARENTHESIS 'XYCYTIDINE)'

The number of right parentheses in a query must be equal to the number of left parentheses.

=> s fluorouracil

L44 20910 FLUOROURACIL

=> s 144 and 145

L45 NOT FOUND

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## => file stnguide

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FULL ESTIMATED COST	2.69	778.02
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This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

=> s triactyluridine or ethoxycarbonyluridine or triacetylcytidine or diasetylceoxycytidine

- 0 TRIACTYLURIDINE
- 3 ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE 13 TRIACETYLCYTIDINE
- 0 DIASETYLCEOXYCYTIDINE
  - 16 TRIACTYLURIDINE OR ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE OR TRIACETYLCYTIDINE
    OR DIASETYLCEOXYCYTIDINE

L45

L46 2 L44 AND L45

=> s 146 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991)

13721593 PY<1991 2389086 AY<1991 1831064 PRY<1991

L47 0 L46 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991)

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=> file hcaplus

 COST IN U.S. DOLLARS
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 TOTAL ENTRY

 FULL ESTIMATED COST
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=> s triacetyluridine or ethoxycarbonyluridine or triacetylcytidine or diacetyldeoxycytidine

- 38 TRIACETYLURIDINE
- 3 ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE
- 13 TRIACETYLCYTIDINE
- 5 DIACETYLDEOXYCYTIDINE
- L48 56 TRIACETYLURIDINE OR ETHOXYCARBONYLURIDINE OR TRIACETYLCYTIDINE OR DIACETYLDEOXYCYTIDINE

=> s 144 and 148

10 L44 AND L48 L49

=> s 149 and (PY<1991 or AY<1991 or PRY<1991)

13721593 PY<1991 2389086 AY<1991

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3 L49 AND (PY<1991 OR AY<1991 OR PRY<1991) T.50

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LAST RELOADED: Mar 21, 2008 (20080321/UP).

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- L50 ANSWER 1 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- TΙ Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acylated pyrimidine nucleosides
- AB The subject invention discloses compds., compns. and methods for treatment and prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral agents. Disclosed are acvlated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic chemotherapy. Thus, biol activity of 5-fluorouracil is reported.
- 1998:236253 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>> AN
- 128:266247 DN
- TI Compositions of chemotherapeutic agent or antiviral agent with acvlated pyrimidine nucleosides
- IN Von Borstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K. Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
- PA
- SO U.S., 26 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S. Ser. No. 61,381, abandoned. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent

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      MARPAT 128:266247
RE.CNT 34
                  THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
                   ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L50 ANSWER 2 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
TI Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with
      acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
      Compds., compns. and methods are disclosed for the treatment and
      prevention of toxicity due to chemotherapeutic agents and antiviral
      agents. Disclosed are acylated derivs. of non-methylated pyrimidine
      nucleosides. These compds. are capable of attenuating damage to the
      hematopoietic system in animals receiving antiviral or antineoplastic
      chemotherapy. Oral administration of triacetyluridine
      ameliorated the hematol. toxicity of 5-fluorouracil.
      Triacetyluridine and uridine increased the therapeutic index of 5-
      fluorouracil in tumor-bearing mice. Amelioration of the adverse
      effects of e.g. AZT is also described.
AN
     1997:141015 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
DN
     126:139905
      Methods of reducing toxicity of chemotherapeutic and antiviral agents with
      acylated non-methylated pyrimidine nucleosides
TN
      Vonborstel, Reid W.; Bamat, Michael K.
PA Pro-Neuron, Inc., USA
      PCT Int. Appl., 142 pp.
      CODEN: PIXXD2
      Patent
      English
FAN.CNT 13
       PATENT NO.
                                 KIND DATE APPLICATION NO. DATE
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      WO 9640165
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                  ES, FI, GB, GE, HU, IL, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LK, LR, LS,
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LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD,

RW: KE, LS, MW, SD, SZ, UG, AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR,

AB

TΙ

SO

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LA

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    AU 2002-320811
                     A3
                            20021223
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- L50 ANSWER 3 OF 3 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2008 ACS on STN
- Preparation of carcinostatic nucleosides of 6-acetoxv-5-fluoro-5,6dihydrouracil

- AB The title compds. (I; R = 2,3,5-tri-0-acetylribosyl, 2,3-di-0-acetyl-5deoxyribosyl, 2,3-di-O-acetyl-5-chloro-5-deoxyribosyl) were prepared as new carcinostatics (no data), by a direct fluorination of acetyluracil nucleosides with F(q) in AcOH. Thus, F(q) was introduced over 24 h into a solution of 3.7 g triacetyluridine in 200 mL AcOH, to give 4.22 g title compound I (R = 2.3.5-tri-O-acetylribosyl). Deacetylation of the latter by MeONa in MeOH gave 2.39 g 5-fluorouridine. 1991:515021 HCAPLUS <<LOGINID::20080324>>
- AN
- DN 115:115021
- Preparation of carcinostatic nucleosides of 6-acetoxy-5-fluoro-5,6dihydrouracil
- IN Beranek, Jiri; Hrebabecky, Hubert; Brokes, Josef; Novotny, Ladislav PA Czech.
- SO Czech., 3 pp. CODEN: CZXXA9
- Patent
- LA Czech FAN CNT 1

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OS	MARPAT 115:115021				